SOUTH CAROLINA PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE SAFETY ACTION PLAN

> FINAL REPORT MAY 13, 2022



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South Carolina Pedestrian and Bicycle Safety Action Plan FINAL REPORT

Prepared for:

South Carolina Department of Transportation Traffic Engineering Safety Office 955 Park Street Columbia, South Carolina

Prepared by:

Kimley-Horn 115 Fairchild Street, Suite 250 Charleston, South Carolina 29492 (843) 779-1604

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Project Team

Rob Perry, SCDOT Director of Traffic Engineering Duncan Smith, SCDOT State Traffic Safety Engineer Emily Thomas, SCDOT Traffic Safety, Project Team Leader Gene Taylor, SCDOT Traffic Safety, Project Team Leader Drew Stokes, SCDOT Traffic Safety Rick Reiff, Kimley-Horn Joe Robertson, Kimley-Horn Tony Sheppard, Kimley-Horn

Stakeholder Team

Ashley Johnson, SCDOT Traffic Operations Sam Pridgen, SCDOT Preconstruction Chad Amick, SCDOT Active Transportation Machael Peterson, SCDOT Planning Todd Anderson, SCDOT Road Data Services Jeff Terry, SCDOT Maintenance Carolyn Fisher, FHWA Traffic Safety Phil Riley, SC Department of Public Safety Lt. Bill Rhyne, SC Highway Patrol Shirley Rivers, SC DMV Lori Phillips, SC DHEC Kevin Poore, SC DHEC Emma Kennedy, SC DHEC Keith Benjamin, City of Charleston Rick Green, Upper Savannah COG Ethan Brown, Florence Area Transportation Study Kyle Kelly, Sumter Area Transportation Study Keith Brockington, Greenville-Pickens Area Transportation Study Darcy Everett, College of Charleston Pete Knudsen, Clemson University Derek Gruner, University of South Carolina Amy Johnson Ely, Palmetto Cycling Coalition Katie Zimmerman, Charleston Moves



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Executive Summary

South Carolina roadway users are among those most at risk for pedestrian and bicycle crashes across the United States. South Carolina ranks **fifth** in the nation for pedestrian fatalities based on population and from 2009 to 2019, pedestrian fatalities have increased **80%** and bicycle fatalities have more than doubled across the state. Pedestrian and bicycle fatalities comprised more than **20%** of all highway deaths in South Carolina in 2019, despite contributing to less than 1% percent of all crashes. This trend has consistently increased during the past five years as shown below.





Pedestrian and bicycle crashes are a statewide issue for both urban and rural areas, the figures below illustrate the locations of the pedestrian and bicycle fatal crashes between 2015 and 2019.



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The South Carolina Department of Transportation's (SCDOT) Pedestrian and Bicycle Safety Action Plan (PBSAP) provides a framework for focusing statewide attention on improving conditions for the most vulnerable road users: pedestrians and bicyclists. The PBSAP is intended to help SCDOT and local partners decide where to focus investments in pedestrian and bicycle safety and how to select optimal countermeasures that are appropriate based on roadway environments, policies, and behavioral programs.

Ongoing Efforts

The PBSAP enhances SCDOT's existing safety programs by serving as a reference for improving pedestrian and bicycle safety through a collaborative multidisciplinary approach. Developing the PBSAP is another step in improving safety for pedestrians and bicyclists around South Carolina, which builds upon several ongoing SCDOT efforts listed below.

- SCDOT Complete Streets Policy, Departmental Directive #28, states that the department, "requires and encourages a safe, comfortable, integrated transportation network for all users, regardless of age, ability, income, ethnicity, or mode of transportation."
- Complete Streets Council was created to "facilitate ongoing communication to seek continuous improvement opportunities and initiatives regarding complete streets."
- SCDOT Roadway Design Manual Updates, which includes a new chapter on Multimodal Transportation that provides guidance for the design of walking, biking, and transit facilities along SCDOT's right-of-way.
- SCDOT Crosswalk Implementation Guidelines, which includes consideration of midblock/uncontrolled crosswalks and additional crosswalk enhancements including highvisibility crosswalk markings, Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB), Pedestrian Hybrid Beacons (PHB), curb extensions, and raised crosswalks.

State of the Practice Review

As part of the PBSAP development, a comprehensive review of existing pedestrian and bicycle policies around South Carolina was conducted to assess the alignment of SCDOT policy with that of its partners to improve the current state of mobility and safety for vulnerable road users.

To evaluate this alignment, partner agencies throughout South Carolina were interviewed for their individual insights regarding pedestrian and bicycle safety. The Project Team led interviews with 35 groups, including groups within SCDOT Headquarters and Districts, Councils of Government (COGs), Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs), municipalities, universities, and advocacy groups. Conversations focused on identifying which strategies work well, determining where existing policies can be improved, and discussing other pedestrian and bicycle safety considerations.



A variety of themes emerged through conversations with stakeholders that indicated a positive focus geared towards pedestrian and bicycle safety across the state; however, there is a substantial amount of work that is still required.

Crash Data Analysis

A total of 759 pedestrian fatal crashes occurred during the five-year study period from 2015 to 2019. The majority of crashes occurring in urban areas involved a pedestrian struck by a vehicle while crossing the roadway at a midblock location. Alternatively, the majority of crashes occurring in rural areas involved a pedestrian struck from the front or behind while walking along the roadway.

A total of 109 bicycle fatal crashes occurred during the five-year study period from 2015 to 2019. The majority of these crashes, regardless of area type, involved a bicyclist struck while being overtaken (i.e., passed) by a motor vehicle.

When examining these crash data in relation to roadway types, the results indicated 40% of all pedestrian statewide fatal and serious injury crashes occurred on Principal Arterial roadways. However, Principal Arterial roadways make up just 8% of the state roadway system, indicating an overrepresentation in the crash data by 32%.

High-Risk Roadways

A methodology was developed to proactively determine high-risk roadways in South Carolina. The methodology considered a GIS-based screening of factors that are frequently identified as contributing factors to, or environmental/facility conditions that are common to, serious injury and fatal crashes involving pedestrians and bicycles. The methodology was focused on those criteria for which reliable statewide GIS data were available (from SCDOT and the United States Census Bureau) for this data-driven analysis and are summarized below.

- Posted Speed Limit
- Number of Lanes
- Functional Class
- Median Type
- Paved Shoulder Width
- AADT

- Area Type (Urban, Suburban, Rural)
- Population Density
- % Households in Poverty
- Existing Crash History
- Proximity to Schools
- Proximity to Alcohol Sales

The high-risk analysis considered the statewide transportation network, which includes over 50,000 roadway segments and 215,000 intersections. The top 1,000 high-risk roadways were determined and were advanced for consideration of detailed countermeasure implementation.

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Countermeasure Identification

A toolbox was developed to summarize the countermeasures that SCDOT and other agencies can implement to improve safety for pedestrians and bicyclists. Countermeasures in the toolbox were identified from literature review of state and national references and previous SCDOT non-motorized road safety audits (RSA).

The potential countermeasures were categorized based on the three disciplines of Engineering, Education, and Enforcement. It should be noted that traditional countermeasure methodology includes a fourth "E" of highway safety, Emergency Medical Services (EMS). While not specifically addressed in this plan, EMS remains an influencing factor in the outcome of traffic collisions.

- Engineering countermeasures include physical improvements to roadways, which were further categorized into the sub-categories for pedestrian crossings, bicycle facilities, intersections, and roadways.
- Education countermeasures assist by providing training and skills to walk or bike safely, including materials to educate motorists, pedestrians, and bicyclists on better safety practices, including school-age children.
- Enforcement countermeasures focus on enforcing traffic laws to increase safety. These
 include efforts for enforcing speed limits and monitoring compliance with driver and
 non-motorists behaviors.

High-Priority Location and Countermeasure Prioritization

A final list of high-priority roadways and intersections was developed from the high-crash roadway segments, high-crash intersections, and high-risk roadway segments. These locations were further considered for countermeasure evaluation. An Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO) methodology for ranking locations based upon crash frequency and severity was used to identify a list of high-priority locations. This method uses weighted societal crash costs based on the national KABCO scale for crash severity.



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The table below summarizes the total state-adjusted societal cost of South Carolina pedestrian and bicycle crashes between 2015 and 2019.

Total South Carolina Comprehensive Crash Costs (2015-2019)

Crash Severity	Total Pedestrian and Bicycle Crashes	Total Comprehensive Cost
Fatal (K)	862	\$7,751,627,234
Incapacitating Injury (A)	1,160	\$604,899,400
Non-Incapacitating Injury (B)	2,187	\$345,615,984
Possible Injury (C)	2,669	\$266,883,986
No Injury (O)	964	\$9,132,936
Total	\$8,978,159,540	

Note: Costs based upon 2016 dollars.

A countermeasure prioritization methodology was developed to provide a framework for selecting and prioritizing countermeasures from the toolbox, focusing on locations with an existing crash history and those at elevated risk for future pedestrian and bicycle crashes.



1. Introduction

The South Carolina PBSAP provides a framework for focusing statewide attention on improving conditions for the most vulnerable road users: pedestrians and bicyclists. The PBSAP lays out a vision for using a **data-driven** approach to align safety programs and infrastructure improvements with demonstrated issues.

The PBSAP is intended to help SCDOT and local partners decide where to focus investments in pedestrian and bicycle safety and how to select optimal countermeasures that are appropriate based on roadway environments, policies, and behavioral programs. The PBSAP enhances SCDOT's existing safety programs by serving as a reference for improving pedestrian and bicycle safety through a collaborative multidisciplinary approach.

1.1. Ongoing SCDOT Efforts

Developing the PBSAP is another step in improving safety for pedestrians and bicyclists around South Carolina, which builds upon several ongoing SCDOT efforts.

SCDOT Complete Streets Policy, Departmental Directive #28

info2.scdot.org/SCDOTPress/PublishingImages/DD%2028%20Complete%20Streets.pdf

SCDOT's Complete Streets Policy, Departmental Directive #28, was issued on February 4, 2021 and states that the department, "requires and encourages a safe, comfortable, integrated transportation network for all users, regardless of age, ability, income, ethnicity, or mode of transportation." A Complete Streets Council was created as part of this Departmental Directive.

SCDOT Roadway Design Manual

scdot.org/business/road-design.aspx

SCDOT updated their *Roadway Design Manual* in February 2021 to include a new chapter on Multimodal Transportation, which provides guidance for the design of walking, biking, and transit facilities along SCDOT's right-of-way.

SCDOT Crosswalk Implementation Guidelines

scdot.org/business/pdf/accessMgt/Traffic-Engineering-Guidelines/tg38.pdf

SCDOT issued new crosswalk implementation guidance, Traffic Guideline TG-38, on March 8, 2021, which includes consideration of mid-block/uncontrolled crosswalks and additional crosswalk enhancements including high-visibility crosswalk markings, RRFBs, PHBs, curb extensions, and raised crosswalks.





http://info2.scdot.org/ED/ED/ED-22.pdf

This engineering directive addresses bicycling accommodations that will be considered as part of the SCDOT annual paving improvement program.

South Carolina's Strategic Highway Safety Plan

scdot.org/performance/pdf/reports/BR1 SC SHSP Dec20 rotated.pdf

SCDOT and the South Carolina Department of Public Safety updated the state's Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP) in December 2020. Pedestrians and bicyclists remain an Emphasis Area in the updated SHSP, indicating the importance of making safety improvements in these areas. The SHSP contains a number of strategies that may be considered for efforts to reduce pedestrian and bicycle collisions.

Non-Motorized Road Safety Audits

SCDOT allocates a portion of its annual Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) federal funds to perform road safety audits (RSA) at locations identified to have a high density of pedestrian- and bicycle-involved crashes. Each year, ten to twenty locations are identified and studied by a multi-disciplinary team to identify highway safety issues and to develop an implementation plan to improve the safety of these locations.

1.2. South Carolina Crash Statistics

South Carolina roadway users are among those most at risk for pedestrian and bicycle crashes across the United States. Noteworthy South Carolina statistics are shown below.

- South Carolina ranks fifth in the nation for pedestrian fatalities based on population, approximately 69% higher than the national average.
- From 2015 to 2019, there were 5,311 pedestrian crashes resulting in 759 pedestrian fatalities and 2,490 bicycle crashes resulting in 109 bicyclist fatalities.
- From 2009 to 2019, pedestrian fatalities have increased 80% and bicycle fatalities have increased 155%.
- Pedestrian and bicycle fatalities comprised more than 20% of all highway deaths in South Carolina in 2019, despite contributing to less than 1% percent of all crashes. This trend has consistently increased during the past five years, as shown in Figure 1.



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1.3. PBSAP Report Overview

The remainder of this report is organized as follows:

Section 2 – State of the Practice Review discusses the review conducted to document the existing alignment of SCDOT and local partners on pedestrian and bicycle conditions in South Carolina.

Section 3 – Crash Data Analysis describes the various detailed crash data analyses conducted as part of the data-driven approach to the PBSAP development.

Section 4 – High-Risk Roadways discusses the proactive determination of High-Risk Roadways in South Carolina.

Section 5 – Countermeasure Identification discusses the development of the Countermeasure Toolbox for use in South Carolina.

Section 6 – Countermeasure Prioritization describes the determination of the high-priority facilities—made up of high-crash roadway segments, high-crash intersections, and high-risk roadway segments—and the countermeasure cut sheet development for some locations.



2. State of the Practice Review

As part of the PBSAP development, a comprehensive review of existing pedestrian and bicycle policies around South Carolina was conducted. The purpose of this review was to assess the alignment of SCDOT policy with that of its partners to facilitate improving the current state of mobility and safety for vulnerable road users.

To evaluate this alignment, partner agencies throughout South Carolina were interviewed for their individual insights regarding pedestrian and bicycle safety in their local jurisdiction. The Project Team led interviews with 35 groups around the state between January 7, 2021 and February 5, 2021. These interviews were scheduled with various groups within SCDOT Headquarters and Districts, COGs, MPOs, municipalities, universities, and advocacy groups. Conversations were held virtually via Microsoft Teams and focused on identifying which strategies work well, determining where existing policy can be improved, and discussing other pedestrian and bicycle safety considerations.

Table 1 summarizes the interview schedule and participants. Each discussion provided valuable insight that shaped this PBSAP and will motivate future pedestrian and bicycle safety policies across South Carolina. A variety of themes emerged through conversations with stakeholders. The themes discussed herein indicate that there is positive focus geared towards pedestrian and bicycle safety across the state; however, there is a substantial amount of work that is still required. Four major themes emerged consistently through the 35 interviews, as discussed in the following sections.

2.1. Shifting Demands of the Roadway Network

Roadway design in South Carolina has traditionally prioritized the movement of vehicular traffic, leaving pedestrian and bicycle accommodations as secondary considerations. Though more emphasis has been placed on non-motorist facilities in recent years, guidance in the SCDOT *Roadway Design Manual* and companion documents—such as AASHTO's *A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets* and the Transportation Research Board's *Highway Capacity Manual*—have historically prioritized vehicular throughput and supporting design elements.





Interview Group	Date	Interview Participants
SCDOT ADA Compliance	1/7/2021	Natalie Moore
SCDOT District 1	1/7/2021	Lori Campbell
SCDOT Road Data Services	1/7/2021	Todd Anderson
SCDOT District 3	1/8/2021	Brandon Wilson, Dana Lowry, Sean Knight
SCDOT District 5	1/8/2021	Joey Skipper
SCDOT District 6	1/8/2021	Josh Johnson
SCDOT Traffic Engineering and FHWA	1/8/2021	Carolyn Fisher, Will McConnell, Ashley Johnson, Shawn Salley
SCDOT Maintenance	1/11/2021	Jeffery Smith and David Cook
Palmetto Cycling Coalition	1/11/2021	Amy Johnson Ely
SCDOT Preconstruction	1/11/2021	Rob Bedenbaugh, Chad Amick, Sam Pridgen, Glen Bramlitt
SC Parks, Recreation, and Tourism	1/11/2021	Neal Hamilton
Catawba COG	1/12/2021	Stephen Allen
SCDHEC	1/12/2021	Lori Phillips
Appalachian COG	1/13/2021	Lance Estep
SCDMV	1/13/2021	Shirley Rivers
SCDPS	1/13/2021	Teddy Kulmala, Rachel Urconis, Kelly Hughes, Sherri Iacobelli, Phil Riley
BCDCOG	1/14/2021	Kyle James and Sarah Cox
City of Charleston	1/14/2021	Keith Benjamin
SCDOT Planning Office	1/15/2021	Machael Peterson
Pee Dee COG	1/20/2021	Cameron Sabin and Lindsay Privette
Santee Lynches COG	1/20/2021	Jeff Parkey and Jake Whitmire
Upper Savannah COG	1/20/2021	Rick Greene
ARTS	1/26/2021	LJ Peterson and Joel Duke
GSATS	1/26/2021	Mark Hoeweler
LCOG, Hardeeville, Beaufort County	1/26/2021	Noah Krepps, Kaitie Woodruff, Stephanie Rossi, Jen Combs
City of Greenville	1/27/2021	Dwayne Cooper
City of Rock Hill	1/27/2021	Amy Jo Denton
RFATS	1/27/2021	Chris Hermann
City of Florence	1/28/2021	Clint Moore
College of Charleston	1/28/2021	Darcy Everett
SUATS	1/28/2021	Kyle Kelly
City of Columbia	1/29/2021	Krista Hampton, Lucina Statler, Dana Higgins, Robert Anderson
FLATS	1/29/2021	Ethan Brown
GPATS	1/29/2021	Keith Brockington
Charleston Moves	2/5/2021	Katie Zimmerman and Savannah Brennan



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Traditional roadway design in South Carolina has made the following commonplace across the state.

- Roadways without adequate pedestrian and bicycle facilities
- Bicyclists riding on sidewalks to avoid interacting with traffic at the street level, because they feel unsafe, which violates many local jurisdictions laws
- Vehicles traveling at higher speeds along roadways, resulting in more severe conflicts with pedestrians and bicycles
- Large, wide, complex intersections that increase the potential conflicts for pedestrians crossing at intersections, including the total wait time for a crossing and time to cross
- Limited roadway lighting and very limited pedestrian lighting
- Utilities located within the sidewalk, creating constrained conditions for users with disabilities

As more non-motorists use the roadway for mobility—either out of necessity, choice, or desire the overlapping use of the defined roadway space is increasing. Conflicts between different modes of transportation and the sharing of the limited space creates friction along the roads around the state and contributes to potentially unsafe interactions between these different roadway users. Since pedestrians and bicycles do not have the same protections as drivers in motorized vehicles, they are the most vulnerable in these conflicts.

South Carolina is a largely rural state with pockets of dense urban centers. Therefore, it is not uncommon to encounter a roadway without accommodations for non-motorists or with fragmented pedestrian and bicycle facilities. Urban and suburban areas increase the frequency at which users encounter pedestrian and bicycle infrastructure; however, fragmented networks or unmaintained facilities are common.

SCDOT's Complete Streets Policy, released in February 2021, is a foundational step towards designing and constructing roadways that accommodate all road users. The Complete Streets Policy will work to encourage a safe, comfortable, and integrated transportation network for all users and modes. These efforts are the first steps needed to create a built environment with a connected, convenient, and safe mobility network for all users, especially pedestrians and bicyclists.

Many of the interviews included discussion regarding the lack of pedestrian and bicycle focus in SCDOT's then-current standards and guidelines. Several of the interview groups were aware that the Complete Streets Policy was being developed and were optimistic about its release, which occurred after most of the interviews were completed.



2.2. Awareness of Existing Laws

In South Carolina, mobility throughout the state is challenged by a variety of external influences, including weather, roadway conditions, population age, tourism, and recurring congestion. Unsafe conditions are further exacerbated when state and local laws related to walking, biking, or driving are not followed.

Based upon the interviews conducted as part of this PBSAP, anecdotal experience suggests that many users of the roadway network are conscientiously not abiding by local walking and biking laws for safety and comfort reasons. Common examples of non-compliance among motorists and non-motorists include the following:

Pedestrians

Pedestrians may choose to cross the street at an unmarked midblock location rather than crossing at a signalized intersection with marked crosswalks to reduce their perceived delay or to minimize interaction with vehicular turning movements. Users who choose to do this may feel they have less to process with vehicles coming from a singular direction and that they have the ability to cross at their own pace and time; however, pedestrians crossing at unmarked locations may violate driver expectancy and reduce motorists' reaction time.

Bicyclists

Second, bicyclists may feel uncomfortable riding in the travel lane in the absence of a bicycle lane, especially on high-speed roadways. However, even when bicycle lanes are present, riders may still prefer to ride in another location unless a buffer is present. As such, bicyclists may often be seen utilizing the adjacent sidewalk over a bicycle lane, creating a conflict between pedestrians and bicycles.

Drivers

Finally, in a system designed for vehicles, drivers of those vehicles are less likely to look for pedestrians and bicycles or may not recall laws to share the roadway. Throughout South Carolina, anecdotal experience suggests that vehicles commonly fail to yield to pedestrians in marked crosswalks, particularly in cases where vehicles are turning right on red. Drivers focused on turning right while looking left for a gap in the traffic stream may miss pedestrians crossing at the intersection entirely, creating a conflict as the vehicle starts to turn. A common topic among the interview discussions was the lack of education among all road users (i.e. motorists, pedestrians, and bicyclists) on how to share the roads. Some interviews included discussion that the driving public gets frustrated when bicycles have to use rural, two-lane roads—which slow and block vehicles—without knowing that they have the right to use the road.



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Education plays a key role in the solution to non-compliance issues for all users of the roadway network (i.e. drivers, pedestrians, and bicyclists). Be it through continued partnership with the Department of Motor Vehicles on drivers' education, or with the Department of Public Safety and their existing educational videos and materials, enhancing the understanding and compliance with the laws affecting safe mobility will be critical to meeting the goals of the PBSAP.

2.3. Strategic Partnerships/Strong Communication

Several positive examples of effective communication were demonstrated throughout the PBSAP interviews. These examples included regular traffic safety meetings led by the Grand Strand Area Transportation Study – attended by staff from the SCDOT Traffic Safety Office, the local SCDOT District 5 office, and Highway Patrol – and in the Charleston area, regular meetings between the City of Charleston, Charleston County, and the local District 6 office to discuss ongoing infrastructure project efforts, including pedestrian and bicycle projects. Additionally, interviews highlighted opportunities to improve communication of the scheduling of pavement resurfacing projects. These projects offer opportunities to efficiently program inexpensive improvements that involve restriping, such as the installation of bicycle lanes and implementation of road diets.

Also evident from the interviews is that local entities are prioritizing pedestrian and bicycle infrastructure over traditional roadway capacity enhancement projects. Through this lens of enhancing mobility, partnerships between SCDOT and the local entities will become even more critical. Many COGs, MPOs, and local municipalities partner with SCDOT to successfully implement pedestrian and bicycle projects. Further leveraging these partnerships throughout the state will unify and promote a common vision, creating safer roadways for all road users in South Carolina.

There is a clear need for additional, more connected conversations regarding the vision for mobility. By reaching a mutual understanding of the tools, processes, and priorities critical when making investments in infrastructure for all road users, the development of guidance documents (e.g. comprehensive plans and walk/bike plans) and programming projects that do not focus solely on prioritizing vehicular mobility will result in an environment that is safer for all roadway users.





Many of the interviews conducted as part of this PBSAP discussed the differing needs of pedestrian and bicycle accommodations in urban versus rural areas. Both urban and rural areas have different challenges to accommodate pedestrians and bicyclists. In rural areas across the state, sidewalks and bike lanes are not commonplace along typical two-lane roadways, so people who do not have a vehicle are forced to walk or bike within the traveled way to access their daily needs, including travel to/from a job or the grocery store. While urban areas in South Carolina generally have more sidewalks and bike lanes, they also exhibit increased pedestrian and bicycle activity and an elevated potential for conflict with motorized vehicles due to the built-up nature and larger population of the areas.

It is acknowledged that there are other related aspects of equity – including racial, income, and age equity – that are closely related to transportation equity. As part of the crash data analyses and crash risk assessment (**Section 4**), the Project Team reviewed if the distribution of fatal and serious injury crashes for minority and economic factors are over- or under-represented when compared to the distribution of statewide roadway miles that they cover. The review was based upon census data for *% Population in Minority Groups, % Households with no Vehicles, and % Households in Poverty.* For this analysis, the <u>US Census Bureau Poverty Thresholds</u> were used which vary based on the family size and number of children in the household. For example, for an individual, the poverty level is \$14,097 and for a family of four, the poverty level is \$18,677. The results of this review indicated there were no significant over- or under-representation of the fatal and serious injury crash data for these three census factors. It is likely that this is due to the census data not appearing to be as precise as the other roadway-specific data that was used, which could be leading to less precision in analysis results. Ultimately transportation equity was factored into this plan with a weighted score based on *% Households in Poverty* when determining high-risk roadway segments across South Carolina.

Due to the precision of available data, the PBSAP's focus on transportation equity was concentrated on evaluating countermeasures appropriate for rural areas and those appropriate for urban areas.



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3. Crash Data Analysis

As noted previously, this PBSAP was developed through a data-driven approach that included several types of crash analysis. Integral to this approach was a comprehensive evaluation of pedestrian and bicycle crashes occurring across South Carolina between 2015 and 2019 sourced from a statewide database provided by SCDOT. In addition, available geographic information system (GIS) data for the state roadway network also was provided by SCDOT for use in the analyses. Additional GIS data from the United States Census Bureau and National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) also was used. The following crash data analyses were conducted:

Summary-Level Crash Statistics were prepared for pedestrian and bicycle crashes and are summarized in **Section 3.1**.

Systemic Crash Typing Analyses were conducted for all the fatal pedestrian and bicycle crashes and are summarized in **Section 3.2**.

Nominal Crash Analyses were conducted to identify **high-crash** roadways and intersections (i.e., looking backward) and are summarized in **Section 3.3**.

Substantive Crash Analyses were conducted to determine **high-risk** roadways (i.e., looking forward) and are summarized in **Section 4**.

3.1. Summary Data Analysis

Summary crash statistics were prepared for pedestrian and bicycle crashes occurring between 2015 and 2019. The following sections summarize the following descriptive crash statistics.

- Overall Crashes by Severity
- Fatal Crashes/Rates by County
- Serious Injury Crashes/Rates by County
- Crashes by Area Type (i.e., Urban vs. Rural)

The following additional summary crash statistics are provided in **Appendix A**.

- Environmental Conditions: Lighting, Weather
- Temporal Conditions: Time of Day, Day of Week, Month of Year
- Facility Characteristics: Functional Class, Junction Type, Posted Speed
- Demographics: Age, Gender, Race

The following national KABCO scale is used throughout this document to define crash severity.

- K = Fatal
- **A** = Incapacitating Injury
- **B** = Non-Incapacitating Injury
- **C** = Possible Injury
- **O** = Property Damage Only



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3.1.1. Pedestrian Crash Data

Figure 2 summarizes the five-year history of pedestrian crashes by severity between 2015 and 2019. There is a clear upward trend in pedestrian crashes statewide, including a **29%** increase in fatal crashes from **126** in 2015 to **162** in 2019.





Figure 3 summarizes the five-year history of pedestrian crash frequency and crash rate by county for fatal and serious injury crashes between 2015 and 2019. The greatest *frequency* of fatal and serious injury pedestrian crashes occurred in urban areas such as Charleston, Greenville, and Horry Counties. The highest pedestrian fatal and serious injury crash *rates* occurred in a mix of urban and rural areas including Fairfield, Charleston, and Lee Counties.

Figure 4 summarizes the five-year history of pedestrian crash frequency and crash rate by county for fatal crashes between 2015 and 2019. The greatest *frequency* of fatal pedestrian crashes occurred in urban areas such as Greenville, Charleston, and Horry Counties. However, the highest pedestrian fatal crash *rates* occurred in rural areas such as Fairfield, Williamsburg, and Lee Counties. These results indicate that despite decreased exposure (i.e., less population), pedestrian crashes occurring in rural areas are more likely to lead to fatalities.



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Figure 4 – Pedestrian Fatal Crashes/Rates by County





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Figure 5 summarizes the five-year history of pedestrian crash frequency and crash rate by county for serious injury crashes between 2015 and 2019. The greatest *frequency* of serious injury pedestrian crashes occurred in urban counties such as Charleston, Greenville, and Richland. Unlike for fatal crashes, the highest pedestrian serious injury crash *rates* were not focused in rural counties. Instead, the highest crash rates were observed in Charleston County, followed by Bamberg, and Chester Counties. Within the PBSAP study database, nearly twice as many pedestrian crashes resulted in a serious injury (17.7%) than those resulting in property damage only (9.9%).







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Figure 6 illustrates pedestrian crashes by area type. **Urban** and **Rural** areas were determined and further subdivided as **Town** and **Suburban** from United States Census Bureau Data compiled by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), which can be found here, <u>nces.ed.gov/programs/edge/Geographic/LocaleBoundaries</u>.

The results of the area type analyses indicate that approximately **60%** of all pedestrian crashes occur in Urban and Suburban areas in South Carolina, but roadways in Urban and Suburban areas only account for **17%** of all roadways in the state. This data and other similar summary data comparisons were used to develop the crash risk assessment documented in **Section 4**.



Figure 6 – Pedestrian Crashes by Area Type

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3.1.2. Bicycle Crash Data

Figure 7 summarizes the five-year history of bicycle crashes by severity between 2015 and 2019. There is a clear upward trend in bicycle crashes statewide, including a **75%** increase in fatal crashes from **16** in 2015 to **28** in 2019.





Figure 8 summarizes the five-year history of bicycle crash frequency and crash rate by county for fatal and serious injury crashes between 2015 and 2019. The greatest *frequency* of fatal and serious injury bicycle crashes occurred in urban areas such as Charleston, Horry, Beaufort, and Greenville Counties. The highest bicycle fatal and serious injury crash *rates* occurred in a mix of urban and rural areas such as Charleston, Beaufort, Colleton, and Marion Counties.

Figure 9 summarizes the five-year history of bicycle crash frequency and crash rate by county for fatal crashes between 2015 and 2019. The greatest *frequency* of fatal bicycle crashes occurred in urban areas such as Charleston, Beaufort, and Richland Counties. However, the highest bicycle fatal crash *rates* occurred in rural areas such as Colleton, Jasper, and Georgetown Counties. These results indicate that despite decreased exposure (i.e., less population), bicycle crashes occurring in rural areas are more likely to lead to fatalities.



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Figure 9 – Bicycle Fatal Crashes/Rates by County



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Figure 10 summarizes the most recent five-year history of bicycle crash frequency and crash rate by county for serious injury crashes between 2015 and 2019. The greatest *frequency* of serious injury bicycle crashes occurred in urban counties such as Charleston, Horry, and Beaufort. Unlike for fatal crashes, the highest bicycle serious injury crash *rates* were not focused in rural counties. Instead, the highest crash rates were observed in Hampton, Charleston, and Beaufort Counties.







Figure 11 illustrates bicycle crashes by area type. **Urban** and **Rural** areas were determined and further subdivided as **Town** and **Suburban** from United States Census Bureau Data compiled by the NCES.

The results of the area type analyses indicate that more than **50%** of all bicycle crashes occur in Urban and Suburban areas in South Carolina, but roadways in Urban and Suburban areas only account for **17%** of all roadways in the state. This data and other similar summary data comparisons were used for the crash risk assessment documented in **Section 4**.



Figure 11 – Bicycle Crashes by Area Type



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3.2. Crash Typing

A detailed crash typing review of the fatal pedestrian and bicycle crashes was conducted using the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) online *Pedestrian and Bicycle Information Center* tools. One such tool, the Pedestrian and Bicycle Crash Analysis Tool (PBCAT), can be used to assign a specific crash type to each collision. Crash typing provides enhanced insight into the sequence of events that led up to the motor vehicle crash with the pedestrian or bicyclist. There are 30 different pedestrian crash types and 44 different bicyclist crash types that describe possible contributing factors, each of which are summarized on the following sites:

- Pedestrian Crash Types: <u>pedbikeinfo.org/pbcat us/ped images.cfm</u>
- Bike Crash Types: <u>pedbikeinfo.org/pbcat us/bike images.cfm</u>

The PBCAT was used to crash type all the fatal pedestrian and bicycle crashes examined for this report. The South Carolina Traffic Collision Report Forms (TR-310) associated with all fatal pedestrian and bicycle crashes in the PBSAP study database were reviewed for the 2015-2019 analysis period. Each report was thoroughly reviewed to retrieve information that could lead to a better understanding of the contributing factors for a given crash, with a focus on extracting data from the crash diagrams and narratives. Additional data from SCDOT's GIS department and Google Earth were used to incorporate additional details and characteristics to the crash data, including roadway geometry, pedestrian accommodations and crossing conditions, and crash location (i.e., at intersections or midblock) to help determine the risk factors associated with the crashes.

Table 2 summarizes the crash types and descriptions for the pedestrian fatal crashes, and**Table 3** summarizes the crash types and descriptions for the bicycle fatal crashes in SouthCarolina between 2015 and 2019.

A total of 759 pedestrian fatal crashes occurred during the five-year study period from 2015 to 2019. The majority of crashes occurring in urban areas involved a pedestrian struck by a vehicle while crossing the roadway at a midblock location. On the contrary, the majority of crashes occurring in rural areas involved a pedestrian struck from the front or behind while walking along the roadway.

A total of 109 bicycle fatal crashes occurred during the five-year study period from 2015 to 2019. The majority of these crashes, regardless of area type, involved a bicyclist struck while being overtaken (i.e., passed) by a motor vehicle.



