



Geotechnical Subsurface Data Report

SC 72 (Carlisle Chester Hwy) Bridge
Replacement over Cox Creek

Union County, SC
March 22, 2023



March 22, 2023

Mr. Trapp Harris, PE, DBIA
Geotechnical Engineer
Alternative Delivery
South Carolina Department of Transportation
955 Park Street
Columbia, SC 29201

Dear Mr. Harris,

We have completed the Geotechnical Subsurface Data Report for the SC 72 (Carlisle Chester Hwy.) Bridge Replacement over Cox Creek in Union County, SC. Please call at your convenience if you have questions or comments. HDR appreciates the opportunity to provide geotechnical engineering services to the South Carolina Department of Transportation.

Sincerely,
HDR

Kiera Hughes, E.I.T.
Engineer-in-Training



Lila Leon, P.E., Ph.D.
Senior Geotechnical Engineer



Contents

1 Introduction 1

1.1 Project Description 1

2 Investigative Procedures 1

2.1 Drilling and Sampling 1

2.2 Cone Penetrometer Testing 2

2.3 MASW Survey 2

2.4 Groundwater Conditions 2

2.5 Field Testing Summary 3

3 Laboratory Test Program 3

3.1 Soil and Rock Properties 4

4 Limitations to Report 4

5 References 4

Tables

Table 2-1. Field Soil Testing Summary 3

Table 3-1. Laboratory Testing Summary 3

Appendices

- Appendix A. Site Vicinity Map, Test Location Plan
- Appendix B. Boring Logs, Rock Core Photos, CPT Logs, MASW Profile
- Appendix C. Laboratory Testing
- Appendix D. SPT Hammer Energy Calibration Report

This page is intentionally left blank.

1 Introduction

This Geotechnical Subsurface Data Report (GSDR) provides a characterization of the subsurface conditions to the South Carolina Department of Transportation (SCDOT) for the proposed SC 72 Bridge Replacement over Cox Creek, in Union County, South Carolina. The proposed bridge intends to replace the existing bridge over Cox Creek on Carlisle Chester Highway.

This Geotechnical Subsurface Data Report was prepared in general accordance with the 2022 SCDOT Geotechnical Design Manual (GDM). Geotechnical data including standard penetration testing (SPT), cone penetration testing (CPT), bulk sampling, rock cores, shear wave velocity measurements, and a variety of laboratory tests are presented herein to provide geological features and site conditions for the design of the proposed bridge. Geotechnical recommendations are not included in this report.

1.1 Project Description

The project site is located east of Carlisle, approximately a quarter of a mile west of the intersection of SC 72 with State Road S-44-113. It is bound to the east by State Road S-44-113 and to the west by Janie Glymph Goree Blvd. A Site Vicinity Map is included in Appendix A.

The existing creek crossing is a triple 10'×8' reinforced concrete box culvert widened on each side with a bridge. The existing structure is approximately 52 feet in length and 44 feet wide and will be removed and replaced with a new bridge along a shifted alignment. The proposed single span replacement bridge will be approximately 110 feet in length and will accommodate two 12-foot lanes with 10-foot shoulders. Construction is anticipated to be completed in stages to avoid closing/detouring the existing bridge.

2 Investigative Procedures

The geotechnical subsurface exploration at the project site was performed by F&ME Consultants in November 2022. The subsurface investigation consisted of standard penetration test (SPT) borings, rock core samples, bulk sample soil collection, CPTs, and shear wave velocity measurements with MASW testing.

A test location plan showing all testing locations is included in Appendix A. The boring logs, rock core photos, CPT logs, and MASW shear wave velocity profile from the subsurface investigation are included in Appendix B.

2.1 Drilling and Sampling

A total of two (2) SPT borings were performed during the subsurface investigation, B-33 and B-34. Auger refusal was encountered in both borings at depths of 18.5 feet and 18.0 feet, respectively. Advancement of the bridge borings B-33 and B-34 below auger refusal was accomplished with NQ rock coring techniques. These were terminated at depths of 28.5 feet and 28.0 feet.

