

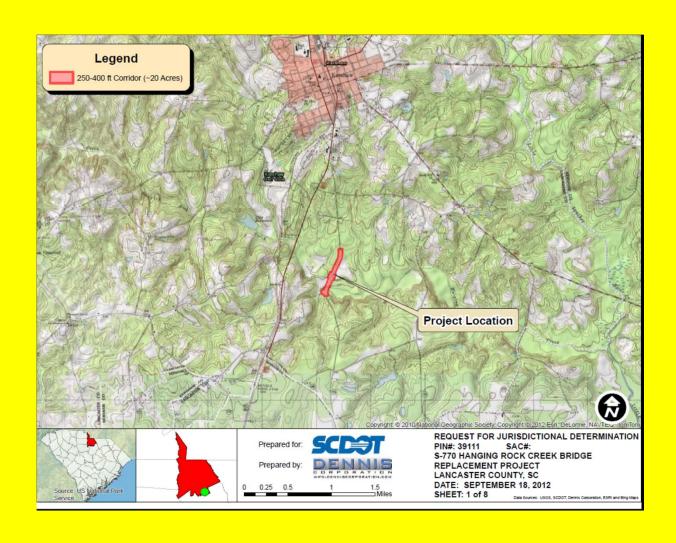


- · Include cover letter with a description of the project area
- Cover letter should prepared for signature by SCDOT permit manager and sent electronically in Word document
- The type of JD submittal is dependent on the project
- Usually it is approximate-preliminary for smaller projects
- Preliminary review time is quicker and it assumes all identified waters are jurisdictional
- For larger projects or sites with questionable features, an approximate-approved
 JD may be more appropriate
- JD submittal should include request form, supporting maps and figures, data sheets, and a photographic record of the delineated features
- Checklist available from SCDOT permit managers
- The following slides show some examples of maps submitted with JD request



- May vary slightly depending on project and type of JD being requested
- A location map of the project area should be included
- A topographic map of the project area should also be included
- An aerial photograph with a depiction of delineated features and data points
- NWI and NRCS soil map
- Project study area should be shown on map
- Map should show acreage of project area, acreage of wetlands, linear footage and acreage of streams
- May include survey plat for accurate JD's
- The request should include chart with lat, long, cowardian class, and acreage
- Data Sheets including upland data point