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Table 2 – Pedestrian Fatal Crash Types

Crash Group Crash Type	Number of Crashes	% of Total	% Urban	% Rural
Crossing Roadway - Vehicle Not Turning The pedestrian was struck while crossing the roadway (not an expressway) by a vehicle that was traveling straight through.	247	32.5%	86%	14%
Pedestrian Failed to Yield	239	31.5%		
Motorist Failed to Yield	8	1.1%		
Walking Along Roadway The pedestrian was standing or walking along the roadway on the edge of a travel lane, or on a shoulder or sidewalk.	175	23.1%	52%	48%
Walking Along Roadway With Traffic - From Behind	134	17.7%		
Walking Along Roadway With Traffic - From Front	2	0.3%		
Walking Along Roadway Against Traffic - From Behind	3	0.4%		
Walking Along Roadway Against Traffic - From Front	35	4.6%		
Walking Along Roadway - Direction / Position Unknown	1	0.1%		
Pedestrian in Roadway - Circumstances Unknown The pedestrian was standing, walking, or lying in the road right-of-way at an intersection or midblock location but the circumstances do not otherwise fit any previously described or are unknown.	135	17.8%	55%	45%
Lying in Roadway	51	6.7%		
Standing in Roadway	43	5.7%		
Walking in Roadway	41	5.4%		
Unusual Circumstances The crash involved a disabled vehicle, emergency vehicle or vehicle in pursuit, play vehicle, driverless vehicle, or the pedestrian was struck intentionally, was clinging to a vehicle, or was struck as a result of other unusual circumstances.	69	9.1%	67%	33%
Pedestrian on Vehicle	2	0.3%		
Vehicle-Vehicle / Object	2	0.3%		
Motor Vehicle Loss of Control	16	2.1%		
Pedestrian Loss of Control	2	0.3%		
Other Unusual Circumstances	1	0.1%		
Driverless Vehicle	2	0.3%		
Disabled Vehicle-Related	41	5.4%		
Emergency Vehicle-Related	3	0.4%		
Dash / Dart-Out The pedestrian either ran into the roadway in front of a motorist whose view of the pedestrian was not obstructed or walked or ran into the road and was struck by a motorist whose view of the pedestrian was blocked until an instant before impact.	49	6.5%	75%	25%
Dash	7	0.9%		
Dart-Out	42	5.5%		
Crossing Expressway The pedestrian was on an expressway or expressway ramp when struck by a motor vehicle	29	3.8%	93%	7%
Crossing an Expressway	29	3.8%		



Crash Group Crash Type	Number of Crashes	% of Total	% Urban	% Rural
Working or Playing in Roadway The pedestrian was working or playing in the roadway.	15	2.0%	53%	47%
Working in Roadway	12	1.6%		
Playing in Roadway	3	0.4%		
Other / Unknown - Insufficient Details The circumstances do not clearly fit any of the situations described or are unknown.	12	1.6%	92%	8%
Non-Intersection – Other/Unknown	7	0.9%		
Intersection – Other/Unknown	4	0.5%		
Unknown Location	1	0.1%		
Crossing Roadway - Vehicle Turning The pedestrian was struck while crossing a non-expressway road by a vehicle that was turning or about to turn.	8	1.1%	100%	0%
Motorist Left Turn – Parallel Paths	4	0.5%		
Motorist Left Turn – Perpendicular Paths	1	0.1%		
Motorist Right Turn – Parallel Paths	2	0.3%		
Motorist Right Turn on Red – Perpendicular Paths	1	0.1%		
Multiple Threat / Trapped The pedestrian entered the roadway on a green signal or in front of standing or slowing traffic and was trapped when the signal changed and traffic started moving or was struck by a vehicle traveling in the same direction as the stopped traffic.	5	0.7%	100%	0%
Multiple Threat	5	0.7%		
Crossing Driveway or Alley The pedestrian was crossing a driveway on a sidewalk crossing, shared-use path, shoulder, or edge of the travel lane.	4	0.5%	100%	0%
Motorist Entering Driveway or Alley	1	0.1%		
Motorist Exiting Driveway or Alley	3	0.4%		
Off Roadway The pedestrian was struck in a parking lot, driveway, open area or other or unknown, non- roadway area (vehicle not backing).	4	0.5%	75%	25%
Off Roadway - Other / Unknown	4			
Backing Vehicle The pedestrian was struck by a vehicle that was backing at the time.	3	0.4%	33%	67%
Backing Vehicle - Roadway	2			
Backing Vehicle - Other / Unknown	1			
Waiting to Cross The pedestrian was standing on the curb or near the roadway edge waiting to cross the roadway when struck.	3	0.4%	100%	0%
Waiting to Cross - Vehicle Turning	1			
Waiting to Cross - Vehicle Not Turning	2			
Unique Midblock The crash was associated with a vendor truck, mailbox, or other roadside 'destination' that was not a bus, or the pedestrian was struck while entering or exiting a parked vehicle.	1	0.1%	100%	0%
Mailbox-Related	1			
TOTALS	759		70%	30%





Table 3 – Bicycle Fatal Crash Types

Crash Group Crash Type	Number of Crashes	% of Total	% Urban	% Rural
Motorist Overtaking Bicyclist The motorist was overtaking the bicyclist at the time of the crash.	67	61.5%	54%	46%
Motorist Overtaking - Undetected Bicyclist	41	37.6%		
Motorist Overtaking - Misjudged Space	7	6.4%		
Motorist Overtaking - Bicyclist Swerved	7	6.4%		
Motorist Overtaking - Other/ Unknown	12	11.0%		
Loss of Control / Turning Error Either the motorist or the bicyclist lost control of their vehicle or made a turning error and inadvertently moved into the path of the other operator. Note: Includes loss of control due to mechanical problems or operator error, or turning errors such as traveling into the opposing lane.	11	10.1%	73%	27%
Bicyclist Lost Control - Alcohol / Drug Impairment	1	0.9%		
Bicyclist Lost Control - Other / Unknown	2	1.8%		
Motorist Lost Control - Oversteering, Improper Braking, Speed	2	1.8%		
Motorist Lost Control - Alcohol / Drug Impairment	4	3.7%		
Motorist Lost Control - Other / Unknown	2	1.8%		
Bicyclist Failed to Yield - Midblock The bicyclist rode into the street from a non-intersection location (including residential or commercial driveway or other midblock location) without yielding to the motorist.	10	9.2%	70%	30%
Bicyclist Ride Out - Commercial Driveway / Alley	7	0.9%		
	1	0.4%		
Bicyclist Failed to Yield - Sign-Controlled Intersection The bicyclist rode into the intersection and collided with the motorist. The bicyclist either violated the sign or did not properly yield right-of-way to the motorist. Note: Crashes at traffic circles or roundabouts with yield control are included here.	9	8.3%	89%	11%
Bicyclist Ride Out - Sign-Controlled Intersection	3	2.8%		
Bicyclist Ride Through - Sign-Controlled Intersection	6	5.5%		
Bicyclist Failed to Yield - Signalized Intersection The bicyclist rode into the intersection and collided with the motorist. The bicyclist either violated the signal or did not properly yield right-of-way to the motorist.	5	4.6%	100%	0%
Bicyclist Ride Through - Signalized Intersection	5	4.6%		
Head-On Either operator was going the wrong way, and the two parties collided head-on.	3	2.8%	67%	33%
Head-On - Bicyclist	2	1.8%	50%	50%
Head-On - Motorist	1	0.9%	100%	0%
Parallel Paths - Other Circumstances The bicyclist and motorist were on initial parallel paths, but the crash cannot be further classified.	2	1.8%	100%	0%
Bicyclist Ride Out - Parallel Path	1	0.9%	100%	0%
Parallel Paths - Other / Unknown	1	0.9%	100%	0%



Crash Group Crash Type	Number of Crashes	% of Total	% Urban	% Rural
Motorist Failed to Yield - Midblock The motorist drove across the sidewalk or into the street from a non-intersection location (including residential or commercial driveway or other midblock location) without yielding to the bicyclist.	1	0.9%	0%	100%
Motorist Drive Out - Residential Driveway	1	0.9%	0%	100%
Motorist Failed to Yield - Signalized Intersection The motorist drove into the crosswalk area or intersection and collided with the bicyclist. The motorist either violated the signal or did not properly yield right-of-way to the bicyclist.	1	0.9%	100%	0%
Motorist Drive Through - Signalized Intersection	1	1%	100%	0%
Head-On Either operator was going the wrong way, and the two parties collided head-on.	3	2.8%	67%	33%
Head-On - Bicyclist	2	1.8%	50%	50%
Head-On - Motorist	1	0.9%	100%	0%
Parallel Paths - Other Circumstances The bicyclist and motorist were on initial parallel paths, but the crash cannot be further classified.	2	1.8%	100%	0%
TOTALS	109		63%	37%

3.2.1. Drug- and Alcohol-Involved Crashes

During review of the TR-310 crash reports associated with fatal pedestrian and bicycle crashes, there was a significant discrepancy between the summary data fields (i.e., "Probable Cause" and "Other Contributing Factors") and the crash report narratives regarding drug and/or alcohol involvement. Specifically, impairment-involved crashes are substantially under-reported in the summary data fields, especially for crashes involving non-motorist impairment. This finding suggests that there is room for improvement in reporting processes and that care should be taken when reviewing South Carolina TR-310 crash report summary data fields for pedestrian and bicycle crashes, as impairment-related data may be unreliable.

Figure 12 illustrates the drug and alcohol involvement for pedestrian fatal and bicycle fatal crashes.





Figure 12 – Drug/Alcohol Involvement Summary

3.3. High-Crash Roadways and Intersections

A GIS analysis was conducted to identify high-crash roadways and intersections in South Carolina. This analysis considered the statewide transportation network, which includes more than 50,000 roadway segments and 215,000 intersections. Due to the prohibition of non-motorized traffic on Interstate facilities, these roadways were excluded from the GIS analyses.

Considering five years of pedestrian and bicycle crash data from 2015 through 2019, a spatial cluster analysis was used to characterize the density of crashes along roadways segments and frequency of crashes at intersections. The resultant roadway segments were adjusted to reflect the extents of crash clusters with a minimum segment length of one-quarter mile and a maximum segment length of approximately one mile. The minimum length restriction was intended to minimize bias of crash densities towards segments shorter in length. For intersections, crashes within a 150-foot buffer around the intersections were considered and all intersections with four or more pedestrian and bicycle crashes occurring in the study timeframe were identified.

The top 100 high-crash segments and 94 high-crash intersections in the PBSAP database are summarized in **Table 4** and **Table 5**. Highlighted roadway names in **Table 4** identify locations for recently completed or planned state or local projects including, but not limited to, RSAs identified by the SCDOT Traffic Safety Office. Highlighted intersections in **Table 5** similarly identify locations for recently completed or currently planned state or local projects, along with SCDOT Traffic Safety Office RSAs. Previous RSAs were completed in 2020 and project development is underway at these locations; future RSAs are being planned at this time. This listing was ultimately reduced to a set of high-priority locations for countermeasure selection and prioritization, as discussed further in **Section 6**.



Roadway Segment Description					Roadway Segment Crash Summary								
Roddway Segment Description					Crash Frequency Crash Severity								
Roadway Segment	County	Route Number	High-Crash Intersections in Segment	Bicycle Crashes	Pedestrian Crashes	Total Crashes	Segment Length (feet)	Density (crashes/ mile)	Fatal (K)	Incapa- citating Injury (A)	Non- Incapa- citating Injury (B)	Possible Injury (C)	Property Damage Only (O)
Calhoun Street from Courtenay Drive to Meeting Street	Charleston	S-404	7	22	48	70	5,210	70.9	1	4	14	40	11
King Street from Carolina Street to George Street	Charleston	S-104	8	29	36	65	5,560	61.7	2	6	18	29	10
Meeting Street from Line Street to Society Street	Charleston	S-107	6	30	28	58	5,080	60.3	1	6	19	26	6
Kings Highway from 3rd Avenue South to 15th Avenue South	Horry	US 17	3	26	15	41	4,600	47.1	2	5	18	11	5
Kings Highway from 9th Avenue North to 23rd Avenue North	Horry	US 17	4	16	21	37	5,060	38.6	1	12	7	13	4
Rivers Avenue from Verde Avenue to Reynolds Avenue	Charleston	US 52	4	7	28	35	4,500	41.1	2	6	11	12	4
Ashley Phosphate Road from Rivers Avenue to Rock Street	Charleston	S-75	3	9	20	29	5,020	30.5	2	1	10	11	5
Harden Street from Gervais Street to Blossom Street	Richland	S-10	3	5	21	26	3,240	42.4	0	1	6	14	5
Blossom Street from Lincoln Street to Saluda Avenue	Richland	US 21	4	2	24	26	5,860	23.4	0	2	5	10	7
River Street/S. Richardson Street from Elford Street to Main Street	Greenville	S-664	3	12	11	23	4,500	27.0	0	2	9	8	4
St. Philip Street from Spring Street to Wentworth Street	Charleston	S-106	2	12	11	23	4,440	27.4	0	0	12	6	5
Dorchester Road from Kent Avenue to Lexington Avenue	Charleston	SC 642	1	10	12	22	5,670	20.5	2	4	5	8	3
Kings Highway from 6th Avenue South to 8th Avenue North	Horry	US 17	1	15	7	22	5,380	21.6	3	2	9	5	3
Assembly Street from Senate Street to Elmwood Avenue	Richland	SC 48	2	3	19	22	5,240	22.2	0	2	3	7	8
Ocean Boulevard from 9th Avenue North to 22nd Avenue North	Horry	L-73	0	12	10	22	4,660	24.9	0	0	10	6	6
Rivers Avenue from Aviation Avenue to Harley Street	Charleston	US 52	1	9	12	21	5,230	21.2	0	2	4	11	4
King Street from George Street to Broad Street	Charleston	S-104	3	7	14	21	3,100	35.8	0	1	8	10	2
Ashley Phosphate Road from Fennell Road to Playland Drive	Dorchester	S-62	0	3	16	19	3,980	25.2	6	1	5	7	0
William Hilton Parkway from Union Cemetery Road to Beach City Road	Beaufort	US 278	1	12	7	19	5,370	18.7	2	3	7	7	0
Rivers Avenue from Eagle Landing Boulevard to Morris Baker Boulevard	Charleston	US 52	1	4	15	19	4,670	21.5	1	4	8	4	2
Assembly Street from Heyward Street to Senate Street	Richland	SC 48	3	4	15	19	5,180	19.4	0	1	4	12	2
Broad River Road from Marley Drive to Elm Abode Terrace	Richland	US 176	1	1	17	18	5,300	17.9	0	3	8	6	1
Ashley River Road from Savage Road to Crull Drive	Charleston	SC 61	2	10	8	18	4,700	20.2	1	0	8	9	0
White Horse Road from W Marion Road to Banner Drive	Greenville	US 25	1	3	14	17	3,490	25.7	2	2	5	7	1
Gervais Street from Marion Street to Williams Street	Richland	US 1	1	4	13	17	5,320	16.9	1	2	4	6	4
Robert M. Grissom Parkway from Stalvey Avenue to Executive Avenue	Horry	S-1315	2	17	0	17	3,300	27.2	0	0	7	9	1

Table 4 – High-Crash Roadway Segments

*
Roadway Segment Description				Roadway Segment Crash Summary									
Roadway Segment	Description			Crash Frequency Crash Severity									
Roadway Segment	County	Route Number	High-Crash Intersections in Segment	Bicycle Crashes	Pedestrian Crashes	Total Crashes	Segment Length (feet)	Density (crashes/ mile)	Fatal (K)	Incapa- citating Injury (A)	Non- Incapa- citating Injury (B)	Possible Injury (C)	Property Damage Only (O)
Ocean Boulevard from 6th Avenue	Horry	L-73	0	7	10	17	4,220	21.3	0	1	8	2	6
Poinsett Highway from Hammett Street to Walker Street	Greenville	US 276	0	5	11	16	5,560	15.2	3	3	5	4	1
Broad River Road from Brook Pines Drive to Zimalcrest Drive	Richland	US 176	1	3	13	16	4,990	16.9	1	1	5	9	0
21st Avenue North from US 17 Bypass to John Q. Hammons Street	Horry	S-241	3	7	8	15	2,840	27.9	2	2	5	4	2
Bells Highway from Cycle Lane to Robertson Boulevard	Colleton	SC 64	0	4	10	14	4,140	17.9	4	3	0	4	3
Pete Hollis Boulevard from Finley Street to Montgomery Avenue	Greenville	SC 183	1	6	8	14	5,390	13.7	1	5	2	4	2
Meeting Street from Society Street to Queen Street	Charleston	S-107	0	7	7	14	2,180	33.9	1	0	9	4	0
Dorchester Road from Veneer Avenue to Oscar Johnson Drive	Charleston	SC 642	0	6	8	14	4,820	15.3	0	1	5	7	1
Rivers Avenue from Mabeline Road to Iron Rod Court	Charleston	US 52	1	6	7	13	5,614	12.2	2	3	1	5	2
Kings Highway from 43rd Avenue South to 29th Avenue South	Horry	US 17	0	4	9	13	4,910	14.0	1	2	6	2	2
Ron McNair Boulevard from Deep River Street to Kelley Street	Florence	US 52	0	6	7	13	4,980	13.8	1	2	1	6	3
Mr. Joe White Avenue from Robert M. Grissom Parkway to US 17 Bypass	Horry	S-215	1	9	3	12	4,810	13.2	0	3	1	4	4
Courtenay Drive from Cannon Street to Calhoun Street	Charleston	S-550	3	1	11	12	1,900	33.3	1	0	1	9	1
Huger Street from Rutledge Avenue to Hanover Street	Charleston	S-99	1	9	3	12	3,210	19.7	0	1	2	8	1
Remount Road from Rhett Avenue to Hardy Avenue	Charleston	S-13	0	1	11	12	5,410	11.7	1	0	2	8	1
Church Street from Daniel Morgan Avenue to Kennedy Street	Spartanburg	US 221	1	2	10	12	2,710	23.4	0	0	5	4	3
Augusta Road from Huntington Drive to Hammond Avenue	Lexington	US 1	0	4	8	12	3,220	19.7	0	0	4	5	3
S. Church Street from Prout Drive to E Cheves Street	Florence	S-12	1	6	5	11	5,150	11.3	1	2	2	6	0
Socastee Boulevard from Dick Pond Road to Manor Circle	Horry	SC 707	0	4	7	11	4,090	14.2	1	1	3	6	0
Two Notch Road from Edgewood Avenue to Covenant Road	Richland	US 1	0	1	10	11	3,750	15.5	0	1	3	7	0
Main Street from 2nd South Street to 5th North Street	Dorchester	US 17	1	2	9	11	3,800	15.3	1	0	3	5	2
College Street/Beattie Place from Academy Street to Church Street	Greenville	SC 183	1	5	6	11	2,070	28.1	0	1	4	3	3
Lucas Street from Fraser Street to Pecan Street	Florence	US 52	0	5	5	10	3,270	16.1	2	2	1	4	1
Kings Highway from South Highland Way to 71st Avenue North	Horry	US 17	0	3	7	10	3,960	13.3	1	2	4	2	1
Remount Road from Parana Street to Rivers Avenue	Charleston	S-13	0	3	7	10	3,400	15.5	0	3	2	3	2
St. James Avenue from Goose Creek Boulevard to Old Moncks Boulevard	Berkeley	US 176	0	3	7	10	5,520	9.6	2	0	2	5	1
11th Avenue North from Kings Highway to White Street	Horry	S-215	1	6	4	10	2,990	17.7	0	2	2	4	2





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Roadway Segment Description					Roadway Segment Crash Summary								
Koadway Segment	Description			Crash Frequency Crash Severity									
Roadway Segment	County	Route Number	High-Crash Intersections in Segment	Bicycle Crashes	Pedestrian Crashes	Total Crashes	Segment Length (feet)	Density (crashes/ mile)	Fatal (K)	Incapa- citating Injury (A)	Non- Incapa- citating Injury (B)	Possible Injury (C)	Property Damage Only (O)
Kings Highway from 23rd Avenue North to 30th Avenue North	Horry	US 17	4	6	4	10	3,160	16.7	0	1	3	4	2
Two Notch Road from Trenholm Road to Horseshoe Circle	Richland	US 1	0	1	8	9	2,610	18.2	2	2	2	3	0
Folly Road from Eugene Gibbs Street to Calvary Baptist Church	Charleston	SC 171	1	5	4	9	2,400	19.8	1	3	3	1	1
Bush River Road from Independence Avenue to Latonea Road	Lexington	S-273	0	1	8	9	3,850	12.3	3	0	2	3	1
Elmwood Avenue from Park Street to Marion Street	Richland	US 21	1	3	6	9	2,170	21.9	1	1	2	4	1
Main Street from Liberty Street to John B. White Sr. Boulevard	Spartanburg	L-3	0	1	8	9	4,220	11.3	1	1	5	0	2
Dorchester Road from Montague Avenue to Leslie Street	Charleston	SC 642	0	3	6	9	2,430	19.6	0	1	2	5	1
Main Street from Pendleton Street to Catawba Street	Richland	S-3054	0	3	6	9	3,630	13.1	0	1	5	2	1
Reid Street from Meeting Street to Drake Street	Charleston	S-2124	0	5	4	9	1,580	30.1	0	1	3	3	2
Dekalb Street from Mill Lane to Wylie Street	Kershaw	US 1	0	1	8	9	5,290	9.0	0	1	2	4	2
Savannah Highway from Parkdale Drive to Carrillo Street	Charleston	US 17	0	1	7	8	1,440	29.3	2	3	1	1	1
Dorchester Road from Archdale Boulevard to Lowell Drive	Charleston	SC 642	0	1	7	8	4,390	9.6	3	1	1	3	0
US 17 from Pinehurst Circle to McCorsley Avenue	Horry	US 17	0	2	6	8	1,670	8.3	2	1	4	1	0
US 17 from BN Lane to Pine Avenue	Horry	US 17	0	5	3	8	5,110	25.3	0	3	4	1	0
Maybank Highway from Plymouth Avenue to Fleming Road	Charleston	SC 700	1	3	5	8	2,850	14.8	2	0	3	3	0
Easley Ridge Road from Kilgore Street to Ledbetter Street	Greenville	US 123	0	2	6	8	2,040	20.7	1	1	2	3	1
University Boulevard from Buc Club Boulevard to Nevonna Drive	Charleston	US 78	0	3	5	8	3,930	10.7	0	1	2	5	0
St. Andrews Road from Strip Mall Access to I-26	Lexington	S-36	0	2	6	8	3,520	12.0	0	0	1	7	0
America Street from Cooper Street to Mary Street	Charleston	S-480	0	4	4	8	2,160	19.6	0	0	0	7	1
21st Avenue North from Corporate Centre Drive to Dunbar Street	Horry	S-241	0	7	1	8	1,850	22.8	0	0	3	3	2
E. Palmetto Street from Courtney Sq. Mobile Home DW to McCurdy Road	Florence	US 76	0	1	6	7	3,920	9.4	4	1	1	1	0
Forest Drive from Autumn Circle to Dellwood Drive	Richland	SC 12	0	0	7	7	3,080	12.0	1	3	1	2	0
Sunset Boulevard/N. Lake Drive from Dreher Street to Libby Lane	Lexington	US 378	0	1	6	7	3,840	9.6	1	3	2	1	0
W. Blue Ridge Drive from White Horse Road to Arch Street	Greenville	SC 253	1	2	5	7	2,410	15.3	1	2	1	2	1
St. Andrews Boulevard from 5th Avenue to Avondale Avenue	Charleston	SC 61	0	4	3	7	2,680	13.8	1	2	1	2	1
Chestnut Street from Ellis Avenue to Goff Avenue	Orangeburg	US 21	0	0	7	7	2,360	15.7	0	2	1	3	1
Jefferson Davis Highway from Crestview Avenue to Thompson Avenue	Aiken	US 1	0	1	6	7	3,930	9.4	1	0	4	1	1



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Boodway Sommant	Roadway Segment Description				Roadway Segment Crash Summary								
Koadway Segment	Description				Cras	sh Frequ	iency			C	ash Sev	verity	
Roadway Segment	County	Route Number	High-Crash Intersections in Segment	Bicycle Crashes	Pedestrian Crashes	Total Crashes	Segment Length (feet)	Density (crashes/ mile)	Fatal (K)	Incapa- citating Injury (A)	Non- Incapa- citating Injury (B)	Possible Injury (C)	Property Damage Only (O)
Wade Hampton Boulevard from	Greenville	US 29	0	0	6	6	2,820	11.2	3	3	0	0	0
Pleasantburg Drive from Frontage Road to Mauldin Road	Greenville	SC 291	0	0	6	6	1,340	23.6	2	2	2	0	0
Taylor Street from Pulaski Street to Main Street	Richland	SC 12	0	0	6	6	3,190	9.9	2	2	0	2	0
Kings Highway from Kroger Access to Chestnut Avenue	Horry	US 17	0	1	5	6	1,840	17.2	1	2	2	1	0
Millwood Avenue from Page Street to Woodrow Street	Richland	US 76	0	1	5	6	1,990	15.9	3	0	1	2	0
Palmetto Bay Road from Archer Road to William Hilton Parkway	Beaufort	US 278	0	3	3	6	2,240	14.1	0	3	1	2	0
Kings Highway from Veterans Highway to Briarcliff Drive	Horry	US 17	0	1	5	6	3,090	10.3	1	2	2	1	0
Sulphur Springs Road from Pinsley Circle to Montis Drive	Greenville	S-87	0	0	6	6	3,810	8.3	1	2	1	1	1
Hanover Street from South Street to Cooper Street	Charleston	S-563	0	3	3	6	2,190	14.5	0	2	1	3	0
Wade Hampton Boulevard from Pine Knoll Drive to Rushmore Drive	Greenville	US 29	0	0	6	6	2,250	14.1	1	1	3	1	0
Ocean Highway from Hickory Drive to Waverly Road	Georgetown	US 17	0	2	4	6	1,710	18.5	1	1	1	1	2
Central Avenue from White Boulevard to Parkwood Drive	Dorchester	S-13	0	3	3	6	2,310	13.7	0	1	3	2	0
Azalea Drive from Old School Drive to Cosgrove Avenue	Charleston	S-894	0	3	3	6	2,870	11.0	0	1	2	3	0
Richland Avenue from Laurens Street to Sumter Street	Aiken	US 1	0	1	5	6	3,350	9.5	0	0	5	1	0
White Horse Road from Black Hawk Road to Staunton Bridge Road	Greenville	US 25	0	1	4	5	2,700	9.8	4	0	1	0	0
Edward E. Burroughs Highway from Legends Drive to Greenleaf Circle	Horry	US 501	0	1	4	5	3,790	7.0	4	0	0	1	0
Augusta Road from Wattling Road to Methodist Park Road	Lexington	US 1	0	2	3	5	2,280	11.6	2	0	1	2	0
Center Street from Indian Avenue to Arctic Avenue	Charleston	SC 171	0	0	5	5	1,320	20.0	0	1	4	0	0
Tiger Boulevard from Keowee Trail to Stoney Creek Drive	Pickens	US 76	0	1	4	5	2,290	11.5	0	1	0	4	0
Rhett Avenue from Wright Street to Bentley Road	Charleston	S-60	0	0	4	4	2,340	9.0	2	1	0	0	1

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		Intersection Crash Data								
Intersection Description		Cra	sh Freque	ncy		Cr	ash Seve	erity		
Intersection	County	Bicycle Crashes	Pedestrian Crashes	Total Crashes	Fatal (K)	Incapa- citating Injury (A)	Non- Incapa- citating Injury (B)	Possible Injury (C)	Property Damage Only (O)	
King Street / Calhoun Street	Charleston	5	8	13	0	1	1	7	4	
Meeting Street / Calhoun Street	Charleston	4	7	11	0	0	4	4	3	
Rivers Avenue (US 78) / Cosgrove Avenue (SC 7)	Charleston	0	10	10	1	2	3	2	2	
Ashley Avenue / Calhoun Street	Charleston	2	8	10	0	1	2	7	0	
Meeting Street / Columbus Street	Charleston	5	5	10	0	0	3	7	0	
Coming Street / Calhoun Street	Charleston	3	6	9	0	1	4	3	1	
Ashley Phosphate Road / Stall Road	Charleston	2	7	9	0	0	3	3	3	
White Horse Road (US 25) / Blue Ridge Road (SC 253)	Greenville	2	6	8	1	1	2	4	0	
Meeting Street / Line Street	Charleston	5	3	8	0	3	1	4	0	
King Street / Woolfe Street	Charleston	2	6	8	0	2	3	2	1	
Ashley Phosphate Road / Rivers Avenue (US 52)	Charleston	2	6	8	0	1	3	4	0	
St. Philip Street / Calhoun Street	Charleston	3	5	8	0	0	3	3	2	
US 501 / Robert M. Grissom Parkway	Horry	8	0	8	0	0	3	5	0	
Two Notch Road (US 1) / Taylor Street (SC 12)	Richland	1	6	7	0	1	2	4	0	
William Hilton Parkway (US 278) / Mathews Drive (S-44)	Beaufort	6	1	7	0	0	4	3	0	
Kings Highway (US 17) / 16th Avenue North	Horry	5	2	7	0	3	3	1	0	
Meeting Street / Woolfe Street	Charleston	3	4	7	0	2	4	1	0	
Kings Highway (US 17) / Robert Edge Parkway	Horry	5	2	7	0	0	5	2	0	
21st Avenue North / Seaboard Street	Horry	6	1	7	0	0	4	2	1	
Meeting Street / Mary Street	Charleston	3	4	7	0	0	1	6	0	
Ben Sawyer Boulevard (SC 703) / McCants Drive (S-51)	Charleston	5	1	6	0	0	3	1	2	
William Hilton Parkway (US 278) / Palmetto Parkway	Beaufort	2	4	6	1	1	1	3	0	
Sam Rittenberg Road (SC 7) / Ashley River Road (SC 61)	Charleston	1	5	6	1	1	0	4	0	
Elmwood Avenue (US 76) / Main Street (US 176)	Richland	2	4	6	1	0	1	4	0	
River Street / Broad Street	Greenville	1	5	6	0	2	3	0	1	
King Street / Cannon Street	Charleston	5	1	6	0	1	3	1	1	
Gervais Street (US 1) / Harden Street	Richland	0	6	6	0	1	1	4	0	
Kings Highway (US 17) / 3rd Avenue South	Horry	5	1	6	0	1	2	1	2	
Kings Highway (US 17) / 7th Avenue South	Horry	3	3	6	0	0	3	3	0	
King Street / Mary Street	Charleston	1	5	6	0	0	2	4	0	
Greene Street / Harden Street	Richland	0	6	6	0	0	2	2	2	

Table 5 – High-Crash Intersections

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			Intersection Crash Data								
Intersection Description		Cra	sh Freque	ncy		Cr	ash Seve	erity			
Intersection	County	Bicycle Crashes	Pedestrian Crashes	Total Crashes	Fatal (K)	Incapa- citating Injury (A)	Non- Incapa- citating Injury (B)	Possible Injury (C)	Property Damage Only (O)		
Meeting Street / George Street	Charleston	5	1	6	0	0	2	2	2		
Devine Street / Harden Street	Richland	0	6	6	0	0	1	3	2		
King Street (US 78) / Huger Street	Charleston	3	3	6	0	1	1	3	1		
Assembly Street (SC 48) / College Street	Richland	0	6	6	0	1	2	1	2		
Assembly Street (SC 48) / Whaley Street	Richland	1	5	6	0	0	0	5	1		
Pleasantburg Drive (SC 291) / Melvin Drive (S-764)	Greenville	0	5	5	1	2	1	1	0		
Atlantic Avenue (S-51)/ Dogwood Drive (S-244)	Horry	1	4	5	0	0	1	4	0		
Main Street (US-276) / McElhaney Road (S-103)	Greenville	4	1	5	0	0	2	2	1		
Spring Street (US 17) / Hagood Avenue	Charleston	1	4	5	1	1	2	0	1		
Kings Highway (US 17) / 14th Avenue North	Horry	2	3	5	1	1	1	1	1		
Rivers Avenue (US 52) / Otranto Road	Charleston	0	5	5	1	0	2	1	1		
Savannah Highway (US 17) / Magnolia Road	Charleston	1	4	5	0	3	0	2	0		
21st Avenue North / Greens Boulevard	Horry	0	5	5	0	2	0	3	0		
Camp Road / Folly Road (SC 171)	Charleston	2	3	5	0	2	1	1	1		
Kings Highway (US 17) / 11th Avenue North	Horry	1	4	5	0	1	0	4	0		
King Street (US 78) / Engel Street	Charleston	1	4	5	0	0	2	3	0		
King Street / Spring Street	Charleston	3	2	5	0	0	2	3	0		
Rivers Avenue (US 52) / McMillan Avenue	Charleston	1	4	5	0	0	2	3	0		
Bee Street / Courtenay Drive	Charleston	0	5	5	0	0	1	4	0		
Rivers Avenue (US 52) / Dorchester Road (SC 642)	Charleston	1	4	5	0	0	1	4	0		
Ashley Phosphate Road / Northwoods Boulevard	Charleston	2	3	5	0	0	2	2	1		
Rivers Avenue (US 78) / Reynolds Avenue	Charleston	2	3	5	0	0	2	2	1		
Barre Street / Calhoun Street	Charleston	1	4	5	0	0	0	5	0		
Blossom Street (US 21) / Sumter Street	Richland	0	5	5	0	0	1	3	1		
Broad River Road (US 176) / Metze Road	Richland	0	5	5	0	0	1	3	1		
King Street / George Street	Charleston	2	3	5	0	0	1	3	1		
Dupre Lane / Mathis Ferry Road	Charleston	4	1	5	0	0	1	2	2		
Forest Drive (SC 12) / Beltline Boulevard (SC 16)	Richland	1	3	4	0	2	2	0	0		
McMillan Avenue (S-48)/ Spruill Avenue (S-32)	Charleston	3	1	4	0	1	1	2	0		
Lafayette Drive (US-15) / Manning Avenue (S-152)	Sumter	2	2	4	0	1	1	2	0		
Red Bank Road / Sunrise Boulevard	Berkeley	0	4	4	2	0	0	1	1		
Pete Hollis Boulevard (SC 183) / Alexander Street	Greenville	0	4	4	1	1	0	0	2		







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			Intersection Crash Data								
Intersection Description		Cra	sh Freque	ncy	Crash Severity						
Intersection	County	Bicycle Crashes	Pedestrian Crashes	Total Crashes	Fatal (K)	Incapa- citating Injury (A)	Non- Incapa- citating Injury (B)	Possible Injury (C)	Property Damage Only (O)		
Coming Street / Septima Clark Parkway (US 17)	Charleston	2	2	4	1	0	0	1	2		
Kings Highway (US 17) / 9th Avenue South	Horry	2	2	4	0	2	1	1	0		
Mr. Joe White Avenue / Robert M. Grissom Parkway	Horry	3	1	4	0	2	1	1	0		
Broad River Road (US 176) / Longcreek Drive	Richland	0	4	4	0	2	0	1	1		
King Street / Columbus Street	Charleston	3	1	4	0	1	2	0	1		
Blossom Street (US 21) / Saluda Avenue	Richland	0	4	4	0	1	1	1	1		
Sea Island Parkway (US 21) / Ladys Island Drive	Beaufort	3	1	4	0	1	1	1	1		
Rivers Avenue (US 52) / Mabeline Road	Charleston	2	2	4	0	1	0	2	1		
Ashley River Road (SC 61) / Crull Drive	Charleston	3	1	4	0	0	2	2	0		
Cheves Street / Church Street	Florence	4	0	4	0	0	2	2	0		
River Street / Ready View Drive	Greenville	2	2	4	0	0	2	2	0		
Dorchester Road (SC 642) / Bonds Avenue	Charleston	2	2	4	0	0	1	3	0		
Blossom Street (US 21) / Assembly Street	Richland	0	4	4	0	0	2	1	1		
Gervais Street (US 1) / Assembly Street	Richland	1	3	4	0	0	2	1	1		
Assembly Street / Blanding Street	Richland	1	3	4	0	0	0	4	0		
Rivers Avenue (US 52) / Gumwood Boulevard	Charleston	3	1	4	0	0	1	2	1		
Blossom Street (US 21) / Bull Street	Richland	0	4	4	0	0	0	3	1		
Calhoun Street / Courtenay Street	Charleston	0	4	4	0	0	0	3	1		
Kings Highway (US 17) / 21st Avenue North	Horry	2	2	4	0	0	1	1	2		
Calhoun Street / Alexander Street	Charleston	3	1	4	0	0	3	1	0		
Pine Street / Irby Street (US 52)	Florence	0	4	4	0	0	1	3	0		
Coleman Boulevard (SC 703) / Lansing Drive	Charleston	3	1	4	0	0	0	3	1		
Zimalcrest Drive / Seminole Road	Richland	0	4	4	0	0	1	1	2		
Kings Highway (US 17) / 11th Avenue South	Horry	4	0	4	0	0	0	2	2		
College Street / Richardson Street	Greenville	3	1	4	0	0	3	0	1		
King Street / Broad Street	Charleston	0	4	4	0	0	1	3	0		
King Street / Society Street	Charleston	2	2	4	0	0	1	3	0		
Cannon Street / St. Philip Street	Charleston	4	0	4	0	0	2	1	1		
Oak Forest Lane / Robert M. Grissom Parkway	Horry	4	0	4	0	0	2	1	1		
St. John Street (US 29) / Church Street	Spartanburg	0	4	4	0	0	2	1	1		
Richardson Avenue / Main Street (US 17)	Dorchester	0	4	4	0	0	0	2	2		



4. High-Risk Roadways

A key element of improving pedestrian and bicycle safety in South Carolina is proactively identifying locations at higher risk for crashes. Rather than *reactively* addressing existing crash history at a given location, this approach allows for improvements to be implemented *before* crashes occur. For the PBSAP, a crash risk assessment methodology was developed to proactively identify roadways that are at a higher risk for pedestrian and/or bicycle crashes where investment can help to lower the risk of serious injury and fatal crashes. This methodology was developed based upon a review of national practices and past pedestrian and bicycle safety action plan analyses, including those completed in Arizona, Georgia, and Virginia.

4.1. Crash Risk Assessment Methodology

The crash risk assessment methodology considers a GIS-based screening of factors that are frequently identified as contributing factors to, or environmental/facility conditions that are common to, serious injury and fatal crashes involving pedestrians and bicycles. It should be noted that the methodology does not represent all potential factors of interest to pedestrian and bicycle exposure and safety, and was focused on those criteria for which reliable statewide GIS data were available (from SCDOT and the United States Census Bureau) for this data-driven analysis. The following risk assessment factors were used for the PBSAP.

- Posted Speed Limit
- Number of Lanes
- Functional Class
- Median Type
- Paved Shoulder Width
- AADT
- Area Type (Urban, Suburban, Rural)
- Population Density
- % Households in Poverty
- Existing Crash History
- Proximity to Schools
- Proximity to Alcohol Sales



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It should be noted that at the time of this plan's development, SCDOT did not have access to a reliable source of data for pedestrian and bicycle exposure (i.e., pedestrian and bicycle counts), a critical underlying factor in the potential for crashes involving non-motorists.

To help quantify how these factors contribute to fatal and serious injury pedestrian and bicycle crashes in South Carolina, a review was conducted to determine how these crashes were distributed for each of the factors over the most recent five-year period from 2015 to 2019. Based upon the existing data available, this review was conducted for the first nine factors only and does not include the last three factors, Existing Crash History, Proximity to Schools, and Proximity to Alcohol Sales. This review also removed the fatal and serious injury pedestrian and bicycle crashes that occurred on Interstate facilities, to not skew the results. The results of this review are summarized in **Table 6**.



Frates	Panaos	% of I	Pedestrian	Crashes	% of Bicycle Crashes				
Factor	Ranges	Fatal (F)	Serious	F&SI	Fatal (F)	Serious	F&SI		
			Injury (SI)	Combination	001	Injury (SI)	Combination		
	50 and greater	25%	9%	16%	9%	29%	23%		
	45	23%	19%	21%	16%	21%	20%		
Posted Speed	40	9%	7%	8%	7%	8%	8%		
Limit	35	10%	16%	13%	29%	30%	28%		
	30	3%	4%	3%	5%	1%	2%		
	25 and lower	30%	45%	39%	34%	11%	19%		
Number of	6+ lanes	8%	9%	8%	51%	62%	59%		
(Through)	4 lanes	46%	42%	44%	42%	30%	33%		
Lanes	2 lanes	46%	49%	48%	7%	8%	8%		
	Principal Arterial	44%	37%	40%	38%	29%	32%		
Functional	Minor Arterial	27%	27%	27%	26%	24%	25%		
Class	Collector	18%	18%	18%	25%	22%	23%		
	Local	11%	18%	15%	11%	25%	20%		
TWLTL	Yes	45%	38%	41%	36%	35%	35%		
Present?	No	55%	62%	59%	64%	65%	65%		
	8' and greater	4%	2%	3%	7%	2%	3%		
Paved	6' to 8'	1%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%		
Shoulder	4' to 6'	2%	2%	2%	3%	0%	1%		
Width	2' to 4'	3%	4%	4%	0%	8%	5%		
	Less than 2'	90%	92%	90%	89%	90%	90%		
	30,000 and higher	18%	14%	15%	41%	42%	41%		
	25,000 to 29,999	6%	7%	7%	12%	19%	17%		
	20,000 to 24,999	7%	8%	8%	17%	11%	13%		
AADT	15,000 to 19,999	8%	12%	10%	9%	8%	9%		
	10,000 to 14,999	12%	10%	11%	4%	6%	5%		
	5,000 to 9,999	16%	15%	16%	3%	6%	5%		
	4,999 and lower	33%	34%	33%	14%	8%	10%		
	Urban	21%	31%	27%	18%	36%	30%		
Area Type	Suburban	34%	34%	33%	27%	28%	28%		
Alcalype	Town	7%	12%	10%	9%	11%	10%		
	Rural	38%	23%	30%	46%	25%	32%		
	less than 100	23%	14%	18%	29%	12%	18%		
	100-500	26%	22%	23%	26%	20%	22%		
Population	500-1000	15%	15%	15%	17%	16%	17%		
Density	1000-1500	11%	14%	13%	11%	16%	14%		
	1500-2000	9%	10%	9%	5%	13%	10%		
	More than 2000	16%	25%	22%	12%	23%	19%		
	0-10%	22%	22%	22%	25%	29%	28%		
	10-20%	37%	35%	36%	31%	33%	33%		
% Households	20-30%	23%	23%	23%	29%	22%	24%		
in Poverty	30-40%	13%	15%	14%	10%	11%	10%		
	40-50%	3%	3%	3%	3%	4%	4%		
	More than 50%	2%	2%	2%	2%	1%	1%		

Table 6 – Risk Assessment Factors – Crash Distributions





The results of this comparison, and the proposed scoring for each of the factor ranges, are summarized in **Table 7.** Data was unavailable for several factors, including posted speed limit.

Factor	Ranges	% of Pedestrian Fatal & Serious Injury Crashes	% of Bicycle Fatal & Serious Injury Crashes	% of Roadway System	Pedestrian Comparison	Bicycle Comparison	Factor Score
	50 or greater	16%	23%				10
Destad	45	21%	20%				8
Posted	40	8%	8%				6
Limit	35	13%	28%				4
2	30	3%	2%				2
	25 and lower	39%	19%				0
Number of	6+ lanes	8%	59%	0.3%	8%	59%	10
Travel (Through)	4 lanes	44%	33%	7%	37%	27%	8
Lanes	2 lanes	48%	8%	93%	-45%	-85%	0
	Principal Arterial	40%	32%	8%	32%	24%	10
Functional	Minor Arterial	27%	25%	11%	16%	14%	5
Class	Collector	18%	23%	35%	-17%	-12%	0
	Local	15%	20%	46%	-31%	-26%	0
TWLTL	Yes	41%	35%	5%	36%	30%	10
Present?	No	59%	65%	95%	-36%	-30%	0
	8' and greater	3%	3%	3%	0%	0%	0
Paved	6' to 8'	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0
Shoulder	4' to 6'	2%	1%	1%	1%	0%	3
Width	2' to 4'	4%	5%	5%	-1%	0%	6
	2' and lower	90%	90%	90%	0%	0%	10
	30,000 and higher	15%	41%	3%	12%	38%	10
	25,000 to 29,999	7%	17%	1%	6%	16%	8
	20,000 to 24,999	8%	13%	1%	7%	12%	6
AADT	15,000 to 19,999	10%	9%	1%	9%	8%	4
	10,000 to 14,999	11%	5%	3%	8%	2%	2
	5,000 to 9,999	16%	5%	7%	9%	-2%	0
	4,999 and lower	33%	10%	84%	-51%	-74%	0

Table 7 – Risk Assessment Factor Scores



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Factor	Ranges	% of Pedestrian Fatal & Serious Injury Crashes	% of Bicycle Fatal & Serious Injury Crashes	% of Roadway System	Pedestrian Comparison	Bicycle Comparison	Factor Score
	Urban	27%	30%	4%	23%	26%	10
	Suburban	33%	28%	13%	20%	15%	9
Alea Type	Town	10%	10%	8%	2%	2%	3
	Rural	30%	32%	75%	-45%	-43%	0
	less than 100	18%	18%	57%	-39%	-39%	0
	100-500	23%	22%	25%	-2%	-3%	2
Population	500-1,000	15%	17%	7%	8%	10%	4
Density	1,000-1,500	13%	14%	4%	9%	10%	6
	1,500-2,000	9%	10%	3%	6%	7%	8
	More than 2,000	22%	19%	4%	18%	15%	10
	0-10%	22%	28%	17%	5%	11%	5
	10-20%	36%	33%	42%	-6%	-9%	0
% Noveshelde	20-30%	23%	24%	34%	-11%	-10%	0
in Poverty	30-40%	14%	10%	6%	8%	4%	10
mroverty	40-50%	3%	4%	2%	1%	2%	10
	More than 50%	2%	1%	0.2%	1%	1%	5
Existing	4 crashes or more						10
Crash History	1 to 3 crashes						5
Proximity to Schools	Within 1 mile of a school						10
Proximity to Alcohol Sales	Within 1 mile of alcohol sales						10

Note: *Pedestrian Comparison* and *Bicycle Comparison* columns are calculated by subtracting the % of Roadway System values from the respective % of *Pedestrian Fatal & Serious Injury Crashes* and % of *Bicycle Fatal & Serious Injury Crashes* columns. Values greater than 20% or less than -20% are highlighted.



The risk factors were weighted according to their significance as an indicator of pedestrian and/or bicycle traffic exposure and crash potential for roadways and intersections around South Carolina. The selected weights are shown in **Table 8**.

Factor	Weighting	Weighting %
Posted Speed Limit	Low	4
Number of Travel Lanes	High	12
Functional Class	Medium	8
TWLTL Present?	High	12
Paved Shoulder Width	Medium	8
AADT	High	12
Area Type	High	12
Population Density	Low	4
% Households in Poverty	Medium	8
Existing Crash History	Low	4
Proximity to Schools	Medium	8
Proximity to Alcohol Sales	Medium	8
TOTAL		100%

Table 8 – Risk Assessment Factor Weights

4.2. High-Risk Roadways

Based upon the crash risk assessment factors, factor weights, and factor range scoring, a screening of all South Carolina roadways was conducted using GIS. This analysis considered the statewide transportation network, which includes over 50,000 roadway segments and 215,000 intersections. Due to the prohibition of non-motorized traffic on Interstate facilities, these roadways were excluded from the GIS analyses. Due to the precision of the data available, intersections were excluded from this analysis and only roadway segments were considered.

The top 1,000 high-risk roadways are shown in **Appendix B.** These roadways were advanced for consideration of detailed countermeasure implementation, which is discussed in **Section 6.** Ultimately, five high-risk roadways were included in a final list of high-priority locations.



5. Countermeasure Identification

A toolbox was developed to summarize the countermeasures that SCDOT and other agencies can implement to improve safety for pedestrians and bicyclists. Countermeasures in the toolbox were identified from literature review of state and national references and previous SCDOT nonmotorized RSAs. The following resources were considered in developing the toolbox:

- FHWA's Proven Safety Countermeasures (2017) <u>safety.fhwa.dot.gov/provencountermeasures/</u>
- FHWA's Every Day Counts (2021) <u>fhwa.dot.gov/innovation/everydaycounts/</u>
- FHWA's Guide for Improving Pedestrian Safety at Uncontrolled Crossing Locations (2018)

safety.fhwa.dot.gov/ped_bike/step/docs/STEP_Guide_for_Improving_Ped_Safety_at_Unsig_L oc_3-2018_07_17-508compliant.pdf

 NHTSA's Countermeasures That Work: A Highway Safety Countermeasures Guide for State Highway Safety Offices, Ninth Edition (2017)

nhtsa.gov/sites/nhtsa.dot.gov/files/documents/812478_countermeasures-that-work-ahighway-safety-countermeasures-guide-.pdf

- PEDSAFE and BIKESAFE (2021) pedbikesafe.org/pedsafe/ pedbikesafe.org/bikesafe/
- 2020-2024 South Carolina Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP) (2020) scdot.org/performance/pdf/reports/BR1 SC SHSP Dec20 rotated.pdf
- SC DHEC South Carolina Pedestrian Plan Inventory Overview (2017) scdhec.gov/sites/default/files/Library/CR-011747.pdf
- SC DHEC SC Health + Planning Toolkit (2015) eatsmartmovemoresc.org/pdf/SCHealthyToolkit.pdf
- SCDOT Non-Motorized RSAs:
 - S-10/Harden Street, Columbia
 - S-62/Ashley Phosphate Road, North Charleston
 - S-75/Ashley Phosphate Road, North Charleston
 - S-104/King Street, Charleston
 - S-106/Saint Philip Street, Charleston
 - S-107/Meeting Street, Charleston
 - S-215/Mr. Joe White Avenue, Myrtle Beach
 - S-241/21st Avenue North, Myrtle Beach
 - S-404/Calhoun Street, Charleston
 - US 21/Blossom Street/Harden Street/Devine Street, Columbia





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The potential countermeasures are categorized based on the three disciplines of Engineering, Education, and Enforcement, each of which are detailed below. It should be noted that traditional countermeasure methodology includes a fourth "E" of highway safety, Emergency Medical Services (EMS). While not specifically addressed in this plan, EMS remains an influencing factor in the outcome of traffic collisions.

Engineering

Engineering countermeasures include physical improvements to roadways. This may include low-cost improvements such as signage or pavement markings, and higher-cost improvements such as road diets. The engineering countermeasures are further categorized into the following sub-categories:

- Pedestrian Crossings: Improvements to facilitate safer roadway crossings
- Bicycle Facilities: Improvements to create designated bicycling facilities
- Intersections: Improvements enhancing safety at intersections
- Roadways: Improvements enhancing safety along roadways

Education

Education countermeasures assist with providing skills to walk or bike safely. These include programs or reference materials to educate motorists, pedestrians, and bicyclists on better safety practices, including school-age children. Educational opportunities also include a review of current laws related to walking and biking and awareness programs to promote safe behaviors for all road users.

Another approach is to educate people on good design for safe facilities, including why raised medians, protected bicycle lanes, or other safety countermeasures are needed.

Enforcement

Enforcement countermeasures focus on enforcing traffic laws to increase safety. These include efforts to enforce speed limits, yielding and passing laws, and compliance with traffic signs. Law Enforcement can also play a major role in engaging the community to improve pedestrian and bicyclist safety.

Table 9 summarizes the countermeasures identified that SCDOT and other agencies can implement to improve safety for pedestrians and bicyclists. **Appendix C** further details the identified pedestrian and bicycle countermeasures, including their benefits, generalized costs, implementation timing, and other considerations. In addition, matrices identifying which countermeasures are applicable to addressing specific pedestrian and bicycle crash types in South Carolina are also provided in **Appendix C**.



Table 9 – Countermeasure Toolbox Summary

Label	Countermeasure	Purpose/Benefits
ENG P-1	Pedestrian Hybrid Beacons (PHB)	Helps pedestrians cross at mid-block or uncontrolled intersection locations by stopping motor vehicles.
ENG P-2	Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB)	For use at uncontrolled pedestrian and school crosswalk locations.
ENG P-3	In-Street Pedestrian Crossing Sign (R1-6)	Reminds roadway users of laws regarding ROW.
ENG P-4	Yield/Stop Here to Pedestrian Sign (R1-5)	Provides advance warning to drivers of a marked crosswalk.
ENG P-5	Advance Yield/Stop Pavement Markings	Improves pedestrian visibility by providing advance warning to drivers of marked crosswalk.
ENG P-6	Pedestrian Refuge Island	Breaks up walking distance and allows pedestrians to focus on one direction at a time.
ENG P-7	High Visibility Crosswalks	Enhances visibility of crosswalks
ENG P-8	Raised Pedestrian Crossings	Improves safety for pedestrians by increasing visibility for drivers and reducing vehicle speed
ENG P-9	Curb Extensions	Increases visibility, reduces speed of turning vehicles, and reduces pedestrian crossing exposure
ENG P-10	Pedestrian Overpasses/ Underpasses	Provides completely separated crossing from vehicular traffic or provides safe crossing over/under barriers such as freeway, railways & natural barriers.
ENG B-1	Bicycle Signage and Pavement Markings	Increases drivers' awareness and create a designated space for bicyclists
ENG B-2	Bicycle Lanes	Provides dedicated portion of the roadway for preferential use by bicyclists
ENG B-3	Cycle Tracks or Protected Bicycle Lanes	Physically separates bicyclists from vehicular traffic
ENG IN-1	Lighting and Illumination	Provides better visibility of users or objects on the roadway
ENG IN-2	Traffic Signals	Provides gaps in traffic flow for pedestrians to cross the street.
ENG IN-3	Pedestrian Countdown Signal	To inform pedestrians of the number of seconds remaining in the pedestrian change interval
ENG IN-4	Leading Pedestrian Intervals (LPI)	Increases pedestrian visibility by giving pedestrians the opportunity to enter an intersection before vehicles are given green indication.





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Label	Countermeasure	Purpose/Benefits
ENG IN-5	Exclusive Pedestrian Phase	Creates an exclusive phase for pedestrian traffic
ENG IN-6	Right-turn-on-Red (RTOR) Restriction	Potentially reduces conflicts with pedestrian and right-turn motorists.
ENG IN-7	Install Red Curb Striping	Install red curb to increase corner sight distance at intersections.
ENG IN-8	Curb Ramp	To make sidewalks accessible for those who need mobility or visual assistance
ENG IN-9	Curb Radius Reduction	Smaller turning radii can improve safety by requiring motorists to reduce vehicle speeds
ENG IN-10	Improve Right-turn Slip Lane Design	Slow turning vehicles, allow pedestrian and drivers to see each other, reduce pedestrian exposure in the roadway, and reduce the complexity at intersections
ENG IN-11	Mini-Circles	Reduces vehicular speeds and manages traffic at intersections that do not warrant a stop sign or signal.
ENG IN-12	Roundabouts	Roundabouts can reduce vehicle speeds, reduce conflict points, and eliminate angled collisions
ENG IN-13	Sight Distance Improvements	Improves visibility by removing sight distance obstructions (e.g. overgrown vegetation, on-street parking)
ENG IN-14	Reduced Conflict Intersections (RCI)	Increases safety by reducing the number of conflict points between vehicles and pedestrians/bicyclists.
ENG R-1	Lighting and Illumination	Provides better visibility of users or objects on the roadway
ENG R-2	Raised Median	Separates opposing directions of traffic, restricts vehicular movements, reduces vehicle speeds, and provide space for pedestrian refuge and lighting.
ENG R-3	Speed Humps/ Speed Tables	Reduces vehicle speeds and enhances pedestrian environment at pedestrian crossings.
ENG R-4	Sidewalk, walking paths, and paved shoulders	Provides dedicated space separate from public ROW for people to walk, run, skate, bike, etc.
ENG R-5	Landscaping	Calms traffic by creating visual narrowing of roadways and can create buffers for pedestrians along roadway
ENG R-6	Street Furniture/Walking Improvements	Street furniture and walking improvements can create a buffer between streets and walkways. Can also create a pleasant environment for pedestrians.
ENG R-7	Driveway Improvements	Driveway improvements can help reduce vehicle turning speeds and encourage vehicles to yield to pedestrians.
ENG R-8	Access Management	Access management can help increase safety by reducing the number of potential conflict points between vehicles and pedestrians/bicyclists.







Label	Countermeasure	Purpose/Benefits
ENG R-9	Lane Narrowing	Narrowing lane widths can help reduce vehicle speeds and provide additional space for bicycle lanes, parking lanes, wider sidewalks, or landscape buffers.
ENG R-10	Road Diet/Lane Reductions	Reconfigure roadway cross-section to optimize street space to benefit all users.
ENG R-11	One-way/Two-way Street Conversions	Convert one-way street to two-way or vice versa to change the character of a roadway.
ENG R-12	Repetitive/Short-Term Maintenance	Keeping roadways clear of debris and deterioration can provide safe and predictable riding surfaces for bicyclists
ED-1	Children Safety Clubs	Sponsoring safety clubs were parents/caregivers can enroll their children and receive education materials
ED-2	School-based Pedestrian or Bicycle Training for Children	School-based programs to teach basic pedestrian and/or bicycle concepts and safe behavior
ED-3	Safe Route to School Programs	Goal of Safe Route to School Programs increase safety for students/parents walking and bicycling to and from school
ED-4	Pedestrian and/or Bicycle safety Educational classes	Provide education on misinformation regarding traffic laws, as well as proper bicycle roadway behaviors
ED-5	Driver Training	Increase the sensitivity of drivers to the presence of pedestrians and bicyclists and inform drivers of their responsibility to prevent crashes
ED-6	Share the Road Awareness Programs	Program to promote safe behaviors for all road users to increase safety and compliance with traffic laws
ED-7	Social Media Campaign	Provide safety educational information to social media users about pedestrian and bicycle safety, including safety messages, current laws, safety stats, etc.
ENF-1	Parking Restriction	Parking restriction may remove parked cars that can obstruct sightlines and can increase visibility of pedestrian crossing the road.
ENF-2	Speed-Monitoring Trailers	Enhances drivers' awareness of their speed by displaying approaching drivers the speed at which they are traveling.
ENF-3	Police Enforcement	Increase awareness of and enforce laws for motorists, pedestrians, and bicyclists

Label Notes: "ENG" = Engineering, "ED" = Education, "ENF" = Enforcement, "P" = Pedestrian, "B" = Bicycle, "IN" = Intersection, and "R" = Roadway.





A countermeasure prioritization methodology was developed to provide a framework for selecting and prioritizing countermeasures from the "toolbox" previously described, focusing on locations with an existing crash history and those at elevated risk for future pedestrian and bicycle crashes. The results of this process may be used to inform future investment in improvements to reduce the frequency and severity of pedestrian and bicycle crashes throughout South Carolina.

The methodology was based upon guidance found in the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials' (AASHTO) *Highway Safety Manual (HSM)* and the countermeasure prioritization methodologies used by the Arizona and Virginia departments of transportation in the development of their respective pedestrian and bicycle safety action plan analyses.

6.1. High-Priority Location Determination

The full list of high-crash and high-risk locations described in **Section 3** and **Section 4** were reduced to a final list of high-priority roadways and intersections to be considered for countermeasure evaluation in the PBSAP.

HSM Chapter 4 – Network Screening provides numerous methods for ranking locations based on a given performance measure. For the PBSAP, the EPDO methodology for ranking locations based upon crash frequency and severity was used in the selection of the high-priority roadways and intersections from the initial lists of high-crash and high-risk locations. This method uses weighted societal crash costs based on the national KABCO scale for crash severity.

The ratio of the societal cost for a given severity level to that of a property damage only crash then is calculated to the determine a location's EPDO index. A summary of the comprehensive crash costs and EPDO indices used in the ranking of the high-crash locations is shown in **Table 10**.



Crash Severity	Comprehensive Crash Unit Cost	State-Adjusted Comprehensive Crash Unit Costs	EPDO Index
Fatal (K)	\$11,295,400	\$8,992,607	949
Incapacitating Injury (A)	\$655,000	\$521,465	55
Non-Incapacitating Injury (B)	\$198,500	\$158,032	17
Possible Injury (C)	\$125,600	\$99,994	11
No Injury (O)	\$11,900	\$9,474	1

Table 10 – FHWA Comprehensive Crash Costs

Notes:

• Costs based upon 2016 dollars.

• South Carolina State-Adjusted Costs assume a Per Capita Income ratio of 0.796, as specified by FHWA.

Table 11 summarizes the total state-adjusted societal cost of South Carolina pedestrian andbicycle crashes between 2015 and 2019.

Table 11 – Total South Carolina Comprehensive Crash Costs (2015-2019)

Crash Severity	Total Pedestrian and Bicycle Crashes	Total Comprehensive Cost
Fatal (K)	862	\$7,751,627,234
Incapacitating Injury (A)	1,160	\$604,899,400
Non-Incapacitating Injury (B)	2,187	\$345,615,984
Possible Injury (C)	2,669	\$266,883,986
No Injury (O)	964	\$9,132,936
Total		\$8,978,159,540

Note: Costs based upon 2016 dollars.



In addition to the EPDO index, combined comprehensive crash costs also were developed for K and A (fatal and serious injury), B and C (apparent and possible injury), and O (property damage only) crashes as outlined by FHWA's *Crash Costs for Highway Safety Analysis* (2018) to develop an Adjusted EPDO index. The Adjusted EPDO index considers combinations of crash severity levels so the difference in weighting between the most severe crashes and property damage only crashes is not as great. A summary of the weighted comprehensive crash costs and Adjusted EPDO indices used in the ranking of the high-crash locations is shown in **Table 12**.

Crash Severity	Weighted Comprehensive Crash Unit Cost (2016 Dollars)	Adjusted EPDO Index
K/A	\$4,132,802	436
B/C	\$126,133	13
0	\$9,474	1

Table 12 – Severity-Weighted Comprehensive Crash Costs

The locations carried forward to countermeasure selection and prioritization do not represent the highest-ranked segments and intersections from each list. Many of the high-ranking facilities already have efforts underway or recently completed by SCDOT or local governments addressing the pedestrian and safety issues. This includes, but is not limited to, RSAs, corridor studies, and corridor widening improvements. For the purposes of the PBSAP, the high-priority roadway segments and intersections considered for detailed countermeasure implementation consisted of those locations that either do not have any known efforts underway to address pedestrian and bicycle safety, as to not duplicate efforts for any particular location, or are in the project development phase where the potential to add pedestrian and bicycle countermeasures still exists.

Out of the 100 high-crash roadway segments presented in **Section 3**, 43 have recently completed or ongoing projects programmed to address safety, which are listed in **Table 13**. Out of the 94 high-crash intersections presented in **Section 3**, 46 have ongoing projects programmed which will aid in addressing safety, which are listed in **Table 14**. These tables, representing overlaps with current or planned projects, include columns for EPDO and adjusted EPDO ranks. Many of the locations in these tables ranked high in both the standard and adjusted EPDO ranks, indicating the reliability of this methodology in identifying locations for safety project development and implementation.



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Roadway	From	То	Owner/Project Notes	EPDO Rank	Adjusted EPDO Rank
Ashley Phosphate Road	Fennell Road	Playland Drive	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	1	6
White Horse Road	Black Hawk Road	Staunton Bridge Road	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	4	29
Edward E. Burroughs Highway	Legends Drive	Greenleaf Circle	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	5	29
Dorchester Road	Archdale Boulevard	Lowell Drive	Charleston County TST Project	9	24
Bush River Road	Independence Avenue	Latonea Road	Carolina Crossroads	10	40
King Street	Carolina Street	George Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	12	2
Kings Highway	3rd Avenue South	15th Avenue South	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	13	5
Rivers Avenue	Verde Avenue	Reynolds Avenue	LCRT	14	3
Dorchester Road	Kent Avenue	Lexington Avenue	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	15	9
William Hilton Parkway	Union Cemetery Road	Beach City Road	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	16	14
Ashley Phosphate Road	Rivers Avenue	Rock Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	17	31
White Horse Road	W Marion Road	Banner Drive	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	18	19
21st Avenue North	US 17 Bypass	John Q. Hammons St.	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	19	20
Rivers Avenue	Mabeline Road	Iron Rod Court	LCRT	20	16
Savannah Highway	Parkdale Drive	Carrillo Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	21	17
Two Notch Road	Trenholm Road	Horseshoe Circle	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	22	22
St. James Avenue	Goose Creek Boulevard	Old Moncks Boulevard	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	27	57
Maybank Highway	Plymouth Avenue	Fleming Road	Charleston County TST Project	28	60
Augusta Road	Wattling Road	Methodist Park Road	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	30	66
Meeting Street	Line Street	Society Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	31	4
Kings Highway	9th Avenue North	23rd Avenue North	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	32	1
Calhoun Street	Courtenay Drive	Meeting Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	33	8
Rivers Avenue	Eagle Landing Boulevard	Morris Baker Boulevard	LCRT	34	15

Table 13 – High-Crash Roadway Segments with Programmed Improvements



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Roadway	From	То	Owner/Project Notes	EPDO Rank	Adjusted EPDO Rank
Pete Hollis Boulevard	Finley Street	Montgomery Avenue	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	35	11
Broad River Road	Brook Pines Drive	Zimalcrest Drive	Carolina Crossroads SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	37	54
Kings Highway	43rd Avenue South	29th Avenue South	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	38	34
Folly Road	Eugene Gibbs Street	Calvary Baptist Church	Charleston County TST Project	40	23
Meeting Street	Society Street	Queen Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	45	72
Elmwood Avenue	Park Street	Marion Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	54	59
Wade Hampton Boulevard	Pine Knoll Drive	Rushmore Drive	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	57	64
Courtenay Drive	Cannon Street	Calhoun Street	Charleston County Corridor Project	57	75
Broad River Road	Marley Drive	Elm Abode Terrace	SCDOT Traffic Safety Project	62	32
Harden Street	Gervais Street	Blossom Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	64	68
Blossom Street	Lincoln Street	Saluda Avenue	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	65	52
Rivers Avenue	Aviation Avenue	Harley Street	LCRT	66	53
King Street	George Street	Broad Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	66	69
St. Philip Street	Spring Street	Wentworth Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	68	92
Mr. Joe White Avenue	Robert M. Grissom Parkway	US 17 Bypass	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	74	38
11th Avenue North	Kings Highway	White Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	79	58
Kings Highway	23 rd Avenue North	30 th Avenue North	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	86	81
University Boulevard	Buc Club Boulevard	Nevonna Drive	LCRT, SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	88	84
Central Avenue	White Boulevard	Parkwood Drive	Summerville Sidewalk/Path Project	92	88
Augusta Road	Huntington Drive	Hammond Avenue	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA	93	95



Intersection	Owner/Project Notes	EPDO Rank	Adjusted EPDO Rank	Intersection	Owner/Project Notes	EPDO Rank	Adjusted EPDO Rank
Red Bank Road/ Sunrise Boulevard	SCDOT RSA Implementation Project	1	19	Sea Island Pkwy/ Lady's Island Drive	Beaufort County US 21 Improvement Project	47	37
Rivers Avenue/ Cosgrove Avenue	LCRT Project	2	1	Meeting Street/ Mary Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	50	45
Spring Street/ Hagood Avenue	City of Charleston Safety Improvements	7	13	Rivers Avenue/ Mabeline Road	LCRT Project	51	37
Rivers Avenue/ Otranto Road	LCRT Project	11	34	King Street/ Mary Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	52	51
Coming Street/ Septima Clark Parkway	City of Charleston Safety Improvements	12	41	King Street/ Engel Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	53	54
Meeting Street/ Line Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	14	2	King Street/ Spring Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	53	54
Meeting Street/ Woolfe Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	15	8	Rivers Avenue/ McMillan Avenue	LCRT Project	53	54
Savannah Highway/ Magnolia Road	City of Charleston Safety Improvements	16	5	Bee Street/ Courtenay Drive	Charleston County US 17 Corridor Congestion Improvement Plan	58	54
King Street/ Woolfe Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	17	7	Rivers Avenue/ Dorchester Road	LCRT Project	58	54
Ashley Avenue/ Calhoun Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	18	22	Greene Street/ Harden Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	61	61
Coming Street/ Calhoun Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	20	24	Meeting Street/ George Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	61	61
King Street/ Calhoun Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	21	23	Ashley Phosphate Road/ Northwoods Boulevard	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	63	65
Ashley Phosphate Road/Rivers Avenue	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	22	25	Rivers Avenue/ Reynolds Avenue	LCRT Project	63	65
Camp Road/ Folly Road	City of Charleston, Charleston County Intersection Construction	25	14	Barre Street/ Calhoun Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	70	54
Meeting Street/ Columbus Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	29	42	Devine Street/ Harden Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	72	61
Broad River Road/ Longcreek Drive	SCDOT Traffic Safety Project	30	19	Blossom Street/ Sumter Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	73	65

Table 14 – High-Crash Intersections with Programmed Improvements



Intersection	Owner/Project Notes	EPDO Rank	Adjusted EPDO Rank	Intersection	Owner/Project Notes	EPDO Rank	Adjusted EPDO Rank
King Street/ Cannon Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	31	29	King Street/ George Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	73	65
Gervais Street/ Harden Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	32	27	Blossom Street/ Assembly Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	80	81
Meeting Street/ Calhoun Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	33	43	Gervais Street/ Assembly Street	City of Columbia Pedestrian/ Streetscape Improvement Project	80	81
King Street/ Columbus Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	43	37	Assembly Street/ Blanding Street	City of Columbia Pedestrian/ Streetscape Improvement Project	85	71
Ashley Phosphate Road/Stall Road	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	45	48	Rivers Avenue/ Gumwood Boulevard	LCRT Project	87	81
St. Philip Street/ Calhoun Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	46	49	Blossom Street/ Bull Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	88	81
Blossom Street/ Saluda Avenue	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	47	37	Calhoun Street/ Courtenay Street	SCDOT Ped/Bike RSA Completed	88	81

After reviewing the high-crash and high-risk locations for project overlaps, the next step in the high priority identification process consisted of removing high-crash intersections that fell within a selected priority segment from consideration for individual countermeasure selection and prioritization. Each of these locations are accounted for in the priority listing and will be examined for potential improvements as part of a high-crash or high-risk segment. Out of the 94 high-crash intersections, 23 fell within a high-crash roadway segment that also was a high-priority location.

Finally, the screened lists of high-crash and high-risk locations were examined to ensure that the final list of priority locations provided adequate geographic coverage across the state, while also offering the opportunity to evaluate locations with existing crash history not already included in ongoing safety projects. Through this process, a total of 57 high-crash segments, 15 high-crash intersections, and 5 high-risk segments were selected for countermeasure implementation, 77 high priority locations in total.



6.2. Crash Reduction Potential and Countermeasure Costs

The potential for crash reduction associated with one or more recommended countermeasures was quantified based on the Predictive Analysis methodology prescribed by Part C of the HSM. In total, the HSM offers four methods for estimating changes in crash frequency following the implementation of a safety treatment. Methods 1-3 each require the use of safety performance functions (SPFs) for predicting future crash frequency, while Method 4 assumes that observed crash frequency will remain constant over time. Pedestrian and bicycle SPFs have not been formalized in the HSM, though this work is underway through NCHRP Project 17-84. Therefore, Method 4 was used for the PBSAP.

Crash modification factors (CMFs) are used to define the potential for crash reduction following the installation of a given safety treatment. A comprehensive database of CMFs developed through global research is maintained by FHWA on the *Crash Modifications Clearinghouse* webpage (<u>cmfclearinghouse.org/</u>); however, CMFs also may be acquired from other sources or local data, as applicable. The following additional resources were consulted for this purpose.

- NCHRP Report 893: Systemic Pedestrian Safety Analysis (2018)
- VDOT's Virginia State Preferred CMF List (2019)
- Evaluation of Pedestrian-Related Roadway Measures: A Summary of Available Research (Mead et al., 2014)
- FHWA's Toolbox of Pedestrian Countermeasures and Their Potential Effectiveness (2018)

A full list of the references consulted in developing a list of CMFs used as part of this PBSAP is included in **Appendix D**.

Once pre-treatment crash frequency and post-treatment CMFs have been defined, the expected number of post-treatment crashes at a given site can be determined using a modified form of **Equation C-1** from Part C of the HSM.

Npost-treatment,x = Npre-treatment,x*(CMF1x*CMF2x*...*CMFyx)

Where:

N_{post-treatment,x} = Expected number of crashes at site X after implementation of one or more countermeasures.

N_{pre-treatment,x} = Expected number of crashes at site X absent the implementation of one or more countermeasures.

CMF_{yx} = Crash modification factor applicable to the proposed countermeasure and crash types expected to occur at site X based on crash history and/or risk assessment.

Based on HSM guidance, the following were considered when applying CMFs to estimate posttreatment crash frequency for the 77 high-priority locations:

- CMFs were only applied to crashes likely to be mitigated by the proposed improvement, as CMFs are typically defined by applicable crash type and severity. For example, based on the source study, the CMF associated with construction of a new sidewalk only applies to crashes involving a pedestrian walking along the side of the roadway.
- Though the form of Equation C-1 implies that the installation of multiple countermeasures at a single location is defined by a multiplicative relationship, the HSM cautions that the resultant benefit may be overestimated in such cases. The potential for crash reduction was calculated based on guidance from FHWA in these cases, and engineering judgement was used when interpreting the results.
- At prioritized high-risk locations with limited existing crash history, pre-treatment crash frequency was estimated based on that at similar sites within the high-crash database (i.e., those of the same functional class and area type and similar population density).

The PBSAP countermeasures CMFs are summarized in **Appendix D.** It should be noted that CMFs are not available for all countermeasures considered as part of this PBSAP. Where no CMFs were available for a countermeasure proposed at a given site, the potential safety benefits of this countermeasure could not be estimated.

In addition to the CMFs, **Appendix D** also includes conceptual unit construction costs for the countermeasures, which does not include consideration of preliminary engineering, utility relocation, or new right-of-way costs. Most unit costs were based upon recent SCDOT bid history for the proposed improvements. Where bid costs were not available, a combination of past project experience, research, and engineering judgement were used to develop an estimate. For some countermeasures (e.g., traffic signal upgrades), the associated conceptual unit cost is dependent upon existing infrastructure present at that specific site. As such, project costs for these sites should be developed on an individual basis.



6.3. Countermeasure Cut Sheets

To demonstrate how countermeasures can be applied at specific locations, a sample of 29 cut sheets was developed, which are provided in **Appendix E**, and consisted of the following information:

- Inset Map
 - Aerial imagery of the priority location
 - Crash locations (2015-2019)
 - Google Street View snapshot
- Location Summary
 - Jurisdiction information
 - Facility characteristics
 - Other data interests
- Crash History Summary
- Potential Countermeasures
 - Potential countermeasures selected for implementation, developed from the countermeasure toolbox documented in Section 5
- Crash Reduction Potential, which is described in Section 0

6.4. Final High-Priority Locations

The 77 high-priority locations are summarized in **Table 15**. Locations identified by the SCDOT Traffic Safety Office for project development in 2022-2023 through the Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) are highlighted. The table is sorted by Metropolitan Planning Organizations and Councils of Government (MPO/COG) study areas. See **Appendix B** for an expanded list of potential project locations as determined from the high-risk analysis described in **Section 4**.