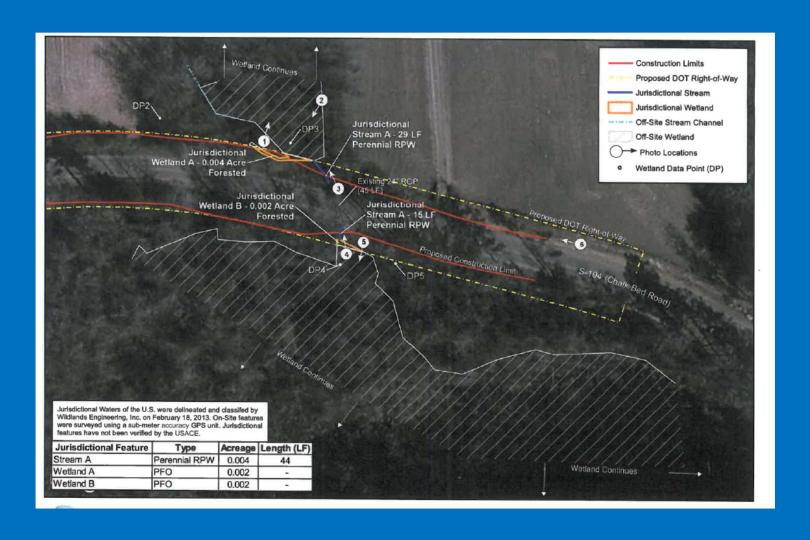
Location Map



Aerial photograph with streams



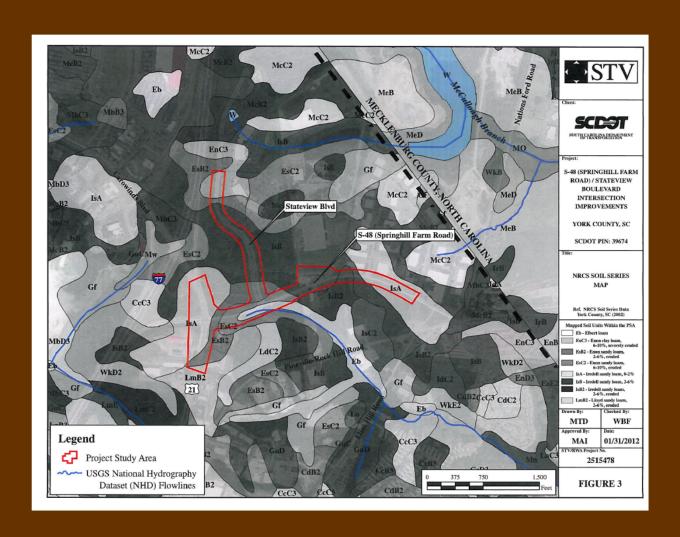
Delineation Map with data points



NWI Map



Soil Map



Waters of the US classification table

Site Number	Latitude	Longitude	Cowardin Class	Estimated amount of aquatic resource in review area	Class of aquatic resource
Ditch 1	33°78'92.26"N	78°99'82.80"W	RUB	1001 L. Ft. (0.105 ac.)	non-section 10 - non-wetland
Ditch 2	33°78'72.72"N	79°00'06.96"W	RUB	785 L. Ft. (0.088 ac.)	non-section 10 - non-wetland
Ditch 3	33°78'79.98"N	78°99'96.51"W	RUB	351 L. Ft. (0.040 ac.)	non-section 10 - non-wetland
Ditch 4	33°78'78.85"N	79°00'01.86"W	RUB	182 L. Ft. (0.059 ac.)	non-section 10 - non-wetland
Ditch 5	33°78'88.06"N	78°99'88.38"W	RUB	639 L. Ft. (0.072 ac.)	non-section 10 - non-wetland
Ditch 6	33°78'74.82"N	78°99'98.61"W	RUB	120 L. Ft. (0.047 ac.)	non-section 10 - non-wetland
Pond 1	33°78'90.50"N	78°99'88.25"W	PUB	0.016 ac.	non-section 10 - non-wetland
Pond 2	33°78'93.58"N	78°99'86.03"W	PUB	0.034 ac.	non-section 10 - non-wetland
Wetland A	33°78'89.25"N	78°99'83.19"W	PFO	0.047 ac.	non-section 10 - non-wetland

Data Sheet

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region SCDOT S-1211 Intersection Improvements City/County: Project/Site: Sampling Date: 11/19/2012 Applicant/Dwner: State: Sampling Point: DP 1 Wetland Investigator[s]: Jake Duncan, Pam Ferral Section, Township, Range: Flag A-3 Landform: (hillstope, terrace, etc.) Flat Local Relief (concave, convex, nane): None Slope (%): 0 Subregion (URX or MUNA) Lat: 33 78' 89.37" long: 78 99' 82.87" Datum: Soil Map Unit Name: Leon **NWI Classification:** None ⊠No Are climetic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Fes (If no, explain in Remarks.) Are Vegetation . Soil . , or Hydrology ✓ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? es Are Vegetation . Soil . , or Hydrology ☐naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.) SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Yes 🗹 No 🗆 Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? is the Sampled Area Yes 🗹 No 🗌 No 🗆 Yes 🔽 Hydric Soil Present? within a wetland? Yes 🗹 Wetland Hydrology Present? No 🗌 Remarks: Entire region is in a moderate to severe drought, Major ditches that run through the site have effectively drained the majority of the site. However, this small area has not been effectively drained. HYDROLOGY Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required) Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; sheck all that apply); Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Surface Water (A1) Aquatic Fauna (813) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (BR) High Water Table (A2) Marl Deposits (815) (LRR U) Drainage Patterns (810) Saturation (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Moss Trim Lines (816) Water Marks (81) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Dry-Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Cravfish Burrows (CB) Drift Deposits (83) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Thin Much Surface (C7) Geomorphic Position (D2) 9 Iron Deposits (B5) Other (Explain in Remarks) Shallow Aguitard (D3) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (87) FAC-Neutral Test (DS) Sphangum moss (D8) (LRR T,U) Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Depth (Inches): Water Table Present? Yes No 🗸 Death (inches): Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: emarks: The majority of the tract has had the hydrology significantly altered by a series of major ditches that run through and biscect it. This is evident by the analysis of the sandy soil on site, which has a thick dark A horizon, indicative to hydric soils, and it exhibits a high amount of organic coating (70% or greater) on the sand grains within the upper soil surface (top 6 inches). If wetland hydrology were absent then the sand grains would be expected to have less than 70% percent or more organic coatings. Therefore, this small area still maintains wetland hydrology.

Common problems

- Upland data point left out or in wrong location
- Acreage of streams not shown on drawings
- Acreage of project site left off of drawings
- Non-jurisdictional features included on preliminary JD
- Maps not adequate to show hydrologic connectivity to other waters of the US
- Roadside ditches incorrectly identified
- Project study area not large enough to cover all proposed impact locations

See checklist for other requirements (available from SCDOT permit managers)

Preliminary JD

- Preliminary JD (PJD) assumes that all waters identified are jurisdictional
- Non water features can be included on a PJD, but should be labeled appropriately
- All features on a PJD should be identified as they are (RPW, stream, wetland, etc.) but should not be labeled using the terms jurisdictional or nonjurisdictional
- If a site contains isolated wetlands or stormwater ponds, it may be better to request an approved JD

Ditch Guidance from Corps (Darden Nov.15, 2012)

- Roadside ditches excavated wholly in uplands and that do not carry a relatively permanent flow of water are generally NOT waters of the US because they are not tributaries or they do not have a significant nexus to downstream TNWs.
- Ditches can be jurisdictional if they transport relatively permanent flow directly or indirectly to TNW or between other waters of the US
- Corps field staff will make case-by-case determination on ditches and similar features