HIGH-CRASH Roadway Segments	Route Number	County	MPO/COG
Jefferson Davis Highway from Crestview Avenue to Thompson Avenue	US 1	Aiken	ARTS
Richland Avenue from Laurens Street to Sumter Street	US 1	Aiken	ARTS
America Street from Cooper Street to Mary Street	S-480	Charleston	CHATS
Ashley River Road from Savage Road to Crull Drive	SC 61	Charleston	CHATS
Azalea Drive from Old School Drive to Cosgrove Avenue	S-894	Charleston	CHATS
Center Street from Indian Avenue to Arctic Avenue	SC 171	Charleston	CHATS
Dorchester Road from Montague Avenue to Leslie Street	SC 642	Charleston	CHATS
Dorchester Road from Veneer Avenue to Oscar Johnson Drive	SC 642	Charleston	CHATS
Hanover Street from South Street to Cooper Street	S-563	Charleston	CHATS
Huger Street from Rutledge Avenue to Hanover Street	S-99	Charleston	CHATS
Main Street from 2nd South Street to 5th North Street	US 17	Dorchester	CHATS
Reid Street from Meeting Street to Drake Street	S-2124	Charleston	CHATS
Remount Road from Parana Street to Rivers Avenue	S-13	Charleston	CHATS
Remount Road from Rhett Avenue to Hardy Avenue	S-13	Charleston	CHATS
Rhett Avenue from Wright Street to Bentley Drive	S-60	Charleston	CHATS
St. Andrews Boulevard from 5th Avenue to Avondale Avenue	SC 61	Charleston	CHATS
Assembly Street from Heyward Street to Senate Street	SC 48	Richland	COATS
Assembly Street from Senate Street to Elmwood Avenue	SC 48	Richland	COATS
Forest Drive from Autumn Circle to Dellwood Drive	SC 12	Richland	COATS
Gervais Street from Marion Street to Williams Street	US 1	Richland	COATS
Main Street from Pendleton Street to Catawba Street	S-3054	Richland	COATS
Millwood Avenue from Page Street to Woodrow Street	US 76	Richland	COATS
St. Andrews Road from Strip Mall Access to I-26	S-36	Lexington	COATS
Sunset Boulevard/N. Lake Drive from Dreher Street to Libby Lane	US 378	Lexington	COATS
Taylor Street from Pulaski Street to Main Street	SC 12	Richland	COATS
Two Notch Road from Edgewood Avenue to Covenant Road	US 1	Richland	COATS
E. Palmetto Street from Courtney Square Mobile Home DW to McCurdy Road	US 76	Florence	FLATS
Lucas Street from Fraser Street to Pecan Street	US 52	Florence	FLATS
S. Church Street from Prout Drive to E. Cheves Street	S-12	Florence	FLATS
College Street/Beattie Place from Academy Street to Church Street	SC 183	Greenville	GPATS
Easley Ridge Road from Kilgore Street to Ledbetter Street	US 123	Greenville	GPATS
Pleasantburg Drive from Frontage Road to Mauldin Road	SC 291	Greenville	GPATS
Poinsett Highway from Hammett Street to Walker Street	US 276	Greenville	GPATS
S. Richardson Street/River Street from Elford Street to Main Street	S-664	Greenville	GPATS
Sulphur Springs Road/N. Franklin Road from Pinsley Circle to Montis Drive	S-87	Greenville	GPATS
Tiger Boulevard from Keowee Trail to Stoney Creek Drive	US 76	Pickens	GPATS
W. Blue Ridge Drive from White Horse Road to Arch Street	SC 253	Greenville	GPATS
Wade Hampton Boulevard from Vance Street to Watson Road	US 29	Greenville	GPATS
21st Avenue North from Corporate Centre Drive to Dunbar Street	S-241	Horry	GSATS

Table 15 – High-Priority Locations Summary





Kings Highway from 6th Avenue South to 8th Avenue North	US 17	Horry	GSATS
Kings Highway from Kroger Access to Chestnut Road	US 17	Horry	GSATS
Kings Highway from South Highland Way to 71st Avenue North	US 17	Horry	GSATS
Kings Highway from Veterans Highway to Briarcliff Drive	US 17	Horry	GSATS
Ocean Boulevard from 6th Avenue South to 18th Avenue North	L-73	Horry	GSATS
Ocean Boulevard from 9th Avenue North to 22nd Avenue North	L-73	Horry	GSATS
Ocean Highway from Hickory Drive/S-195 to Waverly Road/S-46	US 17	Georgetown	GSATS
Robert M. Grissom Parkway from Stalvey Avenue to Executive Avenue	S-1315	Horry	GSATS
Socastee Boulevard from Dick Pond Road to Manor Circle	SC 707	Horry	GSATS
US 17 Business from BN Lane to Pine Avenue	US 17	Horry	GSATS
US 17 from Pinehurst Circle to McCorsley Avenue	US 17	Horry	GSATS
Palmetto Bay Road from Archer Road to William Hilton Parkway	US 278	Beaufort	LATS
Bells Highway from Cycle Lane to Robertson Boulevard	SC 64	Colleton	Low Country COG
Chestnut Street from Ellis Avenue/S-224 to Goff Avenue/S-106	US 21	Orangeburg	Lower Savannah COG
Ron McNair Boulevard from Deep River Street to Kelley Street	US 52	Florence	Pee Dee COG
Dekalb Street from Mill Lane/S-79 to Wylie Street/S-747	US 1	Kershaw	Santee-Lynches COG
Church Street from Daniel Morgan Avenue to Kennedy Street	US 221	Spartanburg	SPATS
Main Street from John B. White Sr. Boulevard to N Liberty Street	S-3	Spartanburg	SPATS
HIGH-RISK Roadway Segments	Route Number	County	MPO/COG
Savannah Highway from Savage Road to Sam Rittenburg Boulevard	US 17	Charleston	CHATS
Calhoun Memorial Highway from College Avenue to Anderson Highway	US 76	Pickens	GPATS
Calhoun Memorial Highway from College Avenue to Anderson Highway North Pleasantburg Drive from Villa Road/Century Drive to Edwards Road	US 76 SC 291	Pickens Greenville	GPATS GPATS
Calhoun Memorial Highway from College Avenue to Anderson Highway North Pleasantburg Drive from Villa Road/Century Drive to Edwards Road North Lafayette Drive from East Liberty Street to East Calhoun Street	US 76 SC 291 US 15	Pickens Greenville Sumter	GPATS GPATS SUATS
Calhoun Memorial Highway from College Avenue to Anderson Highway North Pleasantburg Drive from Villa Road/Century Drive to Edwards Road North Lafayette Drive from East Liberty Street to East Calhoun Street US 25 from Cokesbury Road/Grace Street to US 221/Reynolds Avenue	US 76 SC 291 US 15 US 25	Pickens Greenville Sumter Greenwood	GPATS GPATS SUATS Upper Savannah COG
Calhoun Memorial Highway from College Avenue to Anderson Highway North Pleasantburg Drive from Villa Road/Century Drive to Edwards Road North Lafayette Drive from East Liberty Street to East Calhoun Street US 25 from Cokesbury Road/Grace Street to US 221/Reynolds Avenue HIGH-CRASH Intersections	US 76 SC 291 US 15 US 25	Pickens Greenville Sumter Greenwood County	GPATS GPATS SUATS Upper Savannah COG MPO/COG
Calhoun Memorial Highway from College Avenue to Anderson Highway North Pleasantburg Drive from Villa Road/Century Drive to Edwards Road North Lafayette Drive from East Liberty Street to East Calhoun Street US 25 from Cokesbury Road/Grace Street to US 221/Reynolds Avenue HIGH-CRASH Intersections Ben Sawyer Boulevard (SC 703) / McCants Drive (S-51)	US 76 SC 291 US 15 US 25	Pickens Greenville Sumter Greenwood County Charleston	GPATS GPATS SUATS Upper Savannah COG MPO/COG CHATS
Calhoun Memorial Highway from College Avenue to Anderson Highway North Pleasantburg Drive from Villa Road/Century Drive to Edwards Road North Lafayette Drive from East Liberty Street to East Calhoun Street US 25 from Cokesbury Road/Grace Street to US 221/Reynolds Avenue HIGH-CRASH Intersections Ben Sawyer Boulevard (SC 703) / McCants Drive (S-51) Calhoun Street (S-404) / Alexander Street (S-110)	US 76 SC 291 US 15 US 25	Pickens Greenville Sumter Greenwood County Charleston Charleston	GPATS GPATS SUATS Upper Savannah COG MPO/COG CHATS CHATS
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Calhoun Memorial Highway from College Avenue to Anderson Highway North Pleasantburg Drive from Villa Road/Century Drive to Edwards Road North Lafayette Drive from East Liberty Street to East Calhoun Street US 25 from Cokesbury Road/Grace Street to US 221/Reynolds Avenue <u>HIGH-CRASH Intersections</u> Ben Sawyer Boulevard (SC 703) / McCants Drive (S-51) Calhoun Street (S-404) / Alexander Street (S-110) Coleman Boulevard (SC 703) / Lansing Drive (L-582) Dupre Lane (L-1271) / Mathis Ferry Road (S-56) McMillan Avenue (S-48) / Spruill Avenue (S-32)	US 76 SC 291 US 15 US 25	Pickens Greenville Sumter Greenwood County Charleston Charleston Charleston Charleston	GPATS GPATS SUATS Upper Savannah COG MPO/COG CHATS CHATS CHATS CHATS CHATS
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Calhoun Memorial Highway from College Avenue to Anderson Highway North Pleasantburg Drive from Villa Road/Century Drive to Edwards Road North Lafayette Drive from East Liberty Street to East Calhoun Street US 25 from Cokesbury Road/Grace Street to US 221/Reynolds Avenue <u>HIGH-CRASH Intersections</u> Ben Sawyer Boulevard (SC 703) / McCants Drive (S-51) Calhoun Street (S-404) / Alexander Street (S-110) Coleman Boulevard (SC 703) / Lansing Drive (L-582) Dupre Lane (L-1271) / Mathis Ferry Road (S-56) McMillan Avenue (S-48) / Spruill Avenue (S-32) Forest Drive (SC 12) / Beltline Boulevard (SC 16) Two Notch Road (US 1) / Taylor Street (SC 12) Zimalcrest Drive (S-492) / Seminole Road (S-927) West Pine Street (S-978) / S. Irby Street (US-52) Pleasantburg Drive (SC 291) / Melvin Drive (S-764) Atlantic Avenue (S-51)/ Dogwood Drive (S-244) Kings Highway (US 17) / 11th Avenue South (S-755) William Hilton Pkwy. (US 278) / Mathews Dr. (S-44)	US 76 SC 291 US 15 US 25	Pickens Greenville Sumter Greenwood Charleston Charleston Charleston Charleston Charleston Charleston Richland Richland Florence Greenville Horry Horry Beaufort	GPATS GPATS SUATS Upper Savannah COG CHATS CHATS CHATS CHATS CHATS CHATS CHATS CHATS COATS COATS COATS COATS COATS COATS COATS COATS COATS COATS COATS COATS COATS COATS
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Appendix A

Additional Crash Data Analysis Results



Pedestrian Crashes

Environmental Conditions









Temporal Conditions







Facility Characteristics













Demographics











Bicycle Crashes

Environmental Conditions








Temporal Conditions







Facility Characteristics







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(2)



Male Female

Bicycle Crash Demographics

Proportion of Crashes







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A



Appendix B

High-Risk Roadway Analysis Results



ID	County	Route Type	Route Number	Begin Milepost	Ending Milepost	Median Type	Route LRS	Within 1 Mile of Alcohol Sales (1	Within 1 Mile of School (1 = Yes,	Total Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crashes (2015-	Factored AADT	Area Type	Population Density (persons/ square	% Households	Total Number of	Functional Class	Right Outside Shoulder	Right Outside Shoulder	Segment Length	PBSAP Risk Score
27/13	GREENVILLE	SC Route	201	7 17	11 /	TWITL - Rituminous Median	230/0029100N	= Yes, 0 = No)	0 = No) 1	2019)	32,900	Urban	mile)	32.04%	Lanes	Principal Art	Width	Treatment	(miles)	0.944
27133	GREENVILLE	US Route	276	29.29	33.07	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020027600E	1	1	6	30,300	Urban	2,116	32.35%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.16	0.936
27131	GREENVILLE	US Route US Route	276 276	29.29 29.29	33.07 33.07	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020027600E 23020027600E	1	1	15	37,200 37,200	Urban Urban	1,354	32.94% 32.94%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.10	0.920
27407	GREENVILLE	SC Route	291	6.19	6.72	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040029100N	1	1	6	35,100	Urban	2,289	5.73%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.52	0.920
48978	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	76	23.68	26.04	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020007600E 40020007600E	1	1	7	46,000	Urban Urban	2,455	5.54%	ь 7	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.920
48980	RICHLAND	US Route	76	23.68	26.04	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020007600E	1	1	7	46,000	Urban	2,455	5.54%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.10	0.920
48983	RICHLAND	US Route	76	26.223	26.74	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020007600E	1	1	7	49,700	Urban	2,455	5.54%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.12	0.920
48901	RICHLAND	US Route	21	1.37 23.8	1.47 28.82	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020002100N 10020001700N	1	1	3	36,500 54,600	Urban Urban	5,222	31.18% 4 12%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.10	0.916
27414	GREENVILLE	SC Route	291	7.17	11.4	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040029100N	1	1	3	32,100	Suburban	1,354	32.94%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.78	0.912
11021	CHARLESTON	SC Route Secondary road	61 13	8.32 0.11	2.81	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040006100S 10070001300N	1	1	15	37,600 28,600	Urban Urban	3,268	9.48% 36.86%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.56	0.896
27403	GREENVILLE	SC Route	291	1.24	5.76	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040029100N	1	1	4	29,800	Urban	2,289	5.73%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.52	0.896
10860	CHARLESTON	US Route	17	23.8	28.82	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020001700N	1	1	14	54,600	Urban	1,795	4.12%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.24	0.888
10862	CHARLESTON	US Route US Route	17	23.8	28.82	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020001700N 10020001700N	1	1	8	40,000	Urban Urban	1,516	6.62% 6.62%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.72	0.888
10864	CHARLESTON	US Route	17	23.8	28.82	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020001700N	1	1	8	40,000	Urban	1,516	6.62%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.36	0.888
10930	CHARLESTON	US Route SC Route	52 61	4.4	6.95	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020005200W 10040006100S	1	1	34	18,400 45,800	Urban Urban	2,363	34.51% 6.62%	6 4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.48	0.888
27354	GREENVILLE	SC Route	253	4.38	4.81	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040025300N	1	1	2	38,300	Suburban	1,354	32.94%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.13	0.888
10936	CHARLESTON	US Route	52	11.86	12.4	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020005200W	1	1	17	38,500	Urban	4,070	11.15%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.60	0.880
11160	CHARLESTON	SC Route SC Route	703 171	2.48 8.51	3.65 9.24	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040070300N 10040017100N	1	1	4	32,900 47,500	Suburban Urban	1,583	8.68% 6.62%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.28	0.876
27412	GREENVILLE	SC Route	291	7.17	11.4	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040029100N	1	1	8	47,600	Urban	1,737	20.59%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.29	0.872
49076	RICHLAND	SC Route	12	1.13	1.783	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001200E	1	1	14	42,300 20,800	Urban	1,345	41.48% 39.68%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.38	0.872
49080	RICHLAND	SC Route	12	2.51	6.36 28.91	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001200E	1	1	14	20,800	Urban	1,345	39.68%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.05	0.872
47889	PICKENS	US Route	76	0	1.783	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	39020007600E	1	1	5	28,100	Suburban	336	41.48%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.21	0.868
49574 49576	RICHLAND	Secondary road Secondary road	102 102	0	0.39	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070010200E 40070010200F	1	1	2	20,100 20,100	Urban Urban	5,222 5,222	31.18% 31.18%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.10	0.868
53383	SPARTANBURG	US Route	176	25.67	33.57	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020017600E	1	1	2	26,100	Urban	1,670	9.77%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.72	0.868
10929 48875	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	52	4.4	6.95	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020005200W	1	1	34	18,400 32,300	Urban Suburban	2,363 2,123	34.51% 9.08%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.43 0.12	0.864
48878	RICHLAND	US Route	1	9.03	13.52	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020000100N	1	1	2	31,500	Suburban	2,123	9.08%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.60	0.864
53433	SPARTANBURG	US Route	221	23.62	26.77	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020022100N	1	1	14	17,900	Urban	2,473	42.12%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.28	0.864
49082 8808	RICHLAND BERKELEY	SC Route US Route	12 52	2.51	6.36 1.45	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001200E 08020005200W	1	1	11 2	27,300 38,600	Suburban Suburban	2,717 322	7.31% 9.11%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.40 0.28	0.860
10861	CHARLESTON	US Route	17	23.8	28.82	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020001700N	1	1	6	40,800	Urban	4,671	22.53%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	2.11	0.856
11082	CHARLESTON	SC Route Secondary road	60	3.66	7.99	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	1004001/100N 10070006000E	1	1	10	45,400 32,800	Urban Urban	3,080	5.50%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.01 0.67	0.856
11373	CHARLESTON	Secondary road	60 60	1.68	3.17	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070006000E	1	1	7	32,800	Urban	3,031	5.50%	4	Minor Art.	3	Unpaved	0.32	0.856
49023	RICHLAND	US Route	176	15.15	22.62	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020017600E	1	1	30	37,600	Urban	3,054	14.56%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.74	0.856
49144 4507	RICHLAND	SC Route SC Route	48 28	2.33 12.45	2.514 19.52	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040004800E 04040002800W	1	1	17	25,500 24,500	Urban Urban	3,716	56.15% 38.88%	6 4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	2	Paved Unpaved	0.14	0.856
4508	ANDERSON	SC Route	28	12.45	19.52	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04040002800W	1	1	2	23,000	Urban	1,500	38.88%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.86	0.852
4542 27083	GREENVILLE	US Route	29	0	0.12	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002950N	1	1	1	26,700	Urban Urban	5,353	9.63%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.13	0.852
48974	RICHLAND	US Route	76	23.68	26.04	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020007600E	1	1	2	27,300	Urban Urban	2,655	4.00%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art	0	Unpaved	0.34	0.852
11091	CHARLESTON	SC Route	171	8.51	9.24	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040017100N	1	1	5	47,500	Urban	1,516	6.62%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.03	0.848
11122 11200	CHARLESTON	SC Route Secondary road	642 13	0.94	2.29	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040064200E 10070001300N	1	1	13	42,800 17,400	Urban Urban	1,859	17.25% 36.86%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.40 0.58	0.848
27071	GREENVILLE	US Route	29	6.91	13.45	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002900N	1	1	4	28,400	Urban	1,737	20.59%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.72	0.848
27355	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	201	4.36	1.49	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040025300N 23070020100N	1	1	6	22,600	Urban	2,567	32.94%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.13	0.848
28017	GREENVILLE	Secondary road US Route	201	2.68	3.08	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070020100N 40020002100N	1	1	6	22,600	Urban Urban	2,567	33.00% 39.68%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.19	0.848
53714	SPARTANBURG	SC Route	295	3.51	13.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	420400295005	1	1	0	29,000	Urban	1,946	8.99%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.89	0.848
ояр1 48913	RICHLAND	US Route	29	4.38	5.74	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020002100N	1	1	3	50,900 16,700	Urban	3,722 2,851	14.17% 33.33%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.07	0.844 0.844
53380	SPARTANBURG	US Route	176	25.12	25.36	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020017600E	1	1	3	34,400	Urban	1,343	13.87%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.24	0.844
58953	YORK	SC Route	5	21.23	29.629	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	460400005005	1	1	2	19,800	Urban	3,304	32.18%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.57	0.844
58954 10874	YORK	SC Route US Route	5 17	21.23 29.15	29.629 30.33	TWLTL - Bituminous Median Divided - Earth median	4604000500S 10020001700N	1	1	1 14	16,500 65,700	Urban Urban	3,304 3,092	32.18% 34.35%	4 6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.07 0.17	0.844 0.840
10875	CHARLESTON	US Route	17	29.15	30.33	Divided - Earth median	10020001700N	1	1	14	65,700	Urban	3,092	34.35%	8	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.09	0.840
108/6	CHARLESTON	US Route US Route	17	30.33 30.83	30.83	Divided - Physical Barrier Divided - Earth median	10020001700N	1	1	14	65,700 65,700	Urban Urban	3,092	34.35% 34.35%	8	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.50	0.840
10932	CHARLESTON	US Route	52 52	6.95	11.86	Divided - Earth median Divided - Earth median	10020005200W	1	1	7	33,600 48,400	Urban Urban	2,363	34.51% 31.72%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	0.46	0.840
10934	CHARLESTON	US Route	52	6.95	11.86	Divided - Earth median	10020005200W	1	1	42	48,400	Urban	2,276	31.72%	6	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	2.50	0.840
11081 37787	CHARLESTON	SC Route US Route	171	3.66 28.148	7.99 30.25	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040017100N 32020000100N	1	1	12	29,800 33,300	Urban Suburban	334 1,925	8.70% 19.44%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.23 0.01	0.840 0.836
37788	LEXINGTON	US Route	1	28.148	30.25	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020000100N	1	1	11	33,300	Suburban	1,925	19.44%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.11	0.836
37886	LEXINGTON	US Route	378	15.19	26.1	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	3202000100N 32020037800E	1	1	5	32,500	Suburban	1,925	10.04%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.45	0.836
11126 18927	CHARLESTON	SC Route	642 52	3.53	5.778 3.52	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040064200E	1	1	11	30,000	Urban Suburban	759	18.65% 33.43%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.66	0.832
18930	DARLINGTON	US Route	52	5.21	5.44	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	16020005200W	1	1	3	23,600	Suburban	565	33.43%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.22	0.832
49024 49125	RICHLAND	US Route SC Route	176 16	15.15 2.36	22.62 7.05	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020017600E 40040001600E	1	1	5 6	25,700 25,000	Urban Urban	5,908 2,214	13.77% 5.29%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.56 1.71	0.832 0.832
49142	RICHLAND	SC Route	48	1.601	1.876	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040004800E	1	1	17	25,500	Urban	3,716	56.15%	4	Minor Art.	2	Paved	0.27	0.832
11161	CHARLESTON	SC Route	703	2.33	3.65	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040070300N	1	1	4	23,100	Suburban	1,583	8.68%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.34	0.828
11265 27068	GREENVILLE	Secondary road US Route	43 29	0 6.51	0.6 6.79	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070004300N 23020002900N	1	1	3	33,500 24,100	Urban Urban	1,961 4,116	21.33% 9.22%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.25	0.828
27070	GREENVILLE	US Route	29	6.91	13.45	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002900N	1	1	2	21,500	Urban	3,762	6.45%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.52	0.828
37084 49118	RICHLAND	SC Route	378	0.84	1.12	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001600E	1	1	2	21,900	Urban	2,851	33.33%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.06	0.828
58959 58961	YORK	SC Route	5	21.23 21.23	29.629 29.629	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	4604000500S 4604000500S	1	1	1	27,900	Urban Urban	515 515	7.26%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.20	0.828
8962	BERKELEY	Secondary road	29	2.86	5.74	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08070002900N	1	1	2	30,000	Suburban	3,722	14.17%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.48	0.824
8965	BERKELEY	Secondary road	29	5.81	6.55	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	U8070002900N	1	1	2	32,500	Suburban	3,722	14.17%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.08	0.824

SOUTH CAROLINA PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE SAFETY ACTION PLAN

Appendix B High-Risk Roadway Analysis Results

ID	County	Route Type	Route Number	Begin Milepost	Ending Milepost	Median Type	Route LRS	Within 1 Mile of Alcohol Sales (1 = Yes, 0 = No)	Within 1 Mile of School (1 = Yes, 0 = No)	Total Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crashes (2015- 2019)	Factored AADT	Area Type	Population Density (persons/ square	% Households in Poverty	Total Number of Lan <u>es</u>	Functional Class	Right Outside Shoulder	Right Outside Shoulder Treatment	Segment Length (miles)	PBSAP Risk Score
8966	BERKELEY	Secondary road	29	5.81	6.55	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08070002900N	1	1	2	32,500	Suburban	mile) 3,722	14.17%	4	Principal Art.	Width 3	Unpaved	0.39	0.824
10856	CHARLESTON CHARLESTON	US Route	17	23.8	28.82	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020001700N	1	0	7	47,300	Urban	1,091	9.61%	6	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.05	0.824
11407	CHARLESTON	Secondary road	75	0	2.56	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070007500N	1	1	17	41,900	Urban	1,495	12.72%	6	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.57	0.824
21570	DORCHESTER	US Route	17	15.86	16.4	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	18020001702N	1	0	2	37,600	Suburban	2,306	31.00%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.54	0.824
31150	HORRY	US Route	17	20.355	21.685	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020001700N	1	0	15	55,800	Urban	1,223	5.31%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.01	0.824
31152	HORRY	US Route	17	22.625	23.691	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020001700N	1	0	15	55,800	Urban	1,223	5.31%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.06	0.824
31160	HORRY	US Route	17	27.385	28.817	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020001700N	1	0	24	37,900	Urban	1,422	7.81%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.38	0.824
48857	RICHLAND	US Route	1	0.2	2.4	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020000100N	1	1	12	30,500	Urban	1,345	39.68%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.16	0.824
48967	RICHLAND	US Route	76	19.65	20.87	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	400200021001N	1	1	7	39,700	Urban	1,345	39.68%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.40	0.824
55341 59159	SUMTER	US Route	15	9.472	12.67	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020001500N	1	1	5	14,900	Urban	1,474	45.34%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	1.39	0.824
8784	BERKELEY	US Route	17	1.362	1.466	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08020001702N	1	0	15	37,100	Suburban	1,733	6.03%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.10	0.820
11035	CHARLESTON	SC Route	61 171	12.37	12.73	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	100400061005 10040017100N	1	1	1	21,100	Urban	1,516	6.62% 9.26%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art	0	Unpaved	0.22	0.820
37891	LEXINGTON	US Route	378	15.19	26.1	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020037800E	1	1	0	44,700	Suburban	803	4.03%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.48	0.820
48864	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	1 21	2.67	3.67	TWLTL - Bituminous Median Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020000100N 40020002100N	1	1	2	12,600	Urban Urban	4,361	31.85%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.11	0.820
48904	RICHLAND	US Route	21	1.85	1.97	Divided - Physical Barrier	40020002100N	1	1	3	36,500	Urban	5,222	31.18%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.820
885	AIKEN	SC Route	19 52	0.3	11	TWLTL - Bituminous Median Divided - Earth median	02040001900N 10020005200W	1	1	2	26,600	Suburban Urban	586 2.363	6.95% 34 51%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.09	0.816
11080	CHARLESTON	SC Route	171	3.66	7.99	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040017100N	1	1	6	20,300	Urban	334	8.70%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.09	0.816
11083 21678	CHARLESTON DORCHESTER	SC Route SC Route	171 165	3.66 10.935	7.99	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040017100N 18040016500N	1	1	10	45,400 41,400	Urban Suburban	3,080	10.13% 8.62%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.21	0.816
21703	DORCHESTER	SC Route	642	4.588	5.782	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	18040064200E	1	0	12	40,400	Urban	3,063	4.27%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.57	0.816
21850 27134	GREENVILLE	Secondary road US Route	62 276	0 33.07	1.82 34.57	IWLTL - Bituminous Median Non-divided	18070006200E 23020027600E	1	1	22 6	37,000	Urban Urban	2,371 2,116	20.92% 32.35%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.90 0.16	0.816
38040	LEXINGTON	SC Route	302	14.94	21.792	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32040030200E	1	1	1	33,600	Suburban	1,545	23.12%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.74	0.816
38041 53319	LEXINGTON SPARTANBURG	SC Route US Route	302 29	14.94 17.06	21.792 25.79	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32040030200E 42020002900N	1	1	6	33,600 15,300	Suburban Urban	1,545 1,670	23.12% 9.77%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.01	0.816 0.816
53322	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	17.06	25.79	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N	1	1	6	26,600	Urban	1,409	11.90%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	3.15	0.816
53471 10858	CHARLESTON	SC Route	9 17	7.111 23.8	14.541 28.82	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	4204000900S	1	1	1	31,000 47,100	Suburban Urban	1,6/1 1,795	5.82%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.92	0.816
10892	CHARLESTON	US Route	17	37.72	37.98	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020001700N	1	0	9	43,800	Suburban	1,424	9.32%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.30	0.812
21679	DORCHESTER	SC Route	165	10.935	14.31	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	18040016500N	1	1	4	29,000	Suburban	1,733	8.62%	4	Minor Art.	3	Unpaved	0.23	0.812
27078	GREENVILLE	US Route	29	14.63	15.61	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002900N 23020002900N	1	0	9	32,300	Suburban Suburban	1,315	3.12%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	0.54	0.812
27353	GREENVILLE	SC Route	253	4.38	4.81	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040025300N	1	1	7	14,000	Suburban	1,354	32.94%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.01	0.812
37812 37893	LEXINGTON	US Route US Route	21 378	15.54 15.19	16.3 26.1	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020002100N 32020037800E	1	0	5	33,000 28.000	Suburban Suburban	1,025	8.88% 19.44%	6 4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.44	0.812
48855	RICHLAND	US Route	1	0.16	0.2	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020000100N	1	0	1	28,000	Urban	5,222	31.18%	4	Principal Art.	2	Paved	0.04	0.812
48897 11877	CHARLESTON	US Route Secondary road	21 404	0.43	0.53	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020002100N 10070040400E	1	0	2	26,700 21,600	Urban Urban	5,222 4,343	31.18%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.09	0.812
23878	FLORENCE	US Route	52	29.184	30.57	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020005200W	1	1	1	26,700	Suburban	396	9.62%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.01	0.808
27093	GREENVILLE	US Route US Route	123	3.93	2.78	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020012300N 23020012300N	1	1	18	21,400 21,400	Urban Urban	3,518 3,518	22.97%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.09	0.808
27137	GREENVILLE	US Route	276	34.57	34.757	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020027600E	1	1	5	24,800	Urban	3,829	28.82%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.18	0.808
31234	HORRY	US Route	501	6.19 18.54	19.36	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020050100S	1	1	26 4	28,200	Urban Urban	4,172	23.40%	ь 4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.16	0.808
47922	PICKENS	US Route	123	18.17	18.9	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	39020012300N	1	1	1	40,100	Suburban	1,264	12.97%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.73	0.808
48029	PICKENS	SC Route	93	0	3.587	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	39040009300N	1	1	3	26,000	Suburban	336	41.48%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.03	0.808
48872	RICHLAND	US Route	1 76	4.5	8.79	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	4002000100N 40020007600F	1	1	6	23,800	Urban Urban	2,738	23.37% 25.49%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.64	0.808
48972	RICHLAND	US Route	76	23.12	23.26	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020007600E	1	1	6	22,500	Urban	4,574	25.49%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.808
55448 55449	SUMTER	US Route US Route	521 521	0	12.7	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020052100N 43020052100N	1	1	0	19,900 19,900	Urban Urban	1,104	36.24% 36.24%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.48	0.808
4296	ANDERSON	US Route	29	15.3	15.53	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04020002900N	1	1	1	12,900	Urban	1,384	35.63%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.06	0.804
4297	ANDERSON	US Route US Route	29	15.3	16.82	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04020002900N 04020002900N	1	1	1	12,900	Urban Urban	1,384	35.63%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.06	0.804
4301	ANDERSON	US Route	29	16.08	16.82	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04020002900N	1	1	1	12,900	Urban	1,384	35.63%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.07	0.804
8851	BERKELEY	US Route	176	21.01	27.02	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08020017600E	1	1	5	30,100	Suburban	2,790	18.59%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.07	0.804
21698	DORCHESTER	SC Route	642	3.029	3.674	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	18040064200E	1	0	4	31,500	Suburban	2,504	7.60%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.64	0.804
21701	DORCHESTER	SC Route	642	3.906	4.588	TWLTL - Concrete Median	18040064200E	1	0	4	31,500	Suburban	2,504	7.60%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.68	0.804
21702 27014	DORCHESTER	SC Route US Route	642 25	4.588 21.18	5.782 23.4	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	18040064200E 23020002500N	1	0	4	31,500 21.000	Suburban Suburban	2,504	7.60%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.62	0.804
55496	SUMTER	SC Route	120	12.17	13.96	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43040012000E	1	1	1	24,500	Urban	956	6.50%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.08	0.804
55499 55501	SUMTER	SC Route SC Route	120 120	14.16 14.39	14.2 17.39	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43040012000E 43040012000F	1	1	1	24,500 24,500	Urban Urban	956 956	6.50% 6.50%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.03	0.804
58834	YORK	US Route	21	7.33	8.27	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46020002100N	1	1	3	23,800	Urban	515	7.26%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.23	0.804
58835 58836	YORK	US Route	21	7.33	8.27	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46020002100N	1	1	3	23,800 21,400	Urban	515	7.26%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.42	0.804
58838	YORK	US Route	21	8.42	12.181	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46020002100N	1	1	2	21,400	Urban	515	7.26%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.19	0.804
59158	YORK	SC Route	322	23.29	28.05	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040032200E	1	1	3	16,600	Urban	2,336	3.35%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.85	0.804
59160 59161	YORK	SC Route	322	23.29	28.05	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040032200E	1	1	2	25,600	Urban Urban	1,790	11.22%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.34	0.804
59162	YORK	SC Route	322	23.29	28.05	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040032200E	1	1	2	25,600	Urban	1,790	11.22%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.62	0.804
4371 10978	ANDERSON	US Route SC Route	76 7	9.27 3.13	11.9 3.71	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04020007600E 10040000700N	1	1	0 4	27,100 48,600	Urban Urban	1,113 3,726	13.10% 17.78%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.43	0.800
11036	CHARLESTON	SC Route	61	12.37	12.73	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	100400061005	1	1	0	21,900	Urban	1,516	6.62%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.800
11092 11406	CHARLESTON	SC Route Secondary road	171 75	8.51 0	9.24 2.56	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040017100N 10070007500N	1	1	4 26	22,900 61,000	Urban Urban	1,516 1,495	6.62% 12.72%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.21	0.800 0.800
23864	FLORENCE	US Route	52	22.45	25.94	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020005200W	1	0	6	20,500	Urban	1,977	30.35%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.69	0.800
2/406 31267	HORRY	US Route	291 501	5.76	ь.19 33.65	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040029100N 26020050100S	1	0	6 8	35,100	Urban Urban	2,289	5.73% 31.22%	6 4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.12	0.800
31268	HORRY	US Route	501	32.74	33.65	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	260200501005	1	0	8	20,800	Urban Suburban	1,593	31.22%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.22	0.800
37885	LEXINGTON	US Route	378	15.19	26.1	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020037800E	1	1	2	44,000	Suburban	807	10.53%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.22	0.800
48859 48860	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	1	0.2	2.4	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020000100N 40020000100N	1	1	12	30,500 31,400	Urban Urban	1,345 1,345	39.68% 39.68%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.19	0.800
48982	RICHLAND	US Route	76	26.04	26.223	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020007600E	1	1	7	49,700	Urban	2,455	5.54%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.19	0.800
48984 49139	RICHLAND	US Route SC Route	76 48	26.223 0	26.74 1.088	TWLTL - Bituminous Median Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020007600E 40040004800E	1	1	7 17	49,700 28,800	Urban Urban	2,455	5.54% 39.68%	5	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.29	0.800
49140	RICHLAND	SC Route	48	1.088	1.481	Divided - Earth median	40040004800E	1	1	17	28,800	Urban	1,345	39.68%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.40	0.800

ID	County	Route Type	Route Number	Begin Milepost	Ending Milepost	Median Type	Route LRS	Within 1 Mile of Alcohol Sales (1	Within 1 Mile of School (1 = Yes,	Total Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crashes (2015-	Factored AADT	Area Type	Population Density (persons/ square	% Households	Total Number of	Functional Class	Right Outside Shoulder	Right Outside Shoulder	Segment Length	PBSAP Risk Score
49213	RICHLAND	SC Boute	277	1.06	8 14	Divided - Cable Stay Guardrail	40040027700N	= Yes, 0 = No)	0 = No) 1	2019)	50.000	Urban	mile)	36.90%	Lanes	Principal Art	Width	Treatment	(miles)	0.800
49229	RICHLAND	SC Route	555	1.56	1.63	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040027700N	1	1	14	13,100	Urban	2,622	36.90%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.07	0.800
49231	RICHLAND	SC Route	555	1.78	3.6	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040055500N	1	1	14	13,100	Urban	2,622	36.90%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.85	0.800
53307	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	13.49	13.711	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N	1	0	14	35,000	Urban	2,283	18.35%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.27	0.800
53309	SPARTANBURG SPARTANBURG	US Route US Route	29 29	13.85 14.1	13.97 14.28	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N 42020002900N	1	0	14	35,000	Urban Urban	2,283	18.35% 18.35%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.12	0.800
53470	SPARTANBURG	SC Route	9	7.111	14.541	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	420400009005	1	1	1	30,000	Suburban	876	6.29%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.15	0.800
8786	BERKELEY BERKELEY	US Route US Route	17 52	1.693	5.19 0.88	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08020001702N 08020005200W	1	0	15	37,100 54,800	Suburban Suburban	1,733	6.03% 9.11%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.91	0.796
8807	BERKELEY	US Route	52	1.05	1.45	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08020005200W	1	0	6	54,800	Suburban	322	9.11%	6	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.10	0.796
11084	CHARLESTON	SC Route Secondary road	171 97	3.66	7.99	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040017100N 10070009700N	1	1	2	25,900	Urban Suburban	1,431 940	9.26%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.26	0.796
11446	CHARLESTON	Secondary road	97	0.45	1.78	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070009700N	1	1	0	27,400	Suburban	940	1.05%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.33	0.796
27696	GREENVILLE	Secondary road Secondary road	94 36	1.35	8.33 5.79	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070009400E 32070003600E	1	1	5	21,800	Suburban Suburban	3,142	9.34% 7.80%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	2.48	0.796
39576	LEXINGTON	Secondary road	757	0.69	2	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32070075700N	1	1	2	32,600	Urban	2,618	18.75%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.34	0.796
48900	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	21	0.97	1.37	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020002100N 40020002100N	1	1	3	36,500 36,500	Urban Urban	5,222	31.18% 31.18%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.30	0.796
49375	RICHLAND	Secondary road	52	0.43	1.06	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070005200E	1	0	1	33,800	Urban	2,187	9.51%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.21	0.796
53320 53432	SPARTANBURG SPARTANBURG	US Route US Route	29 221	17.06 23.62	25.79 26.77	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N 42020022100N	1	1	2	15,800 15,300	Urban Urban	1,670	9.77% 9.77%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.34	0.796
59116	YORK	SC Route	161	15.68	22.97	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040016100S	1	0	2	35,700	Urban	2,020	9.76%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.09	0.796
4491	ANDERSON	SC Route SC Route	161 24	23.31 9.38	28.91	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040016100S 04040002400E	1	0	2	35,700	Urban Suburban	2,020	9.76% 38.88%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.77	0.796
7793	BEAUFORT	US Route	278	0	3.98	Divided - Earth median	07020027807E	1	1	16	37,100	Urban	656	30.68%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	1.68	0.792
7794	BEAUFORT	US Route US Route	278	0 3.98	3.98 5.08	Divided - Earth median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	07020027807E 07020027807E	1	0	16	37,100 40,800	Urban Urban	656	30.68% 8.19%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.25	0.792
7797	BEAUFORT	US Route	278	3.98	5.08	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	07020027807E	1	0	11	35,200	Urban	634	8.19%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.36	0.792
10869	CHARLESTON	US Route	17	29.15	30.33	Divided - Earth median	10020001700N	1	1	5	64,000	Urban	1,516	6.62%	6	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.15	0.792
10870	CHARLESTON CHARLESTON	US Route	17	29.15 29.15	30.33	Divided - Earth median Divided - Earth median	10020001700N	1	1	5	64,000	Urban Urban	1,516	6.62%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Paved	0.33	0.792
10947	CHARLESTON	US Route	52	1.39	1.69	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020005205W	1	1	13	24,100	Urban	1,139	2.75%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.22	0.792
11384 23860	CHARLESTON FLORENCE	Secondary road US Route	62 52	1.311 22.45	2.32 25.94	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070006200E 21020005200W	1	1	4	30,300	Urban Urban	759 1,402	18.65% 8.66%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.24	0.792
23861	FLORENCE	US Route	52	22.45	25.94	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020005200W	1	1	0	22,000	Urban	1,402	8.66%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.05	0.792
24008	GREENVILLE	SC Route US Route	51 29	33.503 6.91	40.473 13.45	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21040005100N 23020002900N	1	1	4	28,700 38,400	Urban Urban	2,028	12.27% 20.59%	6	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.47 3.87	0.792
47891	PICKENS	US Route	76	0	1.783	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	39020007600E	1	1	1	17,200	Suburban	2,918	55.67%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.40	0.792
48862	RICHLAND	US Route	1	0.2	2.4	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020000100N 40020000100N	1	1	6	29,300	Urban	7,341	35.55%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.80	0.792
53318	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	17.06	25.79	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N	1	1	5	14,600	Urban	1,670	9.77%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.19	0.792
4509	ANDERSON	SC Route	28	12.17	19.52	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04040002800W	1	1	7	21,300	Suburban	1,750	17.93%	4	Principal Art.	2	Paved	1.44	0.788
4510	ANDERSON CHARLESTON	SC Route	28	12.45	19.52	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04040002800W	1	1	7	21,300	Suburban	1,750	17.93% 9.32%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	0.73	0.788
11158	CHARLESTON	SC Route	703	1.57	2.26	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040070300N	1	0	16	37,300	Suburban	1,424	9.32%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.68	0.788
23902	FLORENCE	US Route US Route	76	11.85 11.85	16.45 16.45	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020007600E 21020007600E	1	1	2	24,200 20.400	Urban Urban	2,028	12.27%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.42 0.81	0.788
27520	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	21	0	6.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070002100N	1	1	3	16,900	Urban	1,354	32.94%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.20	0.788
37808	LEXINGTON	US Route US Route	21	14.29 15.54	14.63 16.3	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020002100N 32020002100N	1	0	5	33,000 33,000	Suburban Suburban	1,025	8.88% 8.88%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.29	0.788
37811	LEXINGTON	US Route	21	15.54	16.3	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020002100N	1	0	5	33,000	Suburban	1,025	8.88%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.15	0.788
47926	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	123	15.15	22.62	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020012300N	1	1	1	24,400	Urban	5,908	12.97%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.43	0.788
49677	RICHLAND	Secondary road	151	0 8 263	1.87	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070015100N	1	1	4	24,100	Suburban	1,980	9.16%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.01	0.788
883	AIKEN	SC Route	19	0.3	11	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02040001900N	1	1	1	36,600	Suburban	818	3.31%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.26	0.784
7792	BEAUFORT	US Route US Route	278 78	0	3.98	Divided - Earth median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	07020027807E 10020007800E	1	1	16 8	37,100 43.700	Urban Urban	656 1.495	30.68% 12.72%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	1	Paved Unpaved	0.79	0.784
10962	CHARLESTON	US Route	78	3.31	7.28	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020007800E	1	0	8	43,700	Urban	1,495	12.72%	6	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.12	0.784
28010	GREENVILLE	Secondary road Secondary road	200	2.68	3.08	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070020000E 23070020100N	1	1	9	17,300	Urban Urban	3,033	26.39% 6.83%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.21	0.784
37781	LEXINGTON	US Route	1	20.86	27.909	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020000100N	1	0	3	32,300	Suburban	2,012	6.37%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.72	0.784
47888	PICKENS	US Route	76	0.05	1.783	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	39020007600E	1	0	1	31,600	Suburban	2,918	55.67%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.45	0.784
48866 48871	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	1	2.67	3.67 8.79	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020000100N 40020000100N	1	1	9 4	17,400	Urban Urban	2,554	14.35% 23.37%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved Uppaved	0.08	0.784
49022	RICHLAND	US Route	176	15.15	22.62	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020017600E	1	1	14	17,300	Urban	2,618	18.75%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.67	0.784
49083 59230	RICHLAND YORK	SC Route SC Route	12 901	2.51 9.86	6.36 10.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001200E 46040090100N	1	0	9	28,000	Urban Urban	1,713	7.18% 9.76%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.94	0.784
59231	YORK	SC Route	901	9.86	10.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040090100N	1	1	0	16,100	Urban	2,020	9.76%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.42	0.784
10948 10950	CHARLESTON	US Route US Route	52 52	1.39 1.83	1.69 2.25	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020005205W 10020005205W	1	1	3	17,400 17,400	Urban Urban	656 656	47.05% 47.05%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.07	0.780 0.780
11118	CHARLESTON	SC Route	526	0	1.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040052605E	1	1	5	24,000	Suburban	1,424	9.32%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.26	0.780
27009	GREENVILLE	US Route	25	19.96	20.03	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002500N	1	1	1	21,700	Urban Suburban	1,516	6.62% 35.34%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.09	0.780
27011	GREENVILLE	US Route	25	18.11	21	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002500N	1	0	10	21,200	Suburban	1,257	35.34%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	2.88	0.780
27158	GREENVILLE	US Route	385	42.16	42.65	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	23020038505N	1	1	3	38,900	Urban	4,116	9.22%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.23	0.780
31173 58962	HORRY YORK	US Route SC Route	17	33.555 21.23	34.395 29.629	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020001700N 46040000500S	1	0	9	41,400	Suburban Urban	931 515	7.04%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.43	0.780
58972	YORK	SC Route	5	0	1.04	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	4604000506N	1	1	2	14,300	Urban	2,020	9.76%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.02	0.780
59129 59157	YORK	SC Route SC Route	274 322	0 23.29	0.08 28.05	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040027400W 46040032200E	1	1	2	12,700 11,100	Urban Urban	2,336 2,314	3.35% 35.08%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.08	0.780
4370	ANDERSON	US Route	76	9.27	11.9	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04020007600E	1	1	0	27,100	Urban	1,113	13.10%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.38	0.776
0964 11022	CHARLESTON	SC Route	61	3.81 8.32	0.55	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040006100S	1	0	22	2 1,400 34,900	Urban	3,722 4,671	22.53%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.24 1.28	0.776
11028	CHARLESTON CHARLESTON	SC Route	61 97	10.39 0.45	11.9	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	100400061005	1	0	8	52,300	Urban Suburban	2,650 897	11.60%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art	0	Unpaved Paved	0.33	0.776
11449	CHARLESTON	Secondary road	97	0.45	1.78	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070009700N	1	1	3	27,100	Suburban	897	3.36%	4	Minor Art.	3	Unpaved	0.19	0.776
11450 23862	CHARLESTON FLORENCE	Secondary road US Route	97 52	0.45 22.45	1.78 25.94	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070009700N 21020005200W	1	1	3	27,100 25,500	Suburban Urban	897 1,402	3.36% 8.66%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.53	0.776
23905	FLORENCE	US Route	76	11.85	16.45	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020007600E	1	0	4	18,400	Urban	1,977	30.35%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.19	0.776
23908 23910	FLORENCE	US Route US Route	76 76	18.45 18.87	18.67 20.24	I WLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020007600E 21020007600E	1	0	6	15,900 15,900	Urban Urban	1,977	30.35% 30.35%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.22	0.776
27140	GREENVILLE	US Route	276	34.783	35.97	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020027600E	1	0	10	26,000	Urban	1,336	6.03%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.16	0.776
27400	GREENVILLE	SC Route	216	30.462 1.24	5.76	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020027600E 23040029100N	1	0	13	22,800	Urban	1,336	6.03%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.86	0.776
27402	GREENVILLE	SC Route	291	1.24	5.76	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040029100N	1	0	13	22,800	Urban	1,336	6.03%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.52	0.776

ID	County	Route Type	Route Number	Begin Milepost	Ending Milepost	Median Type	Route LRS	Within 1 Mile of Alcohol Sales (1 = Yes 0 = No)	Within 1 Mile of School (1 = Yes, 0 = No)	Total Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crashes (2015- 2019)	Factored AADT	Area Type	Population Density (persons/ square	% Households in Poverty	Total Number of Lanes	Functional Class	Right Outside Shoulder	Right Outside Shoulder Treatment	Segment Length (miles)	PBSAP Risk Score
27405	GREENVILLE	SC Route	291	5.76	6.19	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	23040029100N	1	1	6	35,100	Urban	mile) 2,289	5.73%	4	Principal Art.	Width 0	Unpaved	0.28	0.776
27614	GREENVILLE	Secondary road US Route	55 17	7.65 24.339	9.24 27.175	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070005500N 26020001700N	1	1	2	28,700 47.300	Suburban Urban	941 902	8.30% 13.96%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.00	0.776
31156	HORRY	US Route	17	24.339	27.175	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020001700N	1	0	11	44,200	Urban	902	13.96%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.31	0.776
37894 48968	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	378	15.19 19.65	26.1 20.87	TWLTL - Bituminous Median Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	32020037800E 40020007600E	1	1	3	23,200 25,100	Suburban Urban	2,890	23.16% 39.68%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.89	0.776
48976	RICHLAND	US Route	76	23.68	26.04	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020007600E	1	1	4	29,200	Urban	2,455	5.54%	5	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.22	0.776
49135	RICHLAND	SC Route	48	0	1.088	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40040004800E 40040004800E	1	1	14	20,200	Urban Urban	1,345	39.68% 39.68%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.10	0.776
49137	RICHLAND	SC Route	48	0	1.088	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40040004800E	1	1	14	20,200	Urban	1,345	39.68%	7	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.20	0.776
49138	RICHLAND	SC Route	277	1.06	8.14	Divided - Cable Stay Guardrail	40040004800E	1	1	0	50,000	Urban	2,622	36.90%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.40	0.776
49214	RICHLAND	SC Route	277	1.06	8.14 8.14	Divided - Cable Stay Guardrail Divided - Cable Stay Guardrail	40040027700N 40040027700N	1	1	0	50,000	Urban	2,622	36.90% 36.90%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved Paved	0.07	0.776
49308	RICHLAND	Secondary road	31	0.35	0.99	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070003100N	1	1	8	28,600	Urban	1,196	12.71%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.63	0.776
49383 49386	RICHLAND	Secondary road Secondary road	52 52	2.35	9.14 9.14	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070005200E 40070005200E	1	0	1	30,800 34,700	Suburban Suburban	1,670	7.94%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.73	0.776
53316	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	15.89	16.47	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N	1	0	14	35,000	Urban	2,283	18.35%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.52	0.776
55340 55400	SUMTER	US Route US Route	15 76	9.472 0.45	12.67 3.43	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020001500N 43020007607E	1	1	4	15,600 15,700	Urban Urban	1,992	22.57% 22.57%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.27	0.776
58844	YORK	US Route	21	12.379	12.499	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46020002100N	1	0	5	39,000	Urban	794	18.08%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.12	0.776
59058	YORK	SC Route	122	0.54	0.36	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040007200E	1	1	6	5,900	Urban	3,304	32.18%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.40	0.776
59091	YORK	SC Route	160	1.041	3.85	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040016000E	1	0	2	32,600	Suburban	1,766	1.89%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	2.32	0.776
59121	YORK	SC Route	161	23.31	28.91	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040016000E	1	0	9	55,000	Urban	794	18.08%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.41	0.776
4369	ANDERSON	US Route	76	9.27	11.9 24.452	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04020007600E	1	0	6	30,100	Suburban	118	6.16% 17.26%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	0.59	0.772
27019	GREENVILLE	US Route	25	24.479	26.99	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002500N	1	0	13	38,600	Suburban	1,047	17.26%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.20	0.772
27020 27022	GREENVILLE	US Route US Route	25 25	24.479 27.135	26.99 35.81	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002500N 23020002500N	1	0	14	36,000 36,000	Suburban Suburban	1,047	17.26% 17.26%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.27 0.52	0.772
27023	GREENVILLE	US Route	25	27.135	35.81	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002500N	1	0	31	34,100	Suburban	1,047	17.26%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.33	0.772
27024 27025	GREENVILLE	US Route US Route	25 25	27.135 27.135	35.81 35.81	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002500N 23020002500N	1	0	31 31	34,100 34,100	Suburban Suburban	1,047 1,047	17.26% 17.26%	8	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.14	0.772 0.772
27026	GREENVILLE	US Route	25	27.135	35.81	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002500N	1	0	31	34,100	Suburban	1,047	17.26%	8	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.19	0.772
27027 27350	GREENVILLE	US Route SC Route	25	27.135 0.26	35.81 3.96	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002500N 23040025300N	1	0	31	34,100 14,000	Suburban	1,047	32.94%	6 4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.76 1.62	0.772
27352	GREENVILLE	SC Route	253	4.38	4.81	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040025300N	1	1	7	14,000	Suburban	1,354	32.94%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.16	0.772
48183	RICHLAND	US Route	21	0.357	0.667	Non-divided	40020002100N	1	1	4	27,500	Urban	5,222	31.18%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.31	0.772
48896	RICHLAND	US Route	21	0.33	0.43	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020002100N	1	1	3	27,500	Urban	5,222	31.18%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.10	0.772
59119	YORK	SC Route	161	23.31	28.91	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	460400161005	1	0	1	27,500	Urban	2,336	3.35%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.51	0.772
815 9175	AIKEN	US Route Secondary road	25	0.71	8.64 6.76	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02020002500N 08070013600F	1	1	2	21,200	Suburban	1,828	15.84%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art	0	Unpaved	0.43	0.768
10981	CHARLESTON	SC Route	7	3.71	5.92	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	10040000700N	1	1	17	20,000	Urban	954	33.53%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.22	0.768
11030	CHARLESTON	SC Route Secondary road	61 13	11.9 0.11	12.23 2.81	Divided - Earth median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040006100S 10070001300N	1	1	9	45,800 15.300	Urban Urban	1,516	6.62% 36.86%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.05	0.768
24007	FLORENCE	SC Route	51	33.503	40.473	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21040005100N	1	1	6	22,700	Urban	2,497	10.82%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.90	0.768
27151	GREENVILLE	US Route SC Route	276	40.263	42.026 20.62	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020027600E 23040001400W	1	0	1	35,800 28,300	Suburban Suburban	2,097	10.90% 3.12%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.16	0.768
27205	GREENVILLE	SC Route	14	16.57	20.62	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040001400W	1	0	1	28,300	Suburban	1,315	3.12%	6	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.27	0.768
27331	GREENVILLE	SC Route	183	6.19	6.69	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040018300N 23040018300N	1	1	26	16,000	Urban Urban	4,172	18.82%	6	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.81	0.768
31492	HORRY	SC Route	707	0	11.481	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26040070700N	1	1	16	22,200	Urban	3,294	15.45%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	2.09	0.768
48941	RICHLAND	US Route	21	0.07	0.26	Non-divided	40020002106N	1	1	9	24,000	Urban	5,222	31.18%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.82	0.768
48942	RICHLAND	US Route	21	0.26	0.58	Divided - Physical Barrier	40020002106N 40020007600F	1	1	9	24,000	Urban	5,222	31.18% 14.23%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved Paved	0.30	0.768
49121	RICHLAND	SC Route	16	1.91	2.24	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001600E	1	1	9	22,200	Urban	2,738	23.37%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.33	0.768
49123 59074	RICHLAND YORK	SC Route SC Route	16 122	2.36	7.05	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001600E 46040012200E	1	1	9	22,200	Urban Urban	2,738	23.37% 19.91%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.74	0.768
59285	YORK	Secondary road	30	3.08	5.19	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46070003000E	1	1	0	22,700	Urban	2,336	3.35%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.75	0.768
59440 7801	YORK	US Route	86 278	0 8.71	0.83	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46070008600E 07020027807E	1	1	2	23,400 21,400	Urban Urban	2,336	3.35% 11.48%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.83	0.768
8852	BERKELEY	US Route	176	21.01	27.02	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08020017600E	1	0	15	40,700	Suburban	3,172	1.57%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	2.87	0.764
22051	DORCHESTER	Secondary road	230	0	5.48 0.58	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	18070019900N	1	0	6	31,000	Suburban	3,177	9.07%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	3.46 0.10	0.764
22110	DORCHESTER GRFFNV#1F	Secondary road	230	1.15	2.28	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	18070023000E	1	0	6	31,000	Suburban Urban	3,177	9.07%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	1.14	0.764
27183	GREENVILLE	SC Route	14	6.15	6.2	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040001400W	1	1	0	17,700	Suburban	1,573	3.99%	4	Principal Art.	2	Paved	0.12	0.764
27185 31482	GREENVILLE HORRY	SC Route SC Route	14 544	6.55 7.86	9.31 11.821	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040001400W 26040054400F	1	1	0	17,700 36.700	Suburban Suburban	1,573 3,294	3.99% 15.45%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.59	0.764
31483	HORRY	SC Route	544	7.86	11.821	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26040054400E	1	0	5	36,700	Suburban	3,294	15.45%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.91	0.764
31484 31487	HORRY	SC Route SC Route	544 544	7.86 11.898	11.821 13.71	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26040054400E 26040054400E	1	0	5 4	36,700 29,200	Suburban Suburban	3,294	15.45% 4.60%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.07	0.764 0.764
39574	LEXINGTON	Secondary road	757	0.69	2	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32070075700N	1	1	1	18,700	Urban	2,224	3.56%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.46	0.764
49145 53366	SPARTANBURG	US Route	48 176	2.33	2.514	TWLTL - Dituminous Median	42020017600E	1	1	0	17,000	Suburban	1,448	50.15% 46.91%	4	Principal Art.	4	Paved	0.04	0.764
53740	SPARTANBURG	SC Route	296	8.263	13.903	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42040029600E	1	0	3	25,000	Urban	1,782	9.72%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	0.06	0.764
884	AIKEN	SC Route	19	0.3	11	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02040001900N	1	. 1	2	26,600	Suburban	586	6.95%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.59	0.760
10935 10937	CHARLESTON	US Route US Route	52 52	6.95 12.4	11.86 14.33	Divided - Earth median Divided - Earth median	10020005200W 10020005200W	1	1	17	38,500 38.500	Urban Urban	4,070	11.15% 11.15%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.08	0.760
10960	CHARLESTON	US Route	78	3.31	7.28	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020007800E	1	0	8	43,700	Urban	1,495	12.72%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.24	0.760
11361 11375	CHARLESTON	Secondary road Secondary road	58 60	0 1.68	1.41 3.17	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070005800E 10070006000E	1	1	0 7	8,400 32,800	Urban Urban	1,380 3,031	36.86% 5.50%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.05	0.760 0.760
12051	CHARLESTON	Secondary road	550	0.19	0.36	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070055000E	1	1	13	10,900	Urban	3,092	34.35%	4	Collector/Local	0	Unpaved	0.16	0.760
24064 27305	GREENVILLE	Secondary road SC Route	12 146	2.57	3.51 7.36	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	210/0001200E 23040014600E	1	0	10 6	20,600 40,100	Urban Urban	1,848	43.05% 6.03%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.90	0.760
27307	GREENVILLE	SC Route	146	1.71	7.36	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040014600E	1	0	6	40,100	Urban	1,336	6.03%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	2.19	0.760
31217	HORRY	US Route	378	2 8.37	2.99	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020037800E	1	1	7	15,800	Urban	865	23.40%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.20	0.760
31254	HORRY	US Route	501	28.18	29.74	Divided - Physical Barrier	26020050100S	1	1	6	60,400	Urban	1,483	4.97% 4.97%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.68	0.760
31256	HORRY	US Route	501	28.18	29.74	Divided - Physical Barrier	260200501005	1	1	6	60,400	Urban	1,483	4.97%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.49	0.760
31257 31258	HORRY	US Route US Route	501 501	29.74 29.74	30.61 30.61	Divided - Earth median Divided - Earth median	26020050100S 26020050100S	1	1	6	60,400 60,400	Urban Urban	1,483 1,483	4.97% 4.97%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Paved	0.24	0.760
31259	HORRY	US Route	501	29.74	30.61	Divided - Earth median	260200501005	1	1	6	60,400	Urban	1,483	4.97%	4	Principal Art.	4	Paved	0.05	0.760
31260	HORRY	US Route	501	29.74	30.61	Divided - Earth median	260200501005	1	1	6	60,400	Urban	1,483	4.97%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	1	Paved	0.18	0.760

SOUTH CAROLINA PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE SAFETY ACTION PLAN

Appendix B High-Risk Roadway Analysis Results

ID	County	Route Type	Route Number	Begin Milepost	Ending Milepost	Median Type	Route LRS	Within 1 Mile of Alcohol Sales (1	Within 1 Mile of School (1 = Yes,	Total Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crashes (2015- 2019)	Factored AADT	Area Type	Population Density (persons/ square	% Households in Poverty	Total Number of	Functional Class	Right Outside Shoulder	Right Outside Shoulder Treatment	Segment Length (miles)	PBSAP Risk Score
31262	HORRY	US Route	501	30.61	31.34	Divided - Physical Barrier	260200501005	- res, 0 = N6) 1	1	6	60,400	Urban	mile) 1,483	4.97%	4	Principal Art.	Width 4	Paved	0.12	0.760
31263	HORRY	US Route	501	30.61	31.34	Divided - Physical Barrier	260200501005	1	1	6	60,400	Urban	1,483	4.97%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.27	0.760
37888	LEXINGTON	US Route	378	15.19	26.1	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020030100S	1	0	2	33,800	Suburban	717	3.66%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	2.64	0.760
37889	LEXINGTON	US Route	378	15.19	26.1	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020037800E	1	0	2	33,800	Suburban	717	3.66%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.08	0.760
47902	PICKENS	US Route	123	1.35	20.1	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	39020012300N	1	0	1	29,400	Suburban	2,918	55.67%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.58	0.760
48865	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	1 21	2.67 4.38	3.67	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020000100N 40020002100N	1	1	9	14,100 10.500	Urban Urban	2,554	14.35% 28.23%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.78	0.760
49124	RICHLAND	SC Route	16	2.36	7.05	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001600E	1	1	9	14,900	Urban	2,717	7.31%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.51	0.760
49176 49178	RICHLAND	SC Route SC Route	215 215	0	0.26	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040021500N 40040021500N	1	0	9	12,800	Urban Urban	2,851	33.33% 33.33%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.26	0.760
49318	RICHLAND	Secondary road	33	0.141	6.67	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070003300N	1	1	4	14,400	Urban	2,214	5.29%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.39	0.760
49713 53302	RICHLAND	Secondary road US Route	29	1.213	1.913	TWLTL - Bituminous Median Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40070017700N 42020002900N	1	1	5	8,700 46,200	Urban Suburban	1,345	39.68% 9.72%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.69	0.760
53303	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	12.98	13.193	Divided - Earth median	42020002900N	1	1	1	46,200	Suburban	1,782	9.72%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.22	0.760
53304 53428	SPARTANBURG SPARTANBURG	US Route US Route	29	13.193 20.43	23.11	Divided - Physical Barrier TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N 42020022100N	1	1	5	46,200	Suburban Urban	2,796	9.72% 30.46%	6 4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.07	0.760
53429	SPARTANBURG	US Route	221	20.43	23.11	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020022100N	1	0	5	12,400	Urban	2,796	30.46%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.45	0.760
55907	SUMTER	Secondary road	152	23.62	1.4	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020022100N 43070015200E	1	1	4	5,500	Urban Urban	2,796	30.46%	4	Minor Art.	2	Paved	0.14	0.760
817	AIKEN	US Route	25	0.71	8.64	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02020002500N	1	1	4	17,400	Suburban	1,207	22.00%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.21	0.756
819	AIKEN	US Route	25	0.71	8.64	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02020002500N 02020002500N	1	1	4	17,400	Suburban	1,207	22.00%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.51	0.756
23907	FLORENCE	US Route	76	17.92	18.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020007600E	1	0	1	17,800	Urban	1,977	30.35%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.38	0.756
45382	ORANGEBURG	US Route	21	24.25	26.02	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	38020002100N	1	1	4	23,100	Town	1,711	32.18%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.20	0.756
48879	RICHLAND	US Route	1	9.03	13.52	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020000100N 40020000100N	1	0	11	38,300	Suburban	1,559	14.18%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	2.31	0.756
48975	RICHLAND	US Route	76	23.68	26.04	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020007600E	1	1	2	27,300	Urban	2,655	4.00%	5	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.12	0.756
49217 50639	RICHLAND	SC Route Secondary road	277	1.06	8.14 2.17	Divided - Cable Stay Guardrail TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040027700N 40070103600F	1	1	0	59,700 21.100	Suburban Suburban	1,608	32.00% 13.82%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	1	Paved Unpaved	1.73 0.63	0.756
58840	YORK	US Route	21	8.42	12.181	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46020002100N	. 1	1	2	13,800	Urban	515	7.26%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.27	0.756
1051 8775	AIKEN BERKELEY	SC Route US Route	302 17	9.487 0	15.42 0.26	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02040030200E 08020001702N	1	1	1	21,900	Suburban Suburban	792 279	7.24%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.42	0.752
10938	CHARLESTON	US Route	52	12.4	14.33	Divided - Earth median	10020005200W	1	1	9	69,800	Urban	1,961	21.33%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.12	0.752
10939 10940	CHARLESTON	US Route US Route	52 52	12.4 12.4	14.33 14.33	Divided - Earth median Divided - Earth median	10020005200W 10020005200W	1	1	9	69,800 69,800	Urban Urban	1,961 1,961	21.33%	8	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.80	0.752
10941	CHARLESTON	US Route	52	12.4	14.33	Divided - Earth median	10020005200W	1	1	9	69,800	Urban	1,961	21.33%	6	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.18	0.752
11087	CHARLESTON	SC Route SC Route	1/1 171	8.1 8.51	8.25 9.24	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040017100N 10040017100N	1	1	5	47,500	Urban Urban	1,516	6.62%	5	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.15	0.752
11112	CHARLESTON	SC Route	461	3.35	3.71	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040046100N	1	0	5	29,600	Urban	3,572	14.43%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.07	0.752
23863	GREENVILLE	US Route US Route	29	6.91	13.45	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020005200W	1	0	2	40,200	Suburban	1,402	8.66%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.44	0.752
27075	GREENVILLE	US Route	29	13.9	14.48	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002900N	1	0	2	40,200	Suburban	1,472	19.11%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.67	0.752
27401	GREENVILLE	SC Route	29	14.65	5.76	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002900N 23040029100N	1	0	13	22,800	Urban	1,472	6.03%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.46	0.752
27404	GREENVILLE	SC Route	291	5.76	6.19	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	23040029100N	1	1	4	29,800	Urban	2,289	5.73%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.09	0.752
27408	GREENVILLE	SC Route	291	6.79	6.85	Divided - Kaised/Curbed Median	23040029100N	1	1	8	47,600	Urban	1,737	20.59%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.07	0.752
27410	GREENVILLE	SC Route	291	6.85	7.04	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	23040029100N	1	1	8	47,600	Urban	1,737	20.59%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.19	0.752
31345	HORRY	SC Route	9	36.73	39.06	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26040009005	1	1	2	22,300	Suburban	721	13.34%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.77	0.752
37780	LEXINGTON	US Route Secondary road	1 36	20.86	27.909	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020000100N 32070003600F	1	0	2	28,200	Suburban Suburban	1,981	2.84%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	2.24	0.752
48906	RICHLAND	US Route	21	2.29	2.761	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020002100N	1	1	11	16,200	Urban	1,345	39.68%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.01	0.752
49077 49078	RICHLAND	SC Route SC Route	12	1.28	2.32	Non-divided Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40040001200E 40040001200E	1	1	14	20,800 20,800	Urban Urban	1,345 1,345	39.68% 39.68%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.15	0.752
49079	RICHLAND	SC Route	12	2.32	2.51	Non-divided	40040001200E	1	1	14	20,800	Urban	1,345	39.68%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.18	0.752
49191 49193	RICHLAND	SC Route SC Route	262 262	0.24	0.54	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040026200E 40040026200E	1	0	7	25,900 25,900	Urban Urban	2,652	6.12%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.32	0.752
49305	RICHLAND	Secondary road	31	0	0.06	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070003100N	1	1	4	24,900	Urban	1,196	12.71%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.06	0.752
53321	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	0.141	25.79	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070003300N 42020002900N	1	1	0	14,100	Urban	1,670	9.77%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.36	0.752
53361	SPARTANBURG	US Route	176	18.83	19.27	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020017600E	1	1	3	24,000	Suburban	665	11.63%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.04	0.752
55338	SUMTER	US Route	170	9.472	12.67	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020001500N	1	1	5	15,300	Urban	415	28.38%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.74	0.752
55401	SUMTER	US Route	76	0.45	3.43	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020007607E	1	1	5	13,000	Urban	1,992	22.57%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.58	0.752
55454	SUMTER	US Route	521	0	12.7	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020052100N	1	1	0	23,900	Urban	1,378	16.22%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.55	0.752
59123 4506	YORK	SC Route	161 28	23.31 12.45	28.91 19.52	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040016100S	1	0	9	55,000 18,900	Urban Suburban	794 840	18.08% 25.68%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved Uppaved	0.28	0.752
10989	CHARLESTON	SC Route	30	0.27	3	Divided - Physical Barrier	10040003000E	1	1	1	55,900	Urban	1,516	6.62%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.05	0.748
10990 10991	CHARLESTON	SC Route SC Route	30 30	0.27	3	Divided - Physical Barrier Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	10040003000E	1	1	1	55,900 55,900	Urban Urban	1,516	6.62% 6.62%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.34	0.748
12732	CHARLESTON	Secondary road	1194	0	0.21	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070119400E	1	1	1	22,900	Urban	4,343	20.53%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.20	0.748
27028	GREENVILLE	US Route US Route	25 123	27.135	35.81 6.28	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020002500N 23020012300N	1	0	31	34,100	Suburban Urban	1,047	17.26% 28.82%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	2.13	0.748
37782	LEXINGTON	US Route	1	20.86	27.909	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020000100N	1	0	6	45,300	Suburban	1,082	12.11%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.15	0.748
45491 49108	ORANGEBURG RICHLAND	US Route SC Route	301 12	16 0	18.56 0.282	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	38020030100N 40040001205E	1	1	5	13,900 23,400	Town Urban	1,905	43.77%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.10	0.748
49244	RICHLAND	SC Route	555	7.37	7.77	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040055500N	1	1	3	24,300	Urban	2,008	13.82%	4	Minor Art.	3	Unpaved	0.05	0.748
49246 53382	RICHLAND	SC Route US Route	555 176	7.37 25.36	7.77 25.67	(WLTL - Bituminous Median Divided - Earth median	40040055500N 42020017600E	1	1	3	24,300 26,100	Urban Urban	2,008	13.82% 9.77%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.11 0.13	0.748 0.748
53709	SPARTANBURG	SC Route	295	2.83	3.39	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	420400295005	1	1	3	21,300	Urban	2,283	18.35%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.13	0.748
53712	SPARTANBURG	SC Route SC Route	295 295	2.83	3.39 13.32	rWLIL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42040029500S 42040029500S	1	1	3	21,300 21,300	Urban Urban	2,283	18.35%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.19 0.06	0.748 0.748
53713	SPARTANBURG	SC Route	295	3.51	13.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	420400295005	1	1	3	21,300	Urban	2,283	18.35%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.51	0.748
55455	SUMTER	US Route	296 521	0.263 0	13.903	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42040029600E 43020052100N	1	1	3	≥5,000 16,100	Urban	1,782	9.72%	8 4	minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.03	0.748
55502 816	SUMTER	SC Route	120	14.39	17.39	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43040012000E	1	1	2	16,000	Urban	1,378	16.22%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.17	0.748
831	AIKEN	US Route	25	0.14	0.74	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02020002507N	1	1	3	18,300	Suburban	1,763	21.63%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.64	0.744
834 4372	AIKEN	US Route	25 76	1.32	1.5	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02020002507N	1	1	3	18,000	Suburban	1,763	21.63%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.16	0.744
4564	ANDERSON	SC Route	81	42.38	43.82	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04040008100N	1	1	1	12,000	Suburban	878	32.14%	4	Minor Art.	3	Unpaved	0.18	0.744
10982	CHARLESTON	SC Route	7	3.71	5.92	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	10040000700N	1	1	17	20,000	Urban Urban	954 954	33.53%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	3	Unpaved	0.03	0.744
11202	CHARLESTON	Secondary road	13	0.11	2.81	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070001300N	1	0	0	16,000	Urban	2,363	34.51%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.02	0.744
11203 12862	CHARLESTON	Secondary road Secondary road	13 1342	2.81 0.024	3.5 0.41	TWLTL - Concrete Median Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	10070001300N 10070134200E	1	0	0 4	16,000 19,900	Urban Urban	2,363 2,276	34.51% 31.72%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.18	0.744 0.744
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ID	County	Route Type	Route Number	Begin Milepost	Ending Milepost	Median Type	Route LRS	Within 1 Mile of Alcohol Sales (1 = Yes, 0 = No)	Within 1 Mile of School (1 = Yes, 0 = No)	Total Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crashes (2015- 2019)	Factored AADT	Area Type	Population Density (persons/ square	% Households in Poverty	Total Number of Lanes	Functional Class	Right Outside Shoulder	Right Outside Shoulder Treatment	Segment Length (miles)	PBSAP Risk Score
23904	FLORENCE	US Route	76	11.85	16.45	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020007600E	1	1	0	16,000	Urban	2,428	28.77%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.53	0.744
24163	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	31 14	16.57	20.62	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040001400W	1	0	4	28,300	Suburban	1,315	3.12%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	2.39	0.744
27328	GREENVILLE	SC Route SC Route	183 183	1.2 4.59	4.4 5.49	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040018300N 23040018300N	1	1	26 26	16,000	Urban Urban	4,172	18.82% 18.82%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.47 0.08	0.744
27753	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	107	1.1	2.34	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070010700N	1	1	1	17,900	Suburban	1,947	6.63%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.96	0.744
31240	HORRY	US Route US Route	501	20.92	21.59	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020050100S 26020050100S	1	0	4	39,700	Urban Urban	386	12.04%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Paved	0.02	0.744
31243	HORRY	US Route US Route	501 501	21.7	22.39	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020050100S	1	0	4	39,700 39,700	Urban Urban	386 386	12.04% 12.04%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	1	Paved Unpaved	0.58	0.744
31477	HORRY	SC Route	544	0.49	7.801	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26040054400E	1	0	14	35,000	Urban	386	12.04%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	4.89	0.744
31862 37816	HORRY LEXINGTON	Secondary road US Route	215 21	0.541 16.62	2.351 17.46	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26070021500N 32020002100N	1	0	23	15,600 22,000	Urban Suburban	2,300	34.71% 8.88%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.73 0.23	0.744
38831	LEXINGTON	Secondary road	273	0	1.13	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32070027300N	1	1	2	16,100	Suburban	1,688	8.65%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.22	0.744
48876	RICHLAND	US Route	1	8.79	9.03	Divided - Earth median	40020000100N	1	1	2	32,300	Suburban	2,123	9.08%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.25	0.744
48877 48943	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	1 21	8.79 0.58	9.03 0.68	Divided - Earth median Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020000100N 40020002106N	1	1	2 26	31,500 16,700	Suburban Urban	2,123	9.08% 31.18%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.07	0.744
48944	RICHLAND	US Route	21	0.68	1.03	Divided - Physical Barrier	40020002106N	1	1	26	16,700	Urban	5,222	31.18%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.35	0.744
48945 48947	RICHLAND	US Route	21	1.03	2.93	Non-divided	40020002106N 40020002106N	1	1	26	16,700	Urban Urban	5,222	31.18%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.03	0.744
49111	RICHLAND	SC Route	16 16	0	0.19	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001600E	1	1	5	17,700	Urban	2,806	18.62%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.06	0.744
49130	RICHLAND	SC Route	16	7.3	9.395	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001600E	1	1	5	19,000	Urban	4,574	25.49%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.29	0.744
49131 49133	RICHLAND	SC Route SC Route	16 16	7.3 9.429	9.395 9.55	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001600E 40040001600E	1	1	0	16,400 16,400	Urban Urban	3,716 3,716	56.15% 56.15%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.81	0.744
49780	RICHLAND	Secondary road	218	1.339	1.76	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070021800E	1	1	1	15,600	Suburban	1,608	32.00%	4	Collector/Local	0	Unpaved	0.42	0.744
55334 59163	YORK	SC Route	322	8.14 23.29	28.05	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020001500N 46040032200E	1	0	4	29,500	Urban Urban	1,169	28.11%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.34	0.744
789	AIKEN	US Route	1	13	15.08	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02020000100N 04020002907N	1	1	0	20,500	Suburban	1,114	10.83%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	0.09	0.740
4342	ANDERSON	US Route	29	2.2	3.95	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04020002907N	1	1	3	17,200	Urban	979	23.93%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.62	0.740
4670 5168	ANDERSON	Secondary road Secondary road	22 274	8.47 1.44	8.86 2.99	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04070002200E 04070027400E	1	1	1	5,000 2,900	Urban Urban	1,500 1,384	38.88% 35.63%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.07	0.740
7778	BEAUFORT	US Route	278	14.44	14.958	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	07020027800E	1	0	2	57,100	Urban	1,090	16.95%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.34	0.740
8794 8795	BERKELEY	US Route US Route	17	15.632	18.8	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08020001702N 08020001702N	1	0	4	32,600	Suburban	741	14.05%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.54	0.740
8796	BERKELEY	US Route	17	15.632	18.8	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08020001702N	1	0	4	32,600	Suburban	741	14.05%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.25	0.740
10939	CHARLESTON	SC Route	30	0	0.27	Divided - Earth median	10020007800E	1	1	2	33,500	Urban	1,433	9.26%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.27	0.740
12170 24005	CHARLESTON FLORENCE	Secondary road SC Route	658 51	1.444 33.503	1.494 40.473	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070065800E 21040005100N	1	1	1	10,600 30.800	Urban Urban	3,092	34.35% 8.66%	4	Collector/Local Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.03	0.740
27143	GREENVILLE	US Route	276	36.462	38.639	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020027600E	1	0	1	39,200	Urban	1,102	17.21%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.16	0.740
27148 27149	GREENVILLE	US Route US Route	276 276	40.263 40.263	42.026 42.026	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020027600E 23020027600E	1	0	3	33,800 33,800	Urban Urban	1,102	17.21%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	1	Paved Unpaved	0.61	0.740
27521	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	21	0	6.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070002100N	1	1	2	8,900	Urban	1,354	32.94%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.20	0.740
31182	HORRY	US Route	17	0.45	1.03	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020001707N	1	0	7	28,600	Suburban	2,716	11.58%	ь 4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.13	0.740
31478	HORRY	SC Route	544 544	0.49	7.801	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26040054400E	1	0	5	32,200	Suburban	517	22.04%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	2.22	0.740
38011	LEXINGTON	SC Route	60	0	3.31	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32040006000E	1	1	0	26,300	Suburban	2,427	12.50%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.68	0.740
49006 49007	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	76 76	0	0.76	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020007650E 40020007650E	1	1	2	11,200 11,200	Urban Urban	2,455	5.54% 5.54%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	2	Unpaved Paved	0.09	0.740
49009	RICHLAND	US Route	76	0	0.47	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020007652E	1	1	1	14,500	Urban	2,655	4.00%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.49	0.740
49319 55691	SUMTER	Secondary road	55	0.141	2.09	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43070005500N	1	1	1	6,700	Urban	1,474	45.34%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.15	0.740
55692 59019	SUMTER	Secondary road SC Route	55 49	0.65	2.09	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43070005500N 46040004900N	1	1	1	6,700	Urban Suburban	1,474	45.34%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.03	0.740
3599	AIKEN	Secondary road	2323	1.29	1.46	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02070232300N	1	1	1	2,700	Suburban	1,506	38.32%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.07	0.736
8809 8960	BERKELEY BERKELEY	US Route Secondary road	52 29	1.45 2.86	15.01 5.74	Divided - Earth median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08020005200W 08070002900N	1	1	2	38,600 20,600	Suburban Suburban	322 2,086	9.11% 5.27%	6 4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.12	0.736
11148	CHARLESTON	SC Route	700	17.78	18.87	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040070000E	1	0	9	26,800	Urban	1,431	9.26%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.08	0.736
21685	DORCHESTER	SC Route	165	14.96	15.47	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	18040016500N	1	0	2	30,300	Suburban	1,733	6.03%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.58	0.736
27066	GREENVILLE	US Route US Route	29 29	5.374 6.43	6.43 6.51	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median Non-divided	23020002900N 23020002900N	1	1	4 4	33,800 33,800	Urban Urban	2,843	11.31% 11.31%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.56	0.736
27519	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	21	0	6.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070002100N	1	1	6	15,900	Urban	1,737	20.59%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.38	0.736
27622	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	62 94	0.33	8.33	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070006200E 23070009400E	1	1	6	6,200	Urban	2,116	52.35% 10.23%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.15	0.736
31194	HORRY	US Route	17	11.69	11.75	Divided - Earth median	26020001707N	1	0	8	30,700	Urban	2,300	34.71% 34.71%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.02	0.736
31297	HORRY	US Route	701	15.69	18.16	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020070100N	1	1	4	23,500	Urban	167	12.73%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.66	0.736
31298 31840	HORRY	US Route Secondary road	701 196	15.69 0.82	18.16 3.04	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020070100N 26070019600E	1	1	4 6	23,500 15,700	Urban Urban	167 1,613	12.73% 20.66%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	1.63 0.66	0.736 0.736
32619	HORRY	Secondary road	1244	5.353	5.743	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26070124400E	1	1	1	19,100	Suburban	1,483	4.97%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.36	0.736
37887	LEXINGTON	US Route	378	U 15.19	26.1	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020037800E	1	0	14	41,700	Suburban	1,593	31.22%	4	Principal Art.	3 0	Unpaved	1.15	0.736
37892 38039	LEXINGTON	US Route SC Route	378 302	15.19 14 94	26.1 21 792	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020037800E 32040030200F	1	0	1	28,600	Suburban Suburban	803	4.03% 23.12%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved Paved	1.86	0.736
38133	LEXINGTON	Secondary road	36	0	5.79	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32070003600E	1	1	1	17,900	Suburban	1,281	6.06%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.21	0.736
45452 47894	ORANGEBURG PICKENS	US Route US Route	178 76	18.76 2.23	22.44 2.44	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	38020017800E 39020007600E	1	1	2	23,400 20,400	Town Suburban	1,711 2,918	32.18% 55.67%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.14 0.11	0.736
48881	RICHLAND	US Route	1	9.03	13.52	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020000100N	1	0	1	36,900	Suburban	1,559	14.18%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.69	0.736
48884	RICHLAND	US Route	1	9.03	15.52	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020000100N	1	0	1	36,900	Suburban	1,559	14.16%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.26	0.736
48885 49143	RICHLAND	US Route SC Route	1 48	13.837 1.876	16.16 2.33	TWLTL - Bituminous Median Non-divided	40020000100N 40040004800F	1	0	1	36,900 25.500	Suburban Urban	1,559 3.716	14.18% 56.15%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.60	0.736
53278	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	0.499	1.21	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N	1	0	3	26,900	Suburban	513	6.11%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.18	0.736
53279 53281	SPARTANBURG SPARTANBURG	US Route US Route	29 29	0.499	1.21 2.58	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N 42020002900N	1	0	3	26,900 26,900	Suburban Suburban	513 513	6.11% 6.11%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	1	Paved Paved	0.53	0.736
53283	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	2.77	3.91	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N	1	0	3	26,900	Suburban	513	6.11%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.25	0.736
53472	SPARTANBURG	SC Route	9	14.802	16.077	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	420400009005	1	0	2	30,800	Suburban	1,671	5.82%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.10	0.736
53641 59083	SPARTANBURG YORK	SC Route SC Route	215 122	13.05 0	16.2 0.091	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42040021500N 46040012206F	1	1	0	18,300	Urban Urban	1,946 3.304	8.99% 32.18%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.90	0.736
59856	YORK	Secondary road	285	1.064	1.315	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46070028500N	1	1	0	4,900	Urban	3,304	32.18%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.13	0.736
1052 8792	AIKEN BERKELEY	SC Route US Route	302 17	9.487 15.56	15.42 15.632	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Concrete Median	02040030200E 08020001702N	1	1	0	21,200 21,100	Suburban Suburban	586 741	6.95% 14.05%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.40	0.732
8793	BERKELEY	US Route	17	15.632	18.8	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08020001702N	1	1	0	21,100	Suburban	741	14.05%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.37	0.732
10942	CHARLESTON	US Route	52	14.33	15.06	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	10020005200W	1	1	2	56,400	Urban	1,961	21.33%	6	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.71	0.732

ID	County	Route Type	Route Number	Begin Milepost	Ending Milepost	Median Type	Route LRS	Within 1 Mile of Alcohol Sales (1 = Yes, 0 = No)	Within 1 Mile of School (1 = Yes, 0 = No)	Total Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crashes (2015- 2019)	Factored AADT	Area Type	Population Density (persons/ square	% Households in Poverty	Total Number of Lanes	Functional Class	Right Outside Shoulder	Right Outside Shoulder Treatment	Segment Length (miles)	PBSAP Risk Score
11097	CHARLESTON	SC Route	171	11.35	11.95	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040017100N	1	0	1	26,100	Urban	2,650	11.60%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.59	0.732
24006	FLORENCE	SC Route	51	33.503	40.473	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21040005100N	1	0	3	25,100	Urban	2,306	9.62%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.49	0.732
24074	FLORENCE	Secondary road Secondary road	13	1.42	3.75 9.24	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21070001300N 23070005500N	1	1	1	17,600	Urban Suburban	396 941	9.62% 8.30%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.98	0.732
37779	LEXINGTON	US Route	1	20.86	27.909	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	3202000100N	1	0	4	29,000	Suburban	1,909	10.04%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.96	0.732
48973 49346	RICHLAND	US Route Secondary road	76 42	23.26	23.68	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020007600E 40070004200E	1	1	2	27,300	Urban Suburban	2,655 4,324	4.00% 23.01%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.42	0.732
49676	RICHLAND	Secondary road	151 29	0	1.87	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070015100N 42020002900N	1	1	7	18,800	Suburban	3,819	16.73%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	0.84	0.732
58848	YORK	US Route	21	12.889	13.713	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46020002100N	1	0	3	29,900	Urban	794	18.08%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.13	0.732
58960 59212	YORK	SC Route SC Route	5 460	21.23 10.403	29.629 12.473	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040000500S 46040046000E	1	1	1 4	27,900 26,500	Urban Suburban	515 1,742	7.26%	2	Principal Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.07	0.732
1036	AIKEN	SC Route	230	0	3.96	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02040023000W	1	1	1	22,600	Suburban	1,828	15.84%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	2.04	0.728
8816	BERKELEY	US Route	52	15.01	15.39	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08020005200W	1	1	3	18,800	Suburban	741	14.05%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.37	0.728
8818	BERKELEY	US Route	52	15.44	16.21	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08020005200W	1	1	3	18,800	Suburban	741	14.05%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	0.77	0.728
10973	CHARLESTON	SC Route	7	0	0.33	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	10040000700N	1	1	14	28,200	Urban	1,795	4.12%	6	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.15	0.728
11120	CHARLESTON	SC Route SC Route	642 642	0	0.94	Divided - Earth median Divided - Earth median	10040064200E 10040064200E	1	1	13	42,800 42,800	Urban Urban	1,859	17.25% 17.25%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.68	0.728
11123	CHARLESTON	SC Route	642	2.29	3.53	Divided - Earth median	10040064200E	1	1	13	42,800	Urban	1,859	17.25%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.08	0.728
11124	CHARLESTON	Sc. Koute Secondary road	642 76	0	2.39	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040064200E	1	0	13	42,800	Urban Urban	1,859	21.44%	4	Minor Art.	3	Unpaved	2.37	0.728
23879	FLORENCE	US Route	52	29.184	30.57	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020005200W	1	1	1	26,700	Suburban	396	9.62%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.67	0.728
23928	FLORENCE	SC Route	51	33.503	40.473	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21040005100N	1	1	0	20,700	Urban	2,028	12.27%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.78	0.728
27356	GREENVILLE	SC Route Secondary road	253 201	4.81 0.33	5.03 0.75	Non-divided Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	23040025300N 23070020100N	1	1	2	38,300	Suburban Urban	1,354	32.94% 33.00%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.22	0.728
28016	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	201	1.49	2.68	Non-divided	23070020100N	1	1	6	22,600	Urban	2,567	33.00%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.15	0.728
28125 31190	GREENVILLE	Secondary road US Route	273	0 9.94	3.39 10.74	rWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070027300N 26020001707N	1	1	1 46	12,500 26,600	Suburban Urban	3,191	7.96% 14.90%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.07	0.728 0.728
31265	HORRY	US Route	501	31.34	32.74	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	26020050100S	1	0	10	35,400	Urban	1,593	31.22%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.85	0.728
45404	ORANGEBURG	US Route	21	2.046	2.307	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	38020002107N	1	1	3	12,400	Town	1,142	43.77%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.10	0.728
45531	ORANGEBURG	US Route Secondary road	601 4	17.45	18.93	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	38020060100N 39070000400F	1	1	2	15,100	Town Suburban	401	32.04% 44.07%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.93	0.728
48907	RICHLAND	US Route	21	2.29	2.761	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020002100N	1	1	11	16,200	Urban	1,345	39.68%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.09	0.728
48908 48910	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	21 21	2.761 3.165	3.065 4.38	Non-divided Non-divided	40020002100N 40020002100N	1	1	11	16,200 16,200	Urban Urban	1,345 1,345	39.68% 39.68%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.30	0.728
49172	RICHLAND	SC Route	60	0	0.94	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040006000E	1	1	0	24,600	Urban	2,618	18.75%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.39	0.728
55450	SUMTER	US Route	521	0	12.7	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020052100N 43020052100N	1	0	0	18,600	Urban	1,169	40.61%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.72	0.728
55451	SUMTER	US Route	521 178	0	12.7	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020052100N	1	0	0	19,800	Urban	1,301	40.61%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.37	0.728
6042	ANDERSON	Secondary road	1164	1.988	2.166	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04020017000E	1	1	0	14,800	Suburban	501	2.28%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.10	0.724
6044 6046	ANDERSON	Secondary road Secondary road	1164 1164	2.319	2.45	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04070116400E 04070116400E	1	1	0	14,800 14.800	Suburban Suburban	501 501	2.28%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	1	Paved Paved	0.12	0.724
8978	BERKELEY	Secondary road	33	6.031	6.175	TWLTL - Concrete Median	08070003300N	1	0	3	32,100	Urban	159	4.09%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.724
8979 8980	BERKELEY BERKELEY	Secondary road Secondary road	33	6.175	7.793	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08070003300N 08070003300N	1	0	3	32,100 32,100	Urban Urban	159	4.09%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Paved	0.15	0.724
11142	CHARLESTON	SC Route	700	14.69	16.08	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040070000E	1	0	2	32,500	Urban	398	5.28%	4	Minor Art.	3	Unpaved	0.46	0.724
23831	FLORENCE	US Route	52	0.6	4.4	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020005200W	1	1	11	13,700	Town	398	30.15%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.45	0.724
24164	FLORENCE	Secondary road SC Route	31 14	0.928	3.058	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21070003100N 23040001400W	1	1	1	18,700	Urban Suburban	2,428 941	28.77% 8.30%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Paved	0.30	0.724
27177	GREENVILLE	SC Route	14	1.83	5.3	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040001400W	1	1	0	10,300	Suburban	941	8.30%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.32	0.724
48912 49005	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	21 76	3.165 0	4.38 0.76	Non-divided TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020002100N 40020007650E	1	1	3	16,700 15,400	Urban Urban	2,851 4,468	33.33% 22.46%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.52	0.724
53367	SPARTANBURG	US Route	176	20.176	20.289	TWLTL - Concrete Median	42020017600E	1	1	0	17,000	Suburban	1,448	46.91%	4	Minor Art.	4	Paved	0.00	0.724
53378	SPARTANBURG	US Route	176	24.45	25.05	Divided - Kaised/Curbed Median Divided - Earth median	42020017600E	1	1	3	34,400	Urban	1,343	13.87%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.16	0.724
53379	SPARTANBURG SPARTANBURG	US Route US Route	176 176	25.05	25.12	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median Divided - Earth median	42020017600E 42020017600E	1	1	3	34,400 34,400	Urban Urban	1,343	13.87% 13.87%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.07	0.724
53384	SPARTANBURG	US Route	176	25.67	33.57	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020017600E	1	0	1	22,300	Urban	878	8.55%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.43	0.724
53733 53734	SPARTANBURG SPARTANBURG	SC Route SC Route	296 296	8.263 8.263	13.903 13.903	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42040029600E 42040029600E	1	0	3	25,000 25,000	Urban Urban	1,782	9.72% 9.72%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	1.62	0.724 0.724
53735	SPARTANBURG	SC Route	296	8.263	13.903	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42040029600E	1	0	3	25,000	Urban	1,782	9.72%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.27	0.724
53739	SPARTANBURG	SC Route	296	8.263	13.903	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42040029600E	1	0	3	25,000	Urban	1,782	9.72%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.02	0.724
53914 55590	SPARTANBURG SUMTER	Secondary road SC Route	44 763	0.42 8.99	2.1 9.94	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42070004400E 43040076300N	1	1 0	1	20,300	Urban Urban	998 1.301	22.69% 40.61%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.55	0.724
55591	SUMTER	SC Route	763	8.99	9.94	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43040076300N	1	0	3	11,000	Urban	1,301	40.61%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.09	0.724
970 973	AIKEN	SC Route	118 118	10.31 11.48	10.66 11.97	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02040011800E	1	0	2	14,900 14,900	Suburban Suburban	1,506	38.32% 38.32%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.04	0.720
978 0174		SC Route	118	12.91	13.18	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02040011800E	1	0	2	14,900	Suburban	1,506	38.32%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.720
10865	CHARLESTON	US Route	17	28.82	29.05	Divided - Earth median	10020001700N	1	1	4	21,100	Urban	1,516	6.62%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.32	0.720
10873 10913	CHARLESTON	US Route US Route	17 52	29.15 0	30.33 0.572	Divided - Earth median Non-divided	10020001700N 10020005200W	1	1	14 18	65,700 18,600	Urban Urban	3,092 656	34.35% 47.05%	5	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.08	0.720
10914	CHARLESTON	US Route	52	0.572	0.588	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	10020005200W	1	1	18	18,600	Urban	656	47.05%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.03	0.720
27212	GREENVILLE	SC Route	52	21.42	5.04 21.46	Non-divided TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040001400W	1	1	18	18,600	Suburban	1,974	47.05%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.68	0.720
27216	GREENVILLE	SC Route	14	22.24	22.54	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040001400W	1	1	3	12,700	Suburban	1,974	12.83%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.720
31218	HORRY	US Route	378	8.37	11.82	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020037800E	1	1	7	15,800	Urban	865	23.40%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.05	0.720
31481 37817	HORRY	SC Route US Route	544 21	7.86 16.62	11.821 17.46	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26040054400E 32020002100N	1	0	1	34,700 22,000	Suburban Suburban	517 1,025	22.04% 8.88%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.18 0.01	0.720
37819	LEXINGTON	US Route	21	16.62	17.46	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020002100N	1	0	1	22,000	Suburban	1,025	8.88%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.37	0.720
48886 48887	RICHLAND	US Route US Route	1	13.837 13.837	16.16 16.16	rWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020000100N 40020000100N	1	0	1	24,500 21,100	Suburban Suburban	1,401 1,401	8.65% 8.65%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.34	0.720
48888	RICHLAND	US Route	1	13.837	16.16	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020000100N	1	0	1	21,100	Suburban	1,401	8.65%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.23	0.720
50637	RICHLAND	Secondary road	1036	0	2.17	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070103600E	1	1	6	11,500	Urban	2,008	13.82%	4	Minor Art.	3	Unpaved	0.08	0.720
50638 53372	RICHLAND	Secondary road US Route	1036 176	0 20.42	2.17 21.77	TWLTL - Bituminous Median Divided - Physical Barrier	40070103600E 42020017600F	1	1	6	11,500 21.100	Urban Suburban	2,008 1,448	13.82% 46.91%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.52	0.720
59234	YORK	Secondary road	2	0	0.14	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46070000200E	1	1	0	13,100	Urban	2,314	35.08%	4	Collector/Local	0	Unpaved	0.18	0.720
790 799	AIKEN	US Route	1	13 16.45	15.08 23.81	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02020000100N 02020000100N	1	1	5	19,100 10,100	Suburban	1,114	10.83%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.26 1.92	0.716
840	AIKEN	US Route	78	17.03	18.25	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02020007800E	1	0	4	8,800	Suburban	1,506	38.32%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.14	0.716

ID	County	Route Type	Route Number	Begin Milepost	Ending Milepost	Median Type	Route LRS	Within 1 Mile of Alcohol Sales (1	Within 1 Mile of School (1 = Yes, 0 = No)	Total Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crashes (2015- 2019)	Factored AADT	Area Type	Population Density (persons/ square	% Households in Poverty	Total Number of	Functional Class	Right Outside Shoulder	Right Outside Shoulder Treatment	Segment Length (miles)	PBSAP Risk Score
4380	ANDERSON	US Route	76	15.18	16.15	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04020007600E	1	1	2	12,400	Urban	mile) 979	23.93%	4	Principal Art.	Width 0	Unpaved	0.96	0.716
5164	ANDERSON	Secondary road	274	1.44	2.99	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04070027400E	1	1	1	9,700	Urban	2,245	9.63%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.48	0.716
8898	BERKELEY	SC Route	165	0	0.34	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08040016500N	1	0	0	33,600	Suburban	1,733	6.03%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.19	0.716
9063	BERKELEY	Secondary road	62	0.707	5.061	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08070006200E	1	0	5	38,800	Suburban	1,881	21.44%	4	Minor Art.	3	Unpaved	0.27	0.716
9066	BERKELEY	Secondary road	62	5.081	5.631	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08070006200E	1	0	5	38,800	Suburban	1,881	21.44%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.50	0.716
9067	BERKELEY	Secondary road	62	5.081	5.631	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	08070006200E	1	0	5	38,800	Suburban	1,881	21.44%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	0.01	0.716
10988	CHARLESTON	SC Route	30	0.27	3	Divided - Physical Barrier	10040003000E	1	1	1	55,900	Urban	1,516	6.62%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.22	0.716
12864	CHARLESTON	Secondary road	1342	0.41	0.68	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070134200E	1	0	2	7,300	Urban	2,276	31.72%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.27	0.716
23877	FLORENCE	US Route	52	29.184	30.57	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020005200W	1	0	2	23,500	Urban	396	9.62%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.61	0.716
23913	FLORENCE	US Route	76	20.63	20.24	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020007600E	1	0	12	21,600	Suburban	0	0.00%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	1.26	0.716
23914	FLORENCE	US Route	76	20.63	22.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020007600E	1	0	12	21,600	Suburban	0	0.00%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.25	0.716
28122	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	273	0	3.39	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070027300N 23070027300N	1	0	2	30,300	Urban	2,716	10.06%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art	0	Unpaved	0.08	0.716
37785	LEXINGTON	US Route	1	27.965	28.091	Divided - Earth median	32020000100N	1	1	11	33,300	Suburban	1,925	19.44%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.05	0.716
37786	LEXINGTON	US Route	1	28.091	28.148	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	32020000100N	1	1	11	33,300	Suburban	1,925	19.44%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.06	0.716
48856	RICHLAND	US Route	1	0.2	2.4	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020000100N	1	0	1	28,000	Urban	5,222	31.18%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.19	0.716
49029	RICHLAND	US Route	321	5.43	5.47	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020032100N	1	1	2	8,100	Urban	3,655	28.23%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.04	0.716
49149	RICHLAND	SC Route	48	2.856	5.202	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040004800E	1	0	3	23,400	Urban	466	62.52%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.22	0.716
49150	RICHLAND	SC Route	48	2.856	5.202	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040004800E	1	0	3	23,400	Urban	466	62.52%	4	Principal Art.	2	Paved	0.07	0.716
49152	RICHLAND	SC Route	48	2.856	5.202	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040004800E	1	0	3	23,400	Urban	466	62.52%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	1.60	0.716
49216	RICHLAND	SC Route	277	1.06	8.14	Divided - Cable Stay Guardrail	40040027700N	1	1	1	44,600	Urban	2,738	23.37%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	2.37	0.716
53746	SPARTANBURG SPARTANBURG	SC Route Secondary road	296	17.073	17.163	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42040029600E 42070078700N	1	1	2	2 500	Urban	1,994	29.74%	4	Minor Art. Collector/Local	0	Unpaved	0.07	0.716
55372	SUMTER	US Route	76	14.326	14.73	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020007600E	1	0	2	28,200	Urban	1,378	16.22%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.17	0.716
4511	ANDERSON	SC Route	28	12.45	19.52	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04040002800W	1	0	2	20,900	Suburban	664	9.68%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	2.09	0.712
4595 8810	ANDERSON BERKELEY	SC Route	153 52	0	1.09	IWLTL - Bituminous Median Divided - Earth median	04040015300N 08020005200W	1	0	2	38,100 38.600	Suburban	441 322	5.18% 9.11%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art	3	Paved Unpaved	0.21	0.712
10922	CHARLESTON	US Route	52	3.46	3.85	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020005200W	1	0	4	4,800	Urban	656	47.05%	4	Principal Art.	2	Paved	0.22	0.712
10923	CHARLESTON	US Route	52	3.46	3.85	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10020005200W	1	0	4	4,800	Urban	656	47.05%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.05	0.712
11125	CHARLESTON	SC Route	642 642	2.29	3.53	Divided - Earth median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040064200E 10040064200E	1	1	11	30,000	Urban Urban	759	18.65% 14.49%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.01	0.712
11129	CHARLESTON	SC Route	642	5.838	5.9	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040064200E	1	0	33	21,700	Urban	1,311	14.49%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.05	0.712
12434	CHARLESTON	Secondary road	894	0.8	1.11	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070089400E	1	1	7	9,600	Urban	954	33.53%	4	Collector/Local	0	Unpaved	0.15	0.712
18928	DARLINGTON	US Route US Route	52	3.52	5.21	Divided - Earth median Divided - Earth median	16020005200W 16020005200W	1	1	1	22,400 23.600	Suburban	565	33.43% 33.43%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	1.23 0.42	0.712
18931	DARLINGTON	US Route	52	5.44	13.277	Divided - Earth median	16020005200W	1	1	3	23,600	Suburban	565	33.43%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.28	0.712
21681	DORCHESTER	SC Route	165	10.935	14.31	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	18040016500N	1	0	3	29,500	Suburban	1,733	8.62%	4	Minor Art.	3	Unpaved	0.50	0.712
21683	FLORENCE	SC Route US Route	165 52	22.45	14.76 25.94	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	18040016500N 21020005200W	1	0	3	29,500	Suburban Urban	1,733	8.62%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Paved	0.27	0.712
23915	FLORENCE	US Route	76	20.63	22.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020007600E	1	1	1	18,500	Suburban	77	12.31%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.13	0.712
23916	FLORENCE	US Route	76	20.63	22.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020007600E	1	1	1	18,500	Suburban	77	12.31%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.05	0.712
27097	GREENVILLE	US Route Secondary road	123	4.04	2.99	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23020012300N 23070018300N	1	1	0	28,900	Urban	2,592	26.36%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.44	0.712
31138	HORRY	US Route	17	0	11.605	Divided - Earth median	26020001700N	1	0	4	46,800	Urban	1,920	6.68%	6	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.44	0.712
31139	HORRY	US Route	17	11.605	12.545	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	26020001700N	1	0	4	46,800	Urban	1,920	6.68%	6	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.43	0.712
31192	HORRY	US Route US Route	17	10.74	11.69	Divided - Kaised/Curbed Median Divided - Earth median	26020001707N 26020001707N	1	0	10	27,900	Urban	2,300	34.71%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.60	0.712
38135	LEXINGTON	Secondary road	36	0	5.79	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32070003600E	1	1	1	19,500	Suburban	2,427	12.50%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.11	0.712
49141	RICHLAND	SC Route	48	1.481	1.601	Divided - Physical Barrier	40040004800E	1	1	17	25,500	Urban	3,716	56.15%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.12	0.712
49223	RICHLAND	SC Route	555	0.45	0.43	Non-divided	40040055500N	1	1	11	22,000	Urban	1,345	39.68%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.00	0.712
49225	RICHLAND	SC Route	555	0.89	1.07	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40040055500N	1	1	11	22,000	Urban	1,345	39.68%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.18	0.712
49289	RICHLAND	Secondary road	10	0 43	1	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40070001000E	1	1	31	23,300	Urban	1,345	39.68%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	1.00	0.712
49380	RICHLAND	Secondary road	52	2.35	9.14	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070005200E	1	0	0	21,900	Urban	1,401	8.65%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.59	0.712
49381	RICHLAND	Secondary road	52	2.35	9.14	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070005200E	1	0	0	21,900	Urban	1,401	8.65%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.20	0.712
49382	RICHLAND	Secondary road	52	2.35	9.14	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070005200E	1	0	0	21,900	Urban	1,401	8.65% 4.87%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	0.02	0.712
49775	RICHLAND	Secondary road	218	0.85	1.081	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070003200E	1	1	0	10,100	Urban	1,608	32.00%	4	Collector/Local	0	Unpaved	0.23	0.712
53536	SPARTANBURG	SC Route	56	22.8	27.25	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42040005600E	1	1	0	10,700	Urban	1,670	9.77%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.27	0.712
53537 58839	SPARTANBURG YORK	SC Route US Route	21	22.8 8.42	27.25	IWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42040005600E 46020002100N	1	1	0	14,100 7,900	Urban Urban	1,670	9.77%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.45	0.712
4492	ANDERSON	SC Route	24	9.38	16.22	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04040002400E	1	1	1	9,100	Urban	1,750	17.93%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.07	0.708
4669	ANDERSON	Secondary road	22	8.47	8.86	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04070002200E	1	1	0	5,800	Suburban	1,500	38.88%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.07	0.708
10985	CHARLESTON	SC Route	30	0.27	3	Divided - Physical Barrier	10040003000E	1	1	2	33,500	Urban	1,201	9.26%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.42	0.708
10986	CHARLESTON	SC Route	30	0.27	3	Divided - Physical Barrier	10040003000E	1	1	2	33,500	Urban	1,431	9.26%	4	Principal Art.	4	Paved	0.13	0.708
18975	DARLINGTON	SC Route	34	9.65	14.85	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	16040003400E	1	0	0	15,300	Suburban	565	33.43%	4	Principal Art	3	Unpaved	4.14	0.708
27069	GREENVILLE	US Route	29	6.79	6.91	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	23020002900N	1	1	2	21,500	Urban	3,762	6.45%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.708
37790	LEXINGTON	US Route	1	28.148	30.25	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020000100N	1	1	4	12,900	Suburban	2,890	23.16%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.53	0.708
37829	LEXINGTON	US Route Secondary road	21	19.28 0	21.22	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020002100N	1	0	8	23,600	Suburban	1,545 0	23.12%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.67	0.708
39063	LEXINGTON	Secondary road	378	0.48	0.58	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32070037800E	1	1	0	14,500	Suburban	0	0.00%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.09	0.708
49117	RICHLAND	SC Route	16	0.73	0.84	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40040001600E	1	1	2	21,900	Urban	2,851	33.33%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.03	0.708
49119	RICHLAND	SC Route Secondary road	16	1.12	1.27	Divided - Earth median	40040001600E	1	1	2	21,900	Urban Suburban	2,851	33.33%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art	0	Unpaved	0.16	0.708
53296	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	11.24	11.47	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N	1	0	5	26,600	Suburban	408	10.16%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.20	0.708
53544	SPARTANBURG	SC Route	56	0	0.33	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42040005606E	1	1	3	8,100	Urban	1,670	9.77%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.33	0.708
55154 55156	SPARTANBURG SPARTANBURG	Secondary road Secondary road	1049 1049	0.12	0.09	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42070104900N 42070104900N	1	1	2	6,900 6.900	Urban Urban	1,670	9.77%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.09	0.708
55158	SPARTANBURG	Secondary road	1049	0.62	1.04	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42070104900N	1	1	2	6,900	Urban	1,670	9.77%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.34	0.708
55339	SUMTER	US Route	15	9.472	12.67	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020001500N	1	1	3	14,600	Urban	415	28.38%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.79	0.708
58850 58851	YORK	US Route US Route	21	12.889	13.713	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46020002100N	1	0	3	29,900 29,900	Urban Urban	/94 794	18.08%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.62	0.708
58852	YORK	US Route	21	13.713	13.902	TWLTL - Concrete Median	46020002100N	1	0	3	29,900	Urban	794	18.08%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.19	0.708
58853	YORK	US Route	21	13.902	14.439	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46020002100N	1	0	3	29,900	Urban	794	18.08%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.28	0.708
822	AIKEN	US Route	21	0.71	8.64	TWLTL - Dituminous Median	40020002100N 02020002500N	1	0	3	29,900	Suburban	1,207	22.00%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	1.03	0.708
823	AIKEN	US Route	25	0.71	8.64	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02020002500N	1	0	2	27,300	Suburban	1,207	22.00%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.22	0.704
7765	BEAUFORT	US Route	278	2.809	12.74	Divided - Earth median	07020027800E	1	0	4	48,000	Urban	1,483	5.85%	6	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	1.10	0.704
10648	CHARLESTON	SC Route	7	0	0.33	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	10020001700N	1	1	14	28,200	Urban	1,795	4.12%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.51	0.704
10992	CHARLESTON	SC Route	41	0	0.25	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040004100N	1	0	2	27,400	Suburban	1,182	5.25%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.704
11204	CHARLESTON	Secondary road	13	2.81	3.5	TWLTL - Concrete Median	10070001300N	1	0	0	16,000	Urban	2,363	34.51%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.25	0.704

ID	County	Route Type	Route Number	Begin Milepost	Ending Milepost	Median Type	Route LRS	Within 1 Mile of Alcohol Sales (1	Within 1 Mile of School (1 = Yes,	Total Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crashes (2015-	Factored AADT	Area Type	Population Density (persons/ square	% Households in Poverty	Total Number of	Functional Class	Right Outside Shoulder	Right Outside Shoulder	Segment Length	PBSAP Risk Score
21695	DORCHESTER	SC Boute	642	1.427	2 757	TWI TL - Bituminous Median	18040064200F	= Yes, 0 = No)	0 = No)	2019)	26 500	Suburban	mile)	16.89%	Lanes 4	Principal Art	Width	Treatment	(miles)	0 704
23829	FLORENCE	US Route	52	0.6	4.4	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020005200W	1	1	1	10,800	Town	388	30.15%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.02	0.704
23830	FLORENCE	US Route	52 301	0.6	4.4	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020005200W 21020030100N	1	1	1	10,800	Town	388	30.15% 8.66%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art	0	Unpaved	0.57	0.704
24165	FLORENCE	Secondary road	31	0.928	3.058	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21070003100N	1	1	0	17,300	Urban	2,428	28.77%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.19	0.704
27217	GREENVILLE	SC Route SC Route	14	22.24	22.54	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040001400W 23040010100N	1	1	2	15,700	Suburban Suburban	1,974	12.83%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.15	0.704
27830	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	136	1.29	4.06	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070013600E	1	0	1	29,100	Suburban	1,315	3.12%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.29	0.704
29266	GREENWOOD	US Route US Route	25	19.26 20.32	20.19	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	24020002500N 24020002500N	1	0	3	22,300	Town Town	3,106	49.17% 49.17%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.24	0.704
29285	GREENWOOD	US Route	25	1.2	2.75	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	24020002507N	1	0	2	22,100	Town	3,106	49.17%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.06	0.704
29287	GREENWOOD	US Route US Route	25	3.19	3.9	TWLTL - Bituminous Median Divided - Earth median	24020002507N 26020001700N	1	0	2	22,100	Town Urban	3,106	49.17% 5.31%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.24	0.704
31148	HORRY	US Route	17	12.545	20.355	Divided - Earth median	26020001700N	1	0	5	59,700	Urban	1,223	5.31%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.21	0.704
31151	HORRY	US Route US Route	17	23.691	22.625	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	26020001700N 26020001700N	1	0	15	55,800 55,800	Urban Urban	1,223	5.31%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.94	0.704
31158	HORRY	US Route	17	27.175	27.385	Divided - Earth median	26020001700N	1	0	10	38,400	Urban	1,422	8.24%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.11	0.704
32691	HORRY	Secondary road	1315	6.76	7.16	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020001700N 26070131500N	1	0	0	37,900	Urban Urban	1,077	7.81% 8.11%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.12	0.704
45532	ORANGEBURG	US Route	601	17.45	18.93	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	38020060100N	1	1	1	13,100	Town	401	32.04%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.704
45533	RICHLAND	US Route	1	0.2	2.4	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020000100N	1	1	12	30,500	Urban	1,345	32.04%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.34	0.704
48873	RICHLAND	US Route	1	4.5	8.79	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020000100N	1	0	12	19,500	Urban	2,738	23.37%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	2.86	0.704
49209	RICHLAND	SC Route	277	0	0.30	Divided - Earth median	40040001200E	1	0	0	46,700	Urban	1,345	39.68%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.72	0.704
49218	RICHLAND	SC Route	277	1.06	8.14 0.499	Divided - Cable Stay Guardrail Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40040027700N 42020002900N	1	1	1	60,200	Suburban Suburban	2,008	13.82%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art	1	Paved	1.38	0.704
55494	SUMTER	SC Route	120	12.17	13.96	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43040012000E	1	1	0	11,600	Urban	1,146	6.61%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.84	0.704
58841 835	YORK	US Route US Route	21 25	8.42 1.32	12.181	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46020002100N 02020002507N	1	0	5	22,000 12,700	Urban Suburban	794	18.08% 15.84%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	2.05	0.704
837	AIKEN	US Route	25	1.54	2.9	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02020002507N	1	1	0	12,700	Suburban	1,828	15.84%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.35	0.700
008 1016	AIKEN	SC Route	19	0.52	0.65	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02040012600E	1	1	0	6,200	Suburban	749	34.55%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.12	0.700
4541 7696	ANDERSON BEALIFORT	SC Route	81 21	16.86	18.08	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04040008100N	1	0	2	8,400	Urban Town	1,500	38.88%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art	0	Unpaved	1.18	0.700
7781	BEAUFORT	US Route	278	14.958	15.33	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	07020027800E	1	1	1	42,700	Urban	1,090	16.95%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.08	0.700
7891	BEAUFORT	SC Route	802 802	0	1.55	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	07040080200E 07040080200E	1	1	5	21,700	Town Town	652	8.20% 8.20%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.21	0.700
7894	BEAUFORT	SC Route	802	1.805	1.975	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	07040080200E	1	1	5	20,900	Town	652	8.20%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.17	0.700
8782	BERKELEY	US Route US Route	17	0.66	1.362	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	08020001702N 08020001702N	1	0	15	37,100	Suburban Suburban	1,733	6.03%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.04	0.700
8785	BERKELEY	US Route	17	1.466	1.693	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	08020001702N	1	0	15	37,100	Suburban	1,733	6.03%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.23	0.700
11034	CHARLESTON	SC Route	171	7.99	8.1	Divided - Earth median	10040001003	1	1	1	33,000	Urban	1,431	9.26%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.13	0.700
11162	CHARLESTON	SC Route	703	2.48	3.65	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040070300N	1	0	7	14,900	Suburban Suburban	1,583	8.68%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.37	0.700
18979	DARLINGTON	SC Route	34	14.99	15.34	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	16040003400E	1	1	0	4,600	Suburban	565	33.43%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.26	0.700
24076	FLORENCE	Secondary road US Route	13	3.87	4.17	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21070001300N 22020001700N	1	1	1	11,000	Urban Town	2,428	28.77% 4.67%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.30	0.700
27862	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	149	4.02	4.18	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070014900N	1	1	2	14,300	Urban	2,463	12.15%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.08	0.700
29346 29347	GREENWOOD	SC Route SC Route	72	0	4.18 4.18	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	24040007200E 24040007200E	1	1	0	20,300 20,300	Town Town	572	9.00% 9.00%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	1.13 0.12	0.700
29348	GREENWOOD	SC Route	72	0	4.18	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	24040007200E	1	1	0	20,300	Town	572	9.00%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.10	0.700
31232	LEXINGTON	Secondary road	36	0	5.79	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32070003600E	1	1	0	13,500	Suburban	1,841	4.59%	4	Minor Art.	2	Paved	0.01	0.700
38131	LEXINGTON	Secondary road	36	0	5.79	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32070003600E	1	1	0	13,500	Suburban	1,841	4.59%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.87	0.700
48863	RICHLAND	US Route	1	2.4	2.67	Non-divided	40020000100N	1	1	2	12,600	Urban	4,361	31.85%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.24	0.700
49089 49091	RICHLAND	SC Route SC Route	12	7.85 9.283	8.988 9.73	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001200E 40040001200E	1	1	2	14,400 14,400	Urban Urban	3,819 3.819	16.73% 16.73%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.85	0.700
49093	RICHLAND	SC Route	12	9.283	9.73	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001200E	1	1	2	14,400	Urban	3,819	16.73%	4	Minor Art.	3	Unpaved	0.16	0.700
49234 53374	SPARTANBURG	SC Route US Route	555 176	3.83	5.35 24.39	TWLTL - Bituminous Median Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40040055500N 42020017600E	1	1	2	13,200 34,400	Urban Urban	2,008	13.82%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.13	0.700
53375	SPARTANBURG	US Route	176	24.02	24.39	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	42020017600E	1	1	3	34,400	Urban	1,343	13.87%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.04	0.700
53502	SPARTANBURG	SC Route	176	0	1.27	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020017600E	1	0	0	21,900	Suburban	1,345	3.12%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.06	0.700
53503	SPARTANBURG SPARTANBURG	SC Route	14	0	1.27	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42040001400W	1	0	0	21,900	Suburban Suburban	1,315	3.12%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.42	0.700
53716	SPARTANBURG	SC Route	295	3.51	13.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	420400295005	1	0	1	15,400	Urban	878	8.55%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	4.00	0.700
55343 55369	SUMTER	US Route US Route	15 76	12.83 13.98	12.9 14.13	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020001500N 43020007600F	1	0	1	9,300 27,000	Urban Urban	1,474 180	45.34% 26.62%	4	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Paved	0.09	0.700
55371	SUMTER	US Route	76	14.326	14.73	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020007600E	1	0	1	27,000	Urban	180	26.62%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.21	0.700
969 5163	AIKEN	Sc. Koute Secondary road	274	10.31	2.99	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04070027400E	1	1	0	14,800 3,200	Urban	250	9.63%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.04	0.696
11113	CHARLESTON CHARLESTON	SC Route	517	0	3.84	TWLTL - Bituminous Median Divided - Raised/Curbed Madian	10040051700N	1	0	1	19,300	Suburban	1,034	4.60%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.08	0.696
11386	CHARLESTON	Secondary road	62	2.32	3.27	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	10070006200E	1	1	4	30,300	Urban	759	18.65%	6	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.20	0.696
12801 12802	CHARLESTON	Secondary road Secondary road	1271 1271	0.263	1.233	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070127100N	1	1	2	15,900 16.000	Suburban Suburban	1,424	9.32% 9.32%	4	Collector/Local	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.29	0.696
21674	DORCHESTER	SC Route	165	10.497	10.82	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	18040016500N	1	0	3	20,700	Suburban	2,504	7.60%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.32	0.696
21676 21704	DORCHESTER	SC Route	165 642	10.935 5.782	14.31 10.802	WLIL - Bituminous Median Divided - Earth median	18040016500N 18040064200E	1	0	3	20,700 40,400	Suburban Urban	2,504 3,063	7.60% 4.27%	4	Minor Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	1.87 5.02	0.696 0.696
23921	FLORENCE	US Route	76	0	0.14	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21020007606E	1	1	0	9,800	Urban	2,428	28.77%	4 £	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.696
27259	GREENVILLE	SC Route	81	2.444	4.08	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040008100N	1	1	7	8,000	Urban	2,892	18.33%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.24	0.696
27468 27471	GREENVILLE	Secondary road Secondary road	3	0.231	0.561	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070000300N 23070000300N	1	1	5	6,000 6.000	Urban Urban	3,829 3.829	28.82% 28.82%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	0	Unpaved Unpaved	0.32	0.696
27759	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	107	3.96	8.49	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070010700N	1	0	8	29,400	Urban	1,102	17.21%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	4.20	0.696
27760 27761	GREENVILLE	Secondary road Secondary road	107 107	3.96 3.96	8.49 8.49	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070010700N 23070010700N	1	0	8	29,400 29,400	Urban Urban	1,102 1,102	17.21% 17.21%	4	Minor Art. Minor Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.01	0.696
27763	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	107	8.733	9.28	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070010700N	1	0	8	29,400	Urban	1,102	17.21%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.69	0.696
31140	HORRY	US Route	17	11.605	12.545	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	26020001700N	1	0	4	41,200	Urban	740	3.19%	6	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.57	0.696
31141 31342	HORRY	US Route SC Route	17 9	12.545 36 73	20.355	Divided - Earth median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020001700N 260400009005	1	0	4	41,200	Urban Suburban	740 721	3.19% 13.34%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	1.76	0.696
31343	HORRY	SC Route	9	36.73	39.06	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	260400009005	1	0	3	26,700	Suburban	721	13.34%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.25	0.696
31344 31839	HORRY	SC Route Secondary road	9 196	36.73 0.82	39.06 3.04	TWLTL - Bituminous Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26040009005 26070019600E	1	0	3 7	26,700 8,400	Suburban Urban	721 2,300	13.34% 34.71%	4	Principal Art. Minor Art.	3	Unpaved Unpaved	0.95 0.85	0.696
38042	LEXINGTON	SC Route	302	21.792	21.865	Divided - Physical Barrier	32040030200E	1	1	1	33,600	Suburban	1,545	23.12%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.04	0.696
44259	OCONEE	US Route	76	33.376	34.06	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	37020007600E	1	0		28,900	Town	336	41.48%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.56	0.696

SOUTH CAROLINA PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE SAFETY ACTION PLAN

Appendix B High-Risk Roadway Analysis Results

ID	County	Route Type	Route Number	Begin Milepost	Ending Milepost	Median Type	Route LRS	Within 1 Mile of Alcohol Sales (1	Within 1 Mile of School (1 = Yes,	Total Pedestrian/ Bicycle Crashes (2015-	Factored AADT	Area Type	Population Density (person <u>s/ square</u>	% Households e in Poverty	Total Number of	Functional Class	Right Outside Shoulder	Right Outside Shoulder	Segment Length	PBSAP Risk Score
44300	OCONIES	LIC Doubo	76	24.00	24.14	THETI Converts Mari	270200076005	= Yes, 0 = No)	0 = No)	2019)	20.000	Terre	mile)	41 400/	Lanes	Dringing 1 Aut	Width	Treatment	(miles)	0.606
44260	PICKENS	SC Route	76 93	34.06	34.14	TWLTL - Concrete Median TWLTL - Bituminous Median	37020007600E 39040009300N	1	0	3	28,900	Suburban	1.264	41.48%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.07	0.696
49126	RICHLAND	SC Route	16	2.36	7.05	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40040001600E	1	1	0	6,900	Urban	2,655	4.00%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.42	0.696
49443	RICHLAND	Secondary road	63	0.499	0.92	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070006300N	1	1	1	12,800	Suburban	2,123	9.08%	4	Minor Art.	1	Paved	0.20	0.696
49474	RICHLAND	Secondary road	73	0.417	0.637	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40070007300N	1	1	0	7,500	Urban	2,622	36.90%	4	Collector/Local	3	Unpaved	0.06	0.696
53317	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	16.47	17.06	Non-divided	42020002900N	1	1	8	19,300	Urban	1,670	9.77%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.15	0.696
55397	SUMTER	US Route	76	0.36	0.41	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020007607E	1	0	7	16,100	Urban	1,992	22.57%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.02	0.696
55399	SUMTER	US Route	76	0.45	3.43	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43020007607E	1	0	7	16,100	Urban	1,992	22.57%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.70	0.696
55589	SUMTER	SC Route	763	7.8	8.23	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	43040076300N	1	1	0	13,200	Urban	956	6.50%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.25	0.696
59012	YORK	SC Route	49	30.426	30.420	TWLTL - Concrete Median	46040004900N	1	0	2	29,800	Suburban	559	6.14%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.03	0.696
59014	YORK	SC Route	49	30.426	30.566	TWLTL - Concrete Median	46040004900N	1	0	2	29,800	Suburban	559	6.14%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.11	0.696
59015	YORK	SC Route	49	30.566	33.996	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040004900N	1	0	2	29,800	Suburban	559	6.14%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.34	0.696
59017	YORK	SC Route	49	30.566	33.996	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46040004900N	1	0	2	29,800	Suburban	559	6.14%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.13	0.696
59069	YORK	SC Route	122	0.36	0.732	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	46040012200E	1	1	6	5,900	Urban	3,304	32.18%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.00	0.696
59070	YORK	SC Route	122	0.732	1.157	Divided - Earth median	46040012200E	1	1	6	5,900	Urban	3,304	32.18%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.17	0.696
59286	YORK	Secondary road	30	3.08	5.19	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	46070003000E	1	1	0	7,900	Urban	2,336	3.35%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.22	0.696
792	AIKEN	US Route	1	13	15.08	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	02020000100N	1	1	0	13,600	Suburban	1,114	10.83%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.58	0.692
4367	ANDERSON	US Route	76	8.43	8.6	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04020007600E	1	0	6	30,100	Suburban	1,114	6.16%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.01	0.692
4703	ANDERSON	Secondary road	34	5.62	6.84	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04070003400E	1	1	1	11,200	Urban	1,750	17.93%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.07	0.692
4705	ANDERSON	Secondary road	34	7.6	7.7	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	04070003400E	1	1	1	11,200	Urban	1,750	17.93%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.12	0.692
9061	BERKELEY	Secondary road	62	0.707	5.061	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	U8070006200E	1	1	8	19,200	Suburban	2,790	18.59%	4 c	Collector/Local Principal Art	0	Unpaved	2.66	0.692
10893	CHARLESTON	US Route	17	37.98	67.22	Divided - Earth median	10020001700N	1	0	9	43,800	Suburban	1,424	9.32%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.05	0.692
11075	CHARLESTON	SC Route	171	2.79	3.06	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040017100N	1	0	3	17,000	Urban	334	8.70%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.14	0.692
11076	CHARLESTON	SC Route	171	2.79	3.06	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040017100N	1	0	3	16,600	Urban	334	8.70%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.13	0.692
24002	FLORENCE	SC Route	171	3.66	7.99	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10040017100N	1	0	3	16,600	Urban	334	8.70%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.01	0.692
24002	FLORENCE	SC Route	51	33.503	40.473	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21040005100N	1	0	2	22,100	Urban	1,402	8.66%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.09	0.692
24910	FLORENCE	Secondary road	577	0	1.03	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21070057700N	1	1	3	15,200	Urban	453	7.68%	4	Collector/Local	0	Unpaved	0.80	0.692
27079	GREENVILLE	US Route	29	15.61	15.87	Divided - Earth median	23020002900N	1	0	9	32,300	Suburban	1,315	3.12%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.26	0.692
27081	GREENVILLE	US Route	29 81	16.92	18.76	Divided - Earth median	23020002900N	1	0	9	32,300	Suburban	1,315	3.12%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.84	0.692
27258	GREENVILLE	SC Route	81	2.444	4.08	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040008100N 23040008100N	1	1	5	14,800	Suburban	1,047	17.26%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.38	0.692
27698	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	94	1.35	8.33	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070009400E	1	1	1	10,300	Urban	1,992	10.23%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.09	0.692
31174	HORRY	US Route	17	33.555	34.395	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020001700N	1	0	0	21,700	Suburban	931	7.04%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.13	0.692
31175	HORRY	US Route	17	33.555	34.395	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	26020001700N	1	0	0	21,700	Suburban	931	7.04%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.27	0.692
37814	LEXINGTON	US Route	21	16.3	16.34	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median Divided - Physical Barrier	32020002100N	1	0	5	33,000	Suburban	1,025	8.88%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.04	0.692
48854	RICHLAND	US Route	1	0	0.16	Non-divided	40020000100N	1	0	1	28,000	Urban	5,222	31.18%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.692
48898	RICHLAND	US Route	21	0.53	0.97	Non-divided	40020002100N	1	0	2	26,700	Urban	5,222	31.18%	4	Principal Art.	2	Paved	0.41	0.692
48899	RICHLAND	US Route	21	0.97	1.37	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	40020002100N	1	0	2	26,700	Urban	5,222	31.18%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.10	0.692
49034	RICHLAND	US Route SC Route	321	6.9	10.01	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020032100N 40040021500N	1	0	2	14,900	Urban	1,680	40.10%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.53	0.692
53284	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	2.77	3.91	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N	1	0	0	21,700	Suburban	513	6.11%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.06	0.692
53285	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	2.77	3.91	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N	1	0	0	21,700	Suburban	513	6.11%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.82	0.692
53287	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	4.45	4.61	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N	1	0	0	21,700	Suburban	513	6.11%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.16	0.692
53289	SPARTANBURG	US Route	29	4.89	5.47	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N	1	0	0	21,700	Suburban	513	6.11%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.28	0.692
4302	ANDERSON	US Route	29	16.08	16.82	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	42020002900N	1	0	0	23,400	Urban	985	24.82%	6	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.51	0.688
7713	BEAUFORT	US Route	21	19.92	27.89	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	07020002100N	1	1	1	19,500	Town	494	6.65%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.15	0.688
7795	BEAUFORT	US Route	278	0	3.98	Divided - Earth median	07020027807E	1	0	14	28,100	Urban	656	30.68%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	1.20	0.688
11266	CHARLESTON	Secondary road	43	0	0.6	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	10070004300N	1	1	0	5,700	Urban	1,961	21.33%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.49	0.688
24063	FLORENCE	Secondary road	12	2.57	3.51	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	21070001200E	1	0	7	9,900	Urban	1,977	30.35%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.03	0.688
27094	GREENVILLE	US Route	123	2.78	3.93	Non-divided	23020012300N	1	1	18	21,400	Urban	3,518	22.97%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	1.10	0.688
27096	GREENVILLE	US Route	123	4.04	5.96	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	23020012300N	1	1	18	21,400	Urban	3,518	22.97%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.80	0.688
27136	GREENVILLE	US Route	276	33.07	34.57	Non-divided	23020027600E	1	1	5	24,800	Urban	3,829	28.82%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.22	0.688
27173	GREENVILLE	SC Route	14	0.08	1.32	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040001400W	1	1	د 1	2++,800 9,900	Suburban	1,249	12.28%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.66	0.688
27175	GREENVILLE	SC Route	14	1.83	5.3	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040001400W	1	1	1	9,900	Suburban	1,249	12.28%	4	Principal Art.	2	Paved	1.09	0.688
27327	GREENVILLE	SC Route	183	1.2	4.4	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040018300N	1	1	2	15,200	Suburban	523	16.35%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.91	0.688
2/335	GREENVILLE	SC Route	183 291	6.69 1.74	6./1 5.76	Non-divided TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23040018300N 23040029100N	1	1	26	16,000	Urban Suburban	4,1/2	18.82%	6	Principal Art. Principal Art	0	Unpaved	0.02	0.688
27857	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	149	0	2.57	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070014900N	1	0	6	16,200	Urban	1,089	8.34%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	1.07	0.688
27861	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	149	4.02	4.18	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070014900N	1	0	6	16,200	Urban	1,089	8.34%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.08	0.688
28012	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	201	0	0.33	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	23070020100N	1	0	3	13,100	Suburban	2,165	34.62%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.33	0.688
28452	GREENVILLE	Secondary road	492	2.15	/.48	I WLTL - Bituminous Median	230/0049200E	1	0	4	22,500	Urban	4,592	12.62%	4	Minor Art.	2	Unpaved	1.33	0.688
31233	HORRY	US Route	501	18.46	18.54	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	26020050100N	1	1	4	28,200	Urban	865	23.40%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.09	0.688
31235	HORRY	US Route	501	19.36	19.56	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	26020050100S	1	1	4	28,200	Urban	865	23.40%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.688
34654	LANCASTER	SC Route	160	2.34	2.73	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	29040016000E	1	0	2	16,300	Suburban	889	4.79%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.20	0.688
37792	LEXINGTON	US Route	1	30.33	30.55	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020000100N	1	1	2	13,400	Suburban	2,890	23.16%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.22	0.688
37807	LEXINGTON	US Route	21	14.29	14.63	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020000100N	1	0	2	25,300	Suburban	445	23.44%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.17	0.688
37825	LEXINGTON	US Route	21	18.7	19.11	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020002100N	1	0	3	24,100	Suburban	1,545	23.12%	4	Principal Art.	3	Unpaved	0.07	0.688
37828	LEXINGTON	US Route	21	19.28	21.22	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32020002100N	1	0	3	24,100	Suburban	1,545	23.12%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.30	0.688
38007		SC Route	35	3.13	5.63	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	32040003500N	1	1	1	13,900	Suburban	2,890	23.16%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.60	0.688
45905	ORANGEBURG	Secondary road	94	0	2.81	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	38070009400E	1	1	3	12,300	Town	1,711	32.18%	4	Minor Art.	2	Paved	0.03	0.688
45906	ORANGEBURG	Secondary road	94	0	2.81	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	38070009400E	1	1	3	12,300	Town	1,711	32.18%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.688
47920	PICKENS	US Route	123	17.77	18.17	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	39020012300N	1	1	1	40,100	Suburban	1,264	12.97%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.01	0.688
47921	PICKENS	US Route	123	17.77	18.17	Divided - Raised/Curbed Median	39020012300N	1	1	1	40,100	Suburban	1,264	12.97%	4	Principal Art.	1	Paved	0.17	0.688
4/923	PICKENS	SC Route	93	16.9	3,587	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	39020012300N 39040009300N	1	0	2	40,100	Suburban	711	34,73%	4	Minor Art.	0	Unpaved	0.02	0.688
48868	RICHLAND	US Route	1	3.94	4.25	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020000100N	1	1	9	17,400	Urban	2,554	14.35%	2	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.15	0.688
48869	RICHLAND	US Route	1	3.94	4.25	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	40020000100N	1	1	4	18,000	Urban	2,738	23.37%	2	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.14	0.688
48969	RICHLAND	US Route	76	21.85	22.25	Non-divided	40020007600E	1	1	6	22,500	Urban	4,574	25.49%	4	Principal Art.	0	Unpaved	0.39	0.688
29269	GREENWOOD	US Route	25	20.32	27.28	TWLTL - Bituminous Median	24020002500N	1	0	3	25 300	Town	1.839	15.80%	4	Principal Art	0	Unpayed	2 16	0 640

Appendix C

Countermeasure Toolbox



	Coun	termeasures	Purpose/Benefit	Considerations	Cost & Time to Implement
Engine	eering – Pedestr	ian Crossings			
ENG P-1	Pedestrian Hybrid Beacons (PHB)		Helps pedestrians cross at mid-block or uncontrolled intersection locations by stopping motor vehicles	 Recommended for 3+ lane roadways with speeds higher than 40 mph and AADT greater than 9,000 Should be installed with other improvements such as high visibility crosswalks, advance yield/stop signage and pavement markings, and/or pedestrian refuge islands PHB and RRFB should not be installed at the same crossing See Chapter 4F of MUTCD for further guidance 	\$\$-\$\$\$ Medium to Long
ENG P-2	Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB)		For use at uncontrolled pedestrian and school crosswalk locations	 Covered under SCDOT Traffic Engineering Guideline 33: <u>scdot.org/business/pdf/accessMg</u> <u>t/Traffic-Engineering-</u> <u>Guidelines/tg33.pdf</u> Recommended for: 2-lane roadways with speeds greater than 30 mph and AADT less than 15,000 or speeds less than 40 mph for AADT greater than 15,000 3-lane roadways with speeds less than 40 mph 4+ lanes roadways with speeds less than 40 mph and AADT less than 15,000 or speeds less than 30 mph for AADT greater than 15,000 PHB and RFB should not be installed at the same crossing See MUTCD Interim Approval 21 (IA-21) for further guidance 	\$\$-\$\$\$ Short to Medium
ENG P-3	In-Street Pedestrian Crossing Sign (R1-6)	STATE LAW TO TO WITHIN ROTSTALK RH4	Reminds roadway users of laws regarding right-of-way	 Recommended for multilane roadways where AADT is greater than 10,000 or on 2- to 3-lane roads where speed limits are 30 mph or less Cannot be implemented at signalized locations See Section 2B.11 of MUTCD for further guidance 	\$-\$\$ Short

Table 16 – Countermeasure Toolbox

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	Coun	termeasures	Purpose/Benefit	Considerations	Cost & Time to Implement
ENG P-4	Yield/Stop Here to Pedestrian Sign (R1-5)	HERE TO TO	Provides advance warning to drivers of a marked crosswalk	 Implement along with Advance Yield/Stop pavement markings See Section 2B.11 of MUTCD for further guidance 	\$-\$\$ Short
ENG P-5	Advance Yield/Stop Pavement Markings		Improves pedestrian visibility by providing advance warning to drivers of marked crosswalk	 Recommended at uncontrolled crossings for 3-lane roadways with speeds less than 30 mph, and AADT less than 9,000 Also Implement with Advance Yield/Stop signage, RRFB, and PHB Parking should be restricted between yield line and crosswalk to allow for better visibility Effectiveness depends on motorist compliance with marked yield lines See Section 3B.16 of MUTCD for further guidance 	\$-\$\$ Short
ENG P-6	Pedestrian Refuge Island		Breaks up walking distance and allows pedestrians to focus on one direction at a time	 Recommended for roadways with raised median, especially for roadways with more than 2 lanes in each direction At controlled crossing, it is recommended that pedestrian signal button is installed in the pedestrian refuge island Need to be of sufficient size for ADA compliance 	\$\$-\$\$\$ Medium
ENG P-7	High-Visibility Crosswalks		Enhances visibility of crosswalks	 For signalized and unsignalized intersections Mid-block locations recommended for 2- to 3-lane roadways, with speeds less than 30 mph, and AADT less than 9,000 Mid-block locations can be considered for 2-4 lane roadways with speed less than 40mph, and AADT less than 15,000 with combination with other improvements such as advance yield/stop signage and pavement markings, pedestrian refuge islands, RRFB, and PHB See SCDOT Traffic Engineering Guidelines for further guidance scdot.org/business/pdf/accessMgt /Traffic-Engineering-Guidelines/tg38.pdf 	\$\$-\$\$\$ Short







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Countermeasures			Purpose/Benefit	Considerations	Cost & Time to Implement
ENG P-8	Raised Pedestrian Crossings		Improves safety for pedestrians by increasing visibility for drivers and reducing vehicle speed	 Covered under SCDOT's Traffic Calming Guidelines: <u>scdot.org/business/pdf/accessMg</u> <u>t/trafficEngineering/SCDOT TCG</u> <u>06.pdf</u> Recommended as an uncontrolled crossing for 2- to 3- lane roadways with speeds less than 30 mph and AADT less than 9,000 Attention should be paid to impacts on drainage May be inappropriate on curves or steep roadway grades Need to consider impacts on emergency response vehicles 	\$\$-\$\$\$ Medium
ENG P-9	Curb Extensions		Improves safety for pedestrians and motorist at intersections. Increases visibility, reduces speed of turning vehicles, and reduces pedestrian crossing exposure	 Appropriate where there is an on- street parking and transit users and bicyclists would travel outside curb edge Curb extension should not extend more than 6 feet from curb Need to consider turning needs for larger vehicles such as school buses or emergency vehicles. Attention should be paid to impacts on drainage 	\$\$-\$\$\$ Medium
ENG P-10	Pedestrian Overpasses/ Underpasses		Provides completely separated crossing from vehicular traffic or provides safe crossing over/under barriers such as freeway, railways and natural barriers	 Use sparingly and as a measure of last resort Pedestrians will not use if there is a more direct route Lighting, drainage, graffiti removal, and security are a major concern with underpasses Long ramps may be necessary to accommodate ADA 	\$\$\$\$ Long
Engine	eering – Bicycle	Facilities	Γ		
ENG B-1	Bicycle Signage and Pavement Markings		Increases drivers' awareness and create a designated space for bicyclists	 Signage may include bicycle lane, share the road, bicycle guide information, etc. Intersection markings may include dashed lines, colored (green) pavement or bicycle box See Chapter 9C of the MUTCD for further guidance 	\$\$-\$\$\$ Short to Medium





MUTCD governs the installation of

traffic signal









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Countermeasures			Purpose/Benefit	Considerations	Cost & Time to Implement
ENG IN-14	Reduced Conflict Intersections (RCI)		Increases safety by reducing the number of conflict points between vehicles and pedestrians/bicyclists	 Drivers from the side street only need be concerned with one direction of traffic on the highway at a time. They don't need to wait for a gap in both directions to cross a major road 	\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$ Long
Engine	eering – Roadwa	ays			
ENG R-1	Lighting and Illumination		Provides better visibility of users or objects on the roadway	 Install lighting on both sides of street for wider streets and in commercial districts Roadways should have uniform lighting levels Place lights in advance of mid-block and intersection crosswalks on both approaches to illuminate in front of pedestrians and avoid creating a silhouette 	\$\$-\$\$\$ Medium
ENG R-2	Raised Median		Enhances safety by separating opposing directions of traffic, restricting vehicular movements, and reducing vehicle speeds. Medians can also provide space for pedestrian refuge islands, or for lighting and landscaping	 Special consideration should be given for areas with significant pedestrian and vehicle traffic (greater than 12,000 AADT) or roadways with moderate to high travel speeds. Landscaping in medians should not obstruct visibility for pedestrians, bicyclists, or motorist Fences and railings can be added to medians to discourage crossing at undesignated mid-block locations 	\$\$-\$\$\$ Medium
ENG R-3	Speed Humps/ Speed Tables	Europe Contraction of the second seco	Reduces vehicle speeds and enhances pedestrian environment at pedestrian crossings	 Covered under SCDOT's Traffic Calming Guidelines: scdot.org/business/pdf/accessMg t/trafficEngineering/SCDOT_TCG_ 06.pdf Do no use if on a sharp turn If street is bus or primary emergency vehicle route, design should coordinate with operators May increase noise Should be properly design and constructed to reduce physical discomfort experience by vehicle occupants. 	\$\$-\$\$\$ Medium

Countermeasures			Purpose/Benefit	Considerations	Time to Implement
ENG R-4	Sidewalk, walking paths, and paved shoulders		Provides dedicated space separate from public ROW for people to walk, run, skate, bike, etc	 While constructing continuous facilities is ideal, constructing sections can help set groundwork for a later continuous system In retrofitting streets that do not have space for continuous walkways, prioritize locations near transit stops, schools, parks, public buildings, and other areas with high concentrations of pedestrians Street furniture should not restrict pedestrian flow 	\$\$-\$\$\$\$ Medium to Long
ENG R-5	Landscaping		Calms traffic by creating visual narrowing of roadways and can create buffers for pedestrians along roadway	 Party responsible for maintenance (municipality or neighborhood residents) must be considered and agreed to up-front Vegetation should be trimmed to ensure sight distances are maintained Could instill a false sense of security for pedestrians 	\$-\$\$ Medium to Long
ENG R-6	Street Furniture/Wal king Improvements		Street furniture and walking improvements can create a buffer between streets and walkways. Can also create a pleasant environment for pedestrians	 Ensure placement of furniture does not block pedestrian walkway or obstruct sightlines 	\$-\$\$ Short to Medium
ENG R-7	Driveway Improvements		Driveway improvements can help reduce vehicle turning speeds and encourage vehicles to yield to pedestrians	 Narrowing driveways Tighten turning radii Improving driveway definition Install surface treatments to better define walking paths 	\$\$-\$\$\$\$ Medium to Long
ENG R-8	G Access 8 Management		Access management can help increase safety by reducing the number of potential conflict points between vehicles and pedestrians/bicyclists	 Access management evaluation can assist with determinations to close/consolidate or restrict movements at driveways Communicate with community stakeholders about closing/consolidating or restricting movements at driveways 	\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$ Long

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Countermeasures		Purpose/Benefit	Considerations	Cost & Time to Implement	
ENG R-9	Lane Narrowing		Narrowing lane widths can help reduce vehicle speeds and provide additional space for bicycle lanes, parking lanes, wider sidewalks, or landscape buffers	 AASHTO Greenbook minimum lane widths: 9 feet on rural highways 10 feet for most vehicle travel lanes or turn lanes 11 feet to accommodate larger vehicles Consider surrounding land uses or if lane narrowing would divert traffic to local neighborhood streets On roadways with exceeded capacity, road diet/lane reduction may be a better option 	\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$ Medium to Long
ENG R-10	Road Diet/Lane Reductions		Reconfigure roadway cross-section to optimize street space to benefit all users	 4 to 3 lane conversation should be considered for roadways with documented safety concerns and moderate volumes (less than 15,000 ADT), Road diets can be uncommon for a community, so community outreach is helpful to educate and gather input Consider how road diet/lane reduction may affect alternative routes 	\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$ Long
ENG R-11	One-way/ Two-way Street Conversions		Convert one-way street to two-way or vice versa to change the character of a roadway	 Consider how conversion may affect overall circulation system Converting to one-way may affect accessibility for businesses and may increase the potential for speeding issues. One-way conversion should occur as a couplet where a nearby street is converted to one-way in the opposite direction 	\$\$\$-\$\$\$\$ Long
ENG R-12	Repetitive/ Short-Term Maintenance		Keeping roadways clear of debris and deterioration can provide safe and predictable riding surfaces for bicyclists	 Annual maintenance needs and costs should be considered at the time facilities are constructed Institutionalizing good maintenance practices may increase bicycling and reduce government liability 	\$-\$\$\$ On-Going

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Countermeasures		Purpose/Benefit	Considerations	Cost & Time to Implement	
Educa	ition				
ED-1	Children Safety Clubs		Sponsoring safety clubs were parents/caregivers can enroll their children and receive education materials	• Consider partnering with local agencies or schools	\$-\$\$ Varies
ED-2	School-based Pedestrian or Bicycle Training for Children		School-based programs to teach basic pedestrian and/or bicycle concepts and safe behavior	 Consider partnering with local agencies Materials should be sensitive of different groups of people 	\$-\$\$ Short
ED-3	Safe Route to School Programs		Goal of Safe Route to School Programs increase safety for students/parents walking and bicycling to and from school	 Great opportunity for strong partnerships with local jurisdiction, agencies, and school 	\$-\$\$ Long
ED-4	Pedestrian and/or Bicycle Safety Educational Classes		Provide education on misinformation regarding traffic laws, as well as proper bicycle roadway behaviors	 Educational classes may also include bike fairs or bike rodeos Educational messages should encourage people to think about their own travel attitude and behaviors and make more informed choices Materials should be sensitive of different groups of people 	\$-\$\$ Short
ED-5	Driver Training		Provide training to increase the sensitivity of drivers to the presence of pedestrians and bicyclists and inform drivers of their responsibility to prevent crashes and enhance safety for all road users	 Educational message should encourage people to think about their own travel attitude and behaviors and make more informed choices Materials should be sensitive of different groups of people 	\$-\$\$ Short
ED-6	Share the Road Awareness Programs		Program to promote safe behaviors for all road users to increase safety and compliance with traffic laws	 Educational message should encourage people to think about their own travel attitude and behaviors and make more informed choices Materials should be sensitive of different groups of people 	\$-\$\$\$ Long





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Countermeasures			Purpose/Benefit	Considerations	Cost & Time to Implement
ED-7)-7 Social Media Campaign		Provide safety educational information to social media users about pedestrian and bicycle safety, including safety messages, current laws, safety stats, etc.	 Partner with DPS and their ongoing social media programs Current platforms are Facebook, Instagram, and Twitter 	\$-\$\$ Varies
Enforc	ement				
ENF-1	Parking Restriction		Parking restriction may remove parked cars that can obstruct sightlines and can increase visibility of pedestrian crossing the road	 Communicate with community stakeholders about removing parking spaces Important to enforce parking restriction with signage, paint & pavement markings 	\$-\$\$ Short
ENF-2	Speed- Monitoring Trailers		Enhances drivers' awareness of their speed by displaying approaching drivers the speed at which they are traveling	 Enforcement is needed to supplement speed-monitoring trailers Not a substitution for engineering measures Trailers should be placed at locations where they will not obstruct pedestrian travelways or roadway sightlines 	\$-\$\$ Short
ENF-3	Police Enforcement		Increase awareness of and enforce laws for motorists, pedestrians, and bicyclists	 Campaign must be sensitive to needs of different neighborhoods, age/ethnic groups, etc. Enforcement operation should be conducted with help of staff support and awareness of the courts Education of officers on pedestrian- and bicycle-related laws 	\$\$-\$\$\$ On-Going

Image sources: <u>www.PEDBIKESAFE.org</u>, FWHA Proven Safety Countermeasure, Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD)

LEGEND

Costs

\$\$\$\$: requires extensive new facilities, staff, equipment, or public involvement; or heavy demands on current resources
\$\$: requires moderate new facilities, staff, equipment, or public involvement; or moderate demands on current resources
requires some additional staff time, equipment, facilities, and/or publicity

\$: can be implemented with current staff, perhaps with training, limited costs for equipment, facilities, and publicity

Time to Implement

Long: more than 1 year Medium: more than 3 months, but less than 1 year Short: 3 months or less





Countermeasure		Currently Crossing Roadway/ Implemented Through Vehicle Wal		Walking [Along]	Dash/ Dart-	Crossing	Working or Playing	Crossing Roadway/	Multiple	
	Countermeasure	in South Carolina?	Unsignalized	Signalized	Roadway*	Out	Expressway	in Roadway	Turning Vehicle	Trapped
ENG P-1	Pedestrian Hybrid Beacons	Yes	~			~	~	~		~
ENG P-2	Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons	Yes	~			~		~	~	~
ENG P-3	In-Street Pedestrian Crossing Sign (R1-6)	Yes	✓			✓		~		
ENG P-4	Yield/Stop Here to Pedestrian Sign (R1-5)	Yes	✓			✓	~	~	✓	~
ENG P-5	Advance Yield/Stop Pavement Markings	Yes	✓			✓	~	~	✓	~
ENG P-6	Pedestrian Refuge Island	Yes	\checkmark	✓		✓	~	~	\checkmark	✓
ENG P-7	High Visibility Crosswalks	Yes	\checkmark	\checkmark		✓	~	~	\checkmark	~
ENG P-8	Raised Pedestrian Crossings	Yes	\checkmark			✓		✓	✓	✓
ENG P-9	Curb Extensions	Yes	~	✓		✓	√	✓	✓	~
ENG P-10	Pedestrian Overpasses/ Underpasses	Yes	~	✓		✓	~			
ENG B-1	Bicycle Signage and Pavement Markings	Yes								
ENG B-2	Bicycle Lanes	Yes								
ENG B-3	Separated Bicycle Lanes	Yes								
ENG IN-1	Lighting and Illumination	Yes	\checkmark	\checkmark		✓	~	~	\checkmark	
ENG IN-2	Traffic Signals	Yes		✓		~	~		✓	
ENG IN-3	Pedestrian Countdown Signal	Yes		~		~	~		~	

Table 17 – Countermeasure Matrix (Pedestrians)





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Countermeasure		Currently Implemented	Crossing R Through	oadway/ Vehicle	Walking	Dash/	Crossing	Working or Playing	Crossing Roadway/	Multiple
	Countermeasure	in South Carolina?	Unsignalized	Signalized	Roadway*	Out	Expressway	in Roadway	Turning Vehicle	Trapped
ENG IN-4	Leading Pedestrian Intervals	Yes		~		~	~		~	
ENG IN-5	Exclusive Pedestrian Phase	Yes		✓		✓			✓	
ENG IN-6	RTOR Restrictions	Yes		\checkmark		✓	\checkmark		\checkmark	
ENG IN-7	Install Red Curb Striping	Yes	~	✓		✓		~	✓	1
ENG IN-8	Curb Ramp	Yes	~	✓		✓			✓	✓
ENG IN-9	Curb Radius Reduction	Yes	~	✓		✓			✓	
ENG IN-10	Improve Right-turn Slip Lane Design	Yes	✓	✓		✓			✓	
ENG IN-11	Mini-Circles	Yes	\checkmark			✓				
ENG IN-12	Roundabouts	Yes	\checkmark			✓				
ENG IN-13	Sight Distance Improvements	Yes	\checkmark	\checkmark		✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓
ENG IN-14	Reduced Conflict Intersections	Yes	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				\checkmark	✓
ENG R-1	Lighting and Illumination	Yes	✓	~	✓	√	~	~	✓	✓
ENG R-2	Raised Median	Yes	✓		✓	✓			✓	✓
ENG R-3	Speed Hump/Speed Table	Yes			~	✓		~		✓
ENG R-4	Sidewalk, walking and paved shoulders	Yes	~	~	~			~		
ENG R-5	Landscaping	Yes			√					





Countermeasure		Currently Implemented in South		oadway/ Vehicle	Walking Along	Dash/ Dart-	Crossing	Working or Playing	Crossing Roadway/	Multiple Threat/
		in South Carolina?	Unsignalized	signalized Signalized		Out	Expressway	in Roadway	Vehicle	Trapped
ENG R-6	Street Furniture/ Walking Improvements	Yes			✓					
ENG R-7	Driveway Improvements	Yes							✓	✓
ENG R-8	Access Management	Yes			~				✓	✓
ENG R-9	Lane Narrowing	Yes	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
ENG R-10	Road Diet/Lane Reduction	Yes	\checkmark		\checkmark	✓		✓	\checkmark	✓
ENG R-11	One-way/Two-way Street Conversions	Yes	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓			\checkmark	✓
ENG R-12	Repetitive/Short- Term Maintenance	Yes	✓	✓	✓	~	✓	✓	✓	✓
ED-1	Children Safety Clubs	Yes	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
ED-2	School-based Training for Children	Yes	✓	✓	✓	~	~	✓	✓	✓
ED-3	Safe Route to School Programs	Yes	~	✓	~	~	~	✓	✓	✓
ED-4	Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes	Yes	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	~	✓	✓	✓
ED-5	Driver Training	Yes	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓
ED-6	Share to Road Awareness Programs	Yes	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓
ED-7	Social Media Campaign	Yes	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	~	✓	✓	✓
ENF-1	Parking Restriction	Yes	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark				\checkmark
ENF-2	Speed-Monitoring Trailers	Yes	1	~	~	~		~		~
ENF-3	Police Enforcement	Yes	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	~	\checkmark	\checkmark

* Walking Along Roadway was the crash type with the highest share of rural pedestrian fatal crashes.

		Currently	Motorist	Bicyclis	t Failed to \	Motorist Turned or Merged		Bicyclist Turned or Merged		
	Countermeasure		Overtaking Bicyclist	Unsignalized	Signalized	Midblock	Left into path of Bicyclist	Right into path of Bicyclist	Left into path of Motorist	Right into path of Motorist
ENG P-1	Pedestrian Hybrid Beacons	Yes								
ENG P-2	Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons	Yes								
ENG P-3	In-Street Pedestrian Crossing Sign (R1-6)	Yes								
ENG P-4	Yield/Stop Here to Pedestrian Sign (R1-5)	Yes								
ENG P-4	Advance Yield/Stop Pavement Markings	Yes								
ENG P-6	Pedestrian Refuge Island	Yes					\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	✓
ENG P-7	High Visibility Crosswalks	Yes					\checkmark	✓	✓	✓
ENG P-8	Raised Pedestrian Crossings	Yes					✓	✓	✓	✓
ENG P-9	Curb Extensions	Yes					\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	✓
ENG P-10	Pedestrian Overpasses/ Underpasses	Yes								
ENG B-1	Bicycle Signage and Pavement Markings	Yes	~	~	✓	~	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	✓
ENG B-2	Bicycle Lanes	Yes	\checkmark	~	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	✓
ENG B-	Separated Bicycle Lanes	Yes	~	~	✓	~	✓	✓	✓	✓
ENG IN-1	Lighting and Illumination	Yes	~	✓	✓	~	✓	✓	✓	✓
ENG IN-2	Traffic Signals	Yes			\checkmark		\checkmark	✓	✓	✓
ENG IN-3	Pedestrian Countdown Signal	Yes								

Table 18 – Countermeasure Matrix (Bicycles)

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		Currently	Motorist	Bicyclis	t Failed to \	/ield	Motorist ⁻ Mer	Turned or ged	Bicyclist Turned or Merged	
	Countermeasure		Overtaking Bicyclist	Unsignalized	Signalized	Midblock	Left into path of Bicyclist	Right into path of Bicyclist	Left into path of Motorist	Right into path of Motorist
ENG IN-4	Leading Pedestrian Intervals	Yes								
ENG IN-5	Exclusive Pedestrian Phase	Yes								
ENG IN-6	RTOR Restrictions	Yes			\checkmark		✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark
ENG IN-7	Install Red Curb Striping	Yes		\checkmark		✓		✓		\checkmark
ENG IN-8	Curb Ramp	Yes								
ENG IN-9	Curb Radius Reduction	Yes		\checkmark				✓		~
ENG IN-10	Improve Right-turn Slip Lane Design	Yes			\checkmark			✓		~
ENG IN-11	Mini-Circles	Yes		\checkmark			\checkmark	✓	~	~
ENG IN-12	Roundabouts	Yes		✓			\checkmark	✓	✓	✓
ENG IN-13	Sight Distance Improvements	Yes				✓	\checkmark	✓	~	✓
ENG IN-14	Reduced Conflict Intersections	Yes		\checkmark		~	\checkmark	✓	~	~
ENG R-1	Lighting and Illumination	Yes	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	✓	~	~
ENG R-2	Raised Median	Yes	\checkmark			~	√		~	
ENG R-3	Speed Hump/Speed Table	Yes	\checkmark							
ENG R-4	Sidewalk, walking and paved shoulders	Yes	~							
ENG R-5	Landscaping	Yes								





		Currently Implemented	Motorist	Bicyclis	t Failed to Y	'ield	Motorist ⁻ Mer	Turned or ged	Bicyclist Turned or Merged	
	Countermeasure	in South Carolina?	Overtaking Bicyclist	Unsignalized	Signalized	Midblock	Left into path of Bicyclist	Right into path of Bicyclist	Left into path of Motorist	Right into path of Motorist
ENG R-6	Street Furniture/ Walking Improvements	Yes								
ENG R-7	Driveway Improvements	Yes		\checkmark		✓	\checkmark	✓	✓	~
ENG R-8	Access Management	Yes		\checkmark		~	✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark
ENG R-9	Lane Narrowing	Yes	\checkmark							
ENG R-10	Road Diet/Lane Reduction	Yes	\checkmark	\checkmark		~	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark
ENG R-11	One-way/Two-way Street Conversions	Yes	~							
ENG R-12	Repetitive/Short-Term Maintenance	Yes	~	~	✓	~	✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark
ED-1	Children Safety Clubs	Yes	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
ED-2	School-based Training for Children	Yes	~	~	~	~	✓	~	\checkmark	\checkmark
ED-3	Safe Route to School Programs	Yes	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
ED-4	Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes	Yes	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
ED-5	Driver Training	Yes	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
ED-6	Share the Road Awareness Programs	Yes	~	~	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark
ED-7	Social Media Campaign	Yes	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓
ENF-1	Parking Restriction	Yes		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
ENF-2	Speed-Monitoring Trailers	Yes	~							
ENF-3	Police Enforcement	Yes	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark

**Motorist Overtaking Bicyclist* was the crash type with the highest share of rural bicycle fatal crashes.

Appendix D

Countermeasure Crash Modification Factors and Costs



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		Crash Modification Factors - Non-Motorists			Crash Modification Factors - All Modes						
	Countermeasure		к	А, В, С	All Severity Levels	К	А, В, С	CMF IDs	Source*	Conceptual Cost	
ENG P-1	PHBs (*Without/with advance signs and markings)	0.57 / 0.43	0.55 / 0.43	0.55 / 0.43	0.88 / 0.82	0.81 / 0.82	0.81 / 0.82	10591,10608, 10585,10586	9	\$100,000	
ENG P-2	Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons	0.53	0.53	0.53	-	-	-	9024	23	\$24,000/Crossing	
ENG P-3	In-Street Pedestrian Crossing Sign (R1-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$100/Sign	
ENG P-4	Yield/Stop Here to Pedestrian Sign (R1-5)	0.75	0.75	0.75	-	-	-	9017	23	\$300/Sign	
ENG P-4	Advance Yield/Stop Pavement Markings	0.75	0.75	0.75	-	-	-	9017	23	\$250/Lane Crossed	
ENG P-6	Pedestrian Refuge Island (*With/without marked crosswalk)	0.54 / 0.61	0.54 / 0.61	0.54 / 0.61	0.74	0.74	0.71	175, 176 ⁸ , 8800, 9014	24	\$21,000 (dependent upon size and site- specific conditions)	
ENG P-7	High Visibility Crosswalks	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.81	0.81	0.81	4123 ⁸ , 4124 ⁸	4	\$250/Lane Crossed	
ENG P-8	Raised Pedestrian Crossings	-	-	0.55	-	-	0.64	136, 135	5	\$1,500/Lane Crossed	
ENG P-9	Curb Extension	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$8,000	
ENG P-10	Pedestrian Overpasses/ Underpasses	0.14	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	8	\$1.5 Million to \$5 Million	
ENG B-2	Bicycle Signage and Pavement Markings ¹	0.61	0.61	0.61	-	-	-	3258 ⁸	19	\$5,000/Intersection	
ENG B-3	Bicycle Lanes (*Four- lane/two-lane undivided facilities)	0.44 / 0.73	0.44 / 0.73	0.44 / 0.73	0.44 / 0.73	0.44 / 0.73	0.44 / 0.73	10737	3	\$24,000/Mile	
ENG B-4	Separated Bicycle Lanes ²	0.11	0.11	0.11	-	-	-	-	13	\$700,000/Mile	
ENG IN-1	Lighting and Illumination	0.68	0.63	0.63	-	-	-	7774, 7776	1	\$10,000/Light	
ENG IN-2	Traffic Signals	-	0.85	0.85	0.75	0.75	0.75	8480, 8481	21	\$140,000	
ENG IN-3	Pedestrian Countdown Signal ³	0.30	0.30	0.30	-	-	-	5272	20	\$800/Signal Head	
ENG IN-4	Leading Pedestrian Intervals ⁴	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.90	0.90	0.90	9903, 9901	6, 11	Dependent upon currently installed equipment	

Table 19 – Countermeasure CMFs and Costs

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Countermeasure		Crash Modification Factors - Non-Motorists			Crash N Factors	/lodific - All N	ation Iodes				
		All Severity Levels	к	А, В, С	All Severity Levels	к	А, В, С	CMF IDs	Source*	Conceptual Cost	
ENG IN-5	Exclusive Pedestrian Phase	0.49	0.49	0.49	-	-	-	4117 ⁸	4	Dependent upon currently installed equipment	
ENG IN-6	RTOR Restrictions	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	-	8	Dependent upon currently installed equipment	
ENG IN-7	Install Red Curb Striping	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$2.50/LF	
ENG IN-8	Curb Ramp	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$4,000/Ramp	
ENG IN-9	Curb Radius Reduction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$30,000/Radius	
ENG IN-10	Improve Right-turn Slip Lane Design	-	-	-	0.56	0.56	0.56	8428, 8429, 8431	18	Dependent upon site- specific conditions	
ENG IN-11	Mini-Circles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$30,000	
ENG IN-12	Roundabouts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$1,800,000	
ENG IN-13	Sight Distance Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dependent upon site- specific conditions	
ENG IN-14	Reduced Conflict Intersections	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	10382	-	\$2 Million/ Intersection	
ENG R-1	Lighting and Illumination	0.68	0.63	0.63	-	-	-	7774, 7776	1	\$10,000/Light	
ENG R-2	Raised Median ⁵	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.74	0.74	0.71	8799, 8800, 9014	23	\$350,000/Mile	
ENG R-3	Speed Hump/Speed Table	-	-	-	-	-	0.60	132	5	\$750/Lane Crossed	
ENG R-4	Sidewalk, walking and paved shoulders (*Sidewalk/paved shoulder) ⁶	0.12 / 0.29	0.12 / 0.29	0.12 / 0.29	-	-	-	-	8	\$650,000/Mile	
ENG R-5	Landscaping	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	Dependent upon site- specific conditions	
ENG R-6	Street Furniture/Walking Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dependent upon site- specific conditions	
ENG R-7	Driveway Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$13,000/Driveway	
ENG R-8	Access Management ⁷	-	-	-	0.77 - 0.95	0.69 - 0.75	0.69 - 0.75	-	_	\$13,000/Driveway Closed	



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Countermeasure		Crash Factors -	Modific Non-M	ation lotorists	Crash N Factors	/lodific - All N	ation Iodes			
		All Severity Levels	к	А, В, С	All Severity Levels	К	А, В, С	CMF IDs	Source*	Conceptual Cost
ENG R-9	Lane Narrowing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dependent upon site- specific conditions
ENG R-10	Road Diet/Lane Reduction (*Suburban/urban area)	0.53 / 0.81	0.53 / 0.81	0.53 / 0.81	0.71	0.71	0.71	2841	16	Dependent upon site- specific conditions
ENG R-11	One-way/Two-way Street Conversions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dependent upon site- specific conditions
ENG R-12	Repetitive/Short-Term Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dependent upon site- specific conditions
ED-1	Children Safety Clubs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Varies
ED-2	School-based Training for Children	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Varies
ED-3	Safe Route to School Programs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Varies
ED-4	Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Varies
ED-5	Driver Training	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Varies
ED-6	Share to Road Awareness Programs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Varies
ENF- 1	Parking Restriction	0.70	0.70	0.70	_	_	-	-	10	Varies
ENF- 2	Speed-Monitoring Trailers	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	Varies
ENF- 3	Police Enforcement	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.77	-	-	20	Varies

1- Applies only to the installation of bicycle lanes with green paint at signalized intersections

2- Applies to the installation of a buffer-separated cycle track

3- Applies to scenarios under which an existing pedestrian signal is upgraded to a pedestrian signal with a countdown timer

4- Applicable CMFs ranged from approximately 0.4 to 0.9 in the literature; those presented here received the highest star rating per the CMF Clearinghouse database

5- Applies to scenarios with or without a raised crosswalk

6- Applies to crashes involving a pedestrian walking on the side of the road

7- Range of CMFs provided in the literature

8- CMF rating less than three stars

*Source numbers correspond to reference list on the following pages

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Appendix E

Countermeasure Cut Sheets





S Richardson Street/River Street* (S-664 MPT 0.23-1.07) from Elford St to Main St



Potential Countermeasures

High-Visibility	Crosswalks -	ENG P-7
ringin visionity	crosswands	

Bicycle Signage and Pavement Markings - ENG B-1

Bicycle Lanes - ENG B-2

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 4.60 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 3.15 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 32%

Location Summary

Primary Route: S-664 Segment Length: 4,500 feet **County:** Greenville Jurisdiction: GPATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 30 mph of Greenville SCDOT District: 3

Area Type: Urban **AADT:** 5,400 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 2 Functional Class: Urban-Major Collector

*S Richardson St changes to River St at W McBee Ave (MPT 0.62)

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	0	2	9	11
Bicycle	0	0	12	12

Crash History (2015 to 2019)







Rectangular	Rapid	Flashing	Beacon	- FNG P-2
reccungului	Tapla	riusining	Deacon	

Improve Right-Turn Slip Lane Design – ENG IN-10

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 4.40 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 2.44 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 45%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 17 Segment Length: 5,380 feet **County:** Horry Jurisdiction: GSATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 40 mph of North Myrtle Beach **SCDOT District:** 5

Area Type: Urban **AADT:** 37,900 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 6+TWLTL Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	3	1	3	7
Bicycle	0	1	14	15

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





Rivers Avenue (US 52 MPT 8.290-9.295)

From Aviation Ave to Harley St



Potential Countermeasures

High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Leading Pedestrian Interval - ENG IN-4

Improve Right-Turn Slip Lane Design - ENG IN-10

Sidewalks - ENG R-4

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 4.20 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 2.95 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 30%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 52 Segment Length: 5,200 feet **County:** Charleston Jurisdiction: CHATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 45 mph of North Charleston SCDOT District: 6

Area Type: Urban **AADT:** 48,400 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 6 Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	0	2	10	12
Bicycle	0	0	9	9

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





High-Visibility	Crosswalks	- ENG P-7
·		

Leading Pedestrian Interval - ENG IN-4

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 3.60 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 2.32 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 36%

Location Summary

Primary Route: SC 61 Segment Length: 4,700 feet **County:** Charleston Jurisdiction: CHATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 35 mph of Charleston **SCDOT District: 6**

Area Type: Urban **AADT:** 37,600 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4+TWLTL Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	1	0	10	11
Bicycle	0	0	7	7

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





High-Visibility	Crosswalks	- FNG P-7	7
riigii visionity	CIOSSWAIKS		1

Exclusive Pedestrian Phase - ENG IN-5

Right-Turn on Red Restrictions - ENG IN-6

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Driver Training - ED-5

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 3.40 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 1.97 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 42%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 1 Segment Length: 5,320 feet County: Richland Jurisdiction: COATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 35 mph of Columbia SCDOT District: 1

Area Type: Urban **AADT:** 31,400 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 6 Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	1	2	10	13
Bicycle	0	0	4	4

Crash History (2015 to 2019)







High-Visibility	v Crosswalks - ENG P-7	

Bicycle Signage and Pavement Markings - ENG B-1

Bicycle Lanes - ENG B-2

Pedestrian Countdown Signal - ENG IN-3

Leading Pedestrian Interval - ENG IN-4

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Landscaping - ENG R-5

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 3.20 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 1.82 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 43%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 276/S-200 Area Type: Urban Segment Length: 5,560 feet **County:** Greenville Jurisdiction: GPATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 35 mph of Greenville SCDOT District: 3

AADT: 30,300 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4+TWLTL Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

*US 276 from Hammett St to W. Stone Ave (MP 32.375-33.24); S-200 from W Stone Ave to Walker St (MP 0.031-0.25)

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	3	2	6	11
Bicycle	0	1	4	5

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





Incapacitating All Others

Potential Countermeasures

Pedestrian Refuge Island - ENG P-6

High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Pedestrian Countdown Signal - ENG IN-3

Leading Pedestrian Interval - ENG IN-4

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 3.20 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 1.20 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 62%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 176 Segment Length: 4,990 feet County: Richland Jurisdiction: COATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 40 mph of Columbia SCDOT District: 1

Area Type: Suburban **AADT:** 37,600 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4 + TWLTL Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	1	1	11	13
Bicycle	0	0	3	3

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





Incapacitating All Others

Potential Countermeasures

Pedestrian	Hybrid	Beacon -	ENG P-1
reacstriait	riybrid	Deacon	

High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Bicycle Signage and Pavement Markings - ENG B-1

Bicycle Lanes - ENG B-2

Leading Pedestrian Interval - ENG IN-4

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Lane Narrowing - ENG R-9

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 2.80 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 1.33 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 53%

Location Summary

Primary Route: SC 64 Segment Length: 4,140 feet **County:** Colleton Jurisdiction: Lowcountry COG, Speed Limit: 45 mph City of Walterboro SCDOT District: 6

Area Type: Town **AADT:** 17,100 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4 +TWLTL Functional Class: Urban-Minor Arterial

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	4	3	3	10
Bicycle	0	0	4	4

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Improve Right-Turn Slip Lane Design - ENG IN-10

Sidewalks - ENG R-5

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-8

Access Management - ENG R-9

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 2.60 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 1.63 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 37%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 52 Segment Length: 5,614 feet **County:** Charleston Jurisdiction: CHATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 40 mph of North Charleston SCDOT District: 6

Area Type: Urban **AADT:** 48,400 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 6 Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	2	2	4	8
Bicycle	0	1	4	5

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





Pedestrian Refuge Island - ENG P-6

High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Bicycle Signage and Pavement Markings - ENG B-1

Bicycle Lanes - ENG B-2

Pedestrian Countdown Signal - ENG IN-3

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Landscaping - ENG R-5

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 3.20 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 1.82 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 43%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 52 Segment Length: 4,980 feet County: Florence Jurisdiction: Pee Dee COG, Lake City SCDOT District: 5 Area Type: Town AADT: 13,700 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4 + TWLTL Speed Limit: 35 mph Functional Class: Urban-Principal Arterial

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	1	2	4	7
Bicycle	0	0	6	6

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Bicycle Signage and Pavement Markings - ENG B-1

Roadway Lighting and Illumination - ENG R-1

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 2.20 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 1.43 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 35%

Location Summary

Primary Route: S-12 Segment Length: 5,150 feet County: Florence Jurisdiction: SCDOT District: 5 Area Type: Urban AADT: 9,900 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 3 Speed Limit: 40 mph Functional Class: Urban-Minor Arterial

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	1	2	2	5
Bicycle	0	0	6	6

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





Socastee Boulevard (SC 707 MPT 9.388-10.161)

from Dick Pond Rd to Manor Cir



Potential Countermeasures

High-Visibility	Crosswalks	- FNG P-7
riigii visioiity		

Leading Pedestrian Interval - ENG IN-4

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 2.20 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 1.48 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 33%

Location Summary

Primary Route: SC 707 Segment Length: 4,090 feet County: Horry Jurisdiction: GSATS MPO, Horry County SCDOT District: 5 Area Type: Suburban AADT: 22,200 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4 + TWLTL Speed Limit: 30 mph Functional Class: Urban-Minor Arterial

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	1	1	5	7
Bicycle	0	0	4	4

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





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- Bicycle Signage and Pavement Markings ENG B-1
- Leading Pedestrian Interval ENG IN-4
- Raised Median ENG R-2

Landscaping - ENG R-5

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 2.00 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 1.40 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 30%

Location Summary

Primary Route: S-12/US 52 Segment Length: 3,270 feet County: Florence Jurisdiction: FLATS MPO, City of Florence SCDOT District: 5

Area Type: Urban AADT: 21,200 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4 Speed Limit: 40 mph Functional Class: Urban-Principal Arterial

*S-12 from MP 3.481-3.510; US 52 from MP 26.56-27.23

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	2	1	2	5
Bicycle	0	1	4	5

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





Remount Road (S-13 MPT 2.100-2.753)

from Parana St to Rivers Ave



Potential Countermeasures

Pedestrian	Refuge	Island	- EN	١G	P-6
reacountain	neruge	Isiana		10	1 0

High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Landscaping - ENG R-5

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 2.00 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 1.21 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 39%

Location Summary

Primary Route: S-13 Segment Length: 3,400 feet **County:** Charleston Jurisdiction: CHATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 40 mph of North Charleston SCDOT District: 6

Area Type: Urban **AADT:** 28,600 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4 + TWLTL Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	0	3	4	7
Bicycle	0	0	3	3

Crash History (2015 to 2019)









Lline Visibility	Crosswalks ENC D 7
rign-visibility	Crosswarks - EING P-7

Right-Turn on Red Restrictions - ENG IN-6

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Right-Turn on Red Restrictions - ENG IN-6

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.80 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 1.26 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 30%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 21 Segment Length: 2,170 feet County: Richland Jurisdiction: COATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 35 mph of Columbia SCDOT District: 1

Area Type: Urban **AADT:** 39,700 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 7 Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

*US 21 from MP 2.449-2.682; US 76 from MP 19.650-19.868

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	1	1	4	6
Bicycle	0	0	3	3

Crash History (2015 to 2019)







High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Roadway Lighting and Illumination - ENG R-1

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Landscaping - ENG R-5

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.60 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.97 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 39%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 17 Segment Length: 1,670 feet County: Horry Jurisdiction: GSATS MPO, Horry County SCDOT District: 5 Area Type: Suburban AADT: 41,400 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4 + TWLTL Speed Limit: 45 mph Functional Class: Urban-Principal Arterial

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	2	1	3	6
Bicycle	0	0	2	2

Crash History (2015 to 2019)







Pedestrian Refuge Island - ENG P-6
High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7
Roadway Lighting and Illumination - ENG R-1

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Landscaping - ENG R-5

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.40 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.82 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 41%

Location Summary

Primary Route: SC 253 Segment Length: 2,410 feet County: Greenville Jurisdiction: GPATS MPO, Greenville County SCDOT District: 3 Area Type: Suburban AADT: 26,900 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4 + TWLTL Speed Limit: 45 mph Functional Class: Urban-Minor Arterial

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	1	3	2	6
Bicycle	0	0	2	2

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





E. Palmetto Street (US 76 MPT 21.396-22.130)

from Courtney Sq. Mobile Home DW to McCurdy Rd



Potential Countermeasures

Pedestrian	Hybrid	Beacon -	ENG P-1

- High-Visibility Crosswalks ENG P-7
- Roadway Lighting and Illumination ENG R-1
- Raised Median ENG R-2
- Sidewalks ENG R-4
- Driveway Improvements ENG R-7
- Access Management ENG R-8
- Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes ED-4
- Police Enforcement ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.40 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.48 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 66%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 76 Segment Length: 3,920 feet County: Florence Jurisdiction: FLATS MPO, Florence County SCDOT District: 5 Area Type: Suburban AADT: 21,600 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4 + TWLTL Speed Limit: 45 mph Functional Class: Urban-Principal Arterial

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	4	1	1	6
Bicycle	0	0	1	1

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





Forest Drive (SC 12/SC 12 Spur*) from Autumn Cir and Dellwood Dr

	Legend
С	Pedestrian
	Bicycle
-	Fatal
-	Incapacitating
-	All Others

Potential Countermeasures

High-Visibility	Crosswalks -	ENG P-	-7
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- Curb Radius Reduction ENG IN-9
- Roadway Lighting and Illumination ENG R-1
- Raised Median ENG R-2
- Landscaping ENG R-5
- Driveway Improvements ENG R-7
- Access Management ENG R-8
- Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes ED-4
- Police Enforcement ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.40 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.85 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 39%

Location Summary

Primary Route: SC 12 Segment Length: 3,080 feet County: Richland Jurisdiction: COATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 45 mph of Columbia SCDOT District: 1

Area Type: Suburban **AADT:** 28,000 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 5 Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

*SC 12 from MP 6.007-6.330; SC 12 Spur from MP 0.000-0.136

oogle Street View

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	1	3	3	7
Bicycle	0	0	0	0

Crash History (2015 to 2019)







- Pedestrian Countdown Signal ENG IN-3
- Leading Pedestrian Interval ENG IN-4
- Raised Median ENG R-2

Landscaping - ENG R-5

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.40 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.58 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 59%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 378 Segment Length: 3,840 feet County: Lexington Jurisdiction: COATS MPO, Town of Lexington SCDOT District: 1 Area Type: Suburban AADT: 32,500 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 5 Speed Limit: 35 mph Functional Class: Urban-Principal Arterial

3

*N Lake Drive becomes Sunset Blvd at MP 16.15

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	1	3	2	6
Bicycle	0	0	1	1

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





St. Andrews Boulevard (SC 61 MPT 10.390-10.883)

from 5th Ave to Avondale Ave



Potential Countermeasures

High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Roadway Lighting and Illumination - ENG R-1

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Landscaping - ENG R-5

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.40 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.83 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 40%

Location Summary

Primary Route: SC 61 Segment Length: 2,680 feet **County:** Charleston Jurisdiction: CHATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 30 mph of Charleston SCDOT District: 6

Area Type: Urban **AADT:** 52,300 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4 + TWLTL Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	1	2	0	3
Bicycle	0	0	4	4

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





High-Visibility	Crosswalks -	ENG P-7
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Pedestrian Countdown Signal - ENG IN-3

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Sidewalks - ENG R-4

Landscaping - ENG R-5

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.20 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.33 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 73%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 29 Segment Length: 2,820 feet **County:** Greenville Jurisdiction: GPATS, Greenville Speed Limit: 45 mph Countv **SCDOT District:** 3

Area Type: Suburban **AADT:** 38,400 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 6 + TWLTL Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	3	3	0	6
Bicycle	0	0	0	0

Crash History (2015 to 2019)







Raised Median - ENG R-2

Roadway Lighting and Illumination - ENG R-1

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Road Diet/Lane Reduction - ENG R-10

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.20 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.64 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 47%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 76 Segment Length: 1,990 feet County: Richland Jurisdiction: COATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 35 mph of Columbia SCDOT District: 1

Area Type: Urban **AADT:** 22,500 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4 + TWLTL Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	3	0	2	5
Bicycle	0	0	1	1

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





- Leading Pedestrian Interval ENG IN-4
- Roadway Lighting and Illumination ENG R-1
- Raised Median ENG R-2

Landscaping - ENG R-5

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.20 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.71 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 41%

Location Summary

Primary Route: SC 291 Segment Length: 1,340 feet **County:** Greenville Jurisdiction: GPATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 45 mph of Greenville SCDOT District: 3

Area Type: Suburban **AADT:** 22,800 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 6 + TWLTL Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	2	2	2	6
Bicycle	0	0	0	0

Crash History (2015 to 2019)



SOUTH CAROLINA PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE SAFETY ACTION PLAN





Potential Countermeasures

In-Street Pedestrian Crossing Sign - ENG P-3

High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Curb Extension - ENG P-9

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Location Summary

Primary Route: SC 12 Segment Length: 3,190 feet County: Richland Jurisdiction: COATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 35 mph of Columbia SCDOT District: 1 *SC 12 Couplet MP 0.00-0.397; SC 12 Mainline from MP 1.13-1.336

Area Type: Urban **AADT:** 12,500 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 6 Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	2	2	2	6
Bicycle	0	0	0	0

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.20 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.88 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 27%

Crash History (2015 to 2019)







Pedestrian Refuge Island - ENG P-6

High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Leading Pedestrian Interval - ENG IN-4

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.20 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.65 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 46%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 17 Segment Length: 3,090 feet County: Horry Jurisdiction: GSATS MPO, Horry County SCDOT District: 5 Area Type: Urban AADT: 55,800 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 7 Speed Limit: 40 mph Functional Class: Urban-Principal Arterial

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	1	1	3	5
Bicycle	0	1	0	1

Crash History (2015 to 2019)





Palmetto Bay Road (US 278 MPT 20.15-20.71)

from Archer Rd to William Hilton Pkwy



Potential Countermeasures

High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Bicycle Signage and Pavement Markings – ENG B-1

Leading Pedestrian Interval - ENG IN-4

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Sidewalks - ENG R-4

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.20 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.76 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 37%

Location Summary

Primary Route: US 278 Segment Length: 2,240 feet **County:** Beaufort Jurisdiction: LATS MPO, Town Speed Limit: 35 mph of Hilton Head SCDOT District: 6

Area Type: Urban **AADT:** 26,300 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4 + TWLTL Functional Class: Urban-**Principal Arterial**

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	0	2	1	3
Bicycle	0	1	2	3

Crash History (2015 to 2019)



Sulphur Springs Road / N Franklin Rd* (S-87 MPT 2.574-3.291)

from Pinsley Cir to Montis Dr



Potential Countermeasures

- High-Visibility Crosswalks ENG P-7
- Leading Pedestrian Interval ENG IN-4
- Roadway Lighting and Illumination ENG R-1
- Driveway Improvements ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

- Road Diet/Lane Reduction ENG R-10
- Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.20 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.63 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 48%

Location Summary

Primary Route: S-87 Segment Length: 3,810 feet County: Greenville Jurisdiction: GPATS MPO, Greenville County SCDOT District: 3 Area Type: Suburban AADT: 10,800 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4 Speed Limit: 40 mph Functional Class: Urban-Major Collector

*Sulphur Springs Rd changes to N. Franklin Rd at MPT 3.04

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	1	2	3	6
Bicycle	0	0	0	0

Crash History (2015 to 2019)









Pedestrian Refuge Island - ENG P-6

High-Visibility Crosswalks - ENG P-7

Leading Pedestrian Interval - ENG IN-4

Roadway Lighting and Illumination - ENG R-1

Raised Median - ENG R-2

Landscaping - ENG R-5

Driveway Improvements - ENG R-7

Access Management - ENG R-8

Pedestrian/Bicycle Safety Classes - ED-4

Police Enforcement - ENF-3

Potential Crash Reduction

Observed Crashes (Before): 1.00 crashes/year

Estimated Crashes (After): 0.53 crashes/year

Annual Crash Reduction Potential: 47%

Location Summary

Primary Route: S-60 Segment Length: 2,340 feet **County:** Charleston Jurisdiction: CHATS MPO, City Speed Limit: 40 mph of North Charleston SCDOT District: 6

Area Type: Urban **AADT:** 32,800 vehicles per day Number of Lanes: 4+ TWLTL Functional Class: Urban-Minor Arterial

Crash Summary	Fatal (K)	Incapacitating Injury (A)	All Others	Total
Pedestrian	3	1	1	5
Bicycle	0	0	0	0

Crash History (2015 to 2019)