The boring logs from the subsurface investigations are included in Appendix B. The borings were advanced by a CME 45B using mud rotary and driven casing drilling techniques. Soil sampling and penetration testing was performed in general accordance with ASTM D-1586 and ASTM D-1587. SPT's were typically conducted continuously in the top 10 feet of each boring followed by 5-foot intervals thereafter until auger refusal was encountered. SPT's were carried out utilizing a standard 1.4-inch I.D., 2-inch O.D, split barrel, or split-spoon sampler. Blow counts recorded at these intervals were produced from SPT hammer with energy ratio of 81.4%. The hammer energy ratio is identified on each boring log. SPT hammer energy measurements on the CME 45B drill rig were performed with a pile driving analyzer (PDA) and the SPT Hammer Energy Calibration Report is included in Appendix D.

One (1) bulk sample was obtained at boring BS-1 collectively from 5 feet below the existing ground surface from auger cuttings. The collected rock core samples were evaluated in the field and the percentage of core recovery (REC) and Rock Quality Designation (RQD) were recorded.

Recovered SPT, bulk sample, and rock cores were sent to the F&ME laboratory for testing.

2.2 Cone Penetrometer Testing

Two (2) cone penetrometer tests (CPT-15 and CPT-16) were performed by F&ME Consultants, Inc., one near each end bent of the existing bridge. Upon encountering refusal, the CPTs were terminated at depths of 14.8 feet and 12.1 feet. CPT sounding logs are included in Appendix B.

2.3 MASW Survey

Shear wave velocity measurements were obtained by F&ME Consultants from one (1) Multi-Channel Analysis of Surface Waves, MASW-8, performed on the existing bridge end where boring B-33 was drilled. Active survey data was obtained by a sledgehammer striking an aluminum block and polyethylene block and recording of the resulting vibrations. Passive survey data consisted of the collection of ambient background vibrations resulting from drilling equipment. The resulting shear-wave data from this investigation produced an average shear-wave velocity of 1525.3 ft/sec for the 0 to 100-foot interval. The MASW survey report is included in Appendix B.

2.4 Groundwater Conditions

The stabilized groundwater level recorded approximately 24 hours after completion of investigation operations indicated a groundwater depth of 11.6 feet and 11.0 feet for boring B-33 and B-34, respectively. These depths correspond to elevations 328.6 feet and 329.3 feet.

Groundwater level was recorded at the time of completion of soil drilling and/or rock coring at borings B-33 and B-34 at depths of 10.0 feet and 8.2 feet. These depths correspond to elevations 330.2 feet and 332.1 feet.

These reported groundwater levels are interpreted to be dependent upon seasonal fluctuations, individual event intensity and/or level of Cox Creek.

2.5 Field Testing Summary

The field testing locations and other pertinent information are summarized in Table 2-1 below, and are also plotted on the field test location plan included in Appendix A.

Table 2-1. Field Soil Testing Summary

Test Hole No.	Station ^a	Offset (ft)	Latitude	Longitude	Top of Boring Elevation (ft)	Test Type	Total Depth (ft)
B-33	70+84	52 LT	34.59537	-81.44177	340.2	SPT/RC	28.5
B-34	71+96	55 LT	34.59534	-81.44214	340.3	SPT/RC	28.0
BS-1	70+84	64 LT	34.59533	-81.44176	339.4	BULK	5.0
CPT-15	70+91	56 LT	34.59535	-81.44179	340.1	CPT	14.8
CPT-16	71+94	56 LT	34.59534	-81.44213	340.3	CPT	12.1
MASW-8	near boring B-33					MASW	100.0

^a Stations based on latest SC 72 alignment.

3 Laboratory Test Program

Laboratory testing was performed by F&ME Consultants on representative samples collected from the geotechnical borings to obtain index and engineering properties. Geotechnical index property testing included natural moisture content, Atterberg limits, #200 wash, and sieve analysis. Engineering property tests included consolidated undrained (CU) triaxial compression, unconfined compression of rock, Standard Proctor, and corrosion series testing.

Laboratory testing was performed in general accordance with ASTM or AASHTO test procedures. Representative samples were classified in accordance with the AASHTO and Unified Soil Classification System (USCS). Table 3-1 summarizes the testing types and quantity of each test performed. For detailed laboratory information, refer to Appendix C.

Table 3-1. Laboratory Testing Summary

Test Type	Quantity
Natural Moisture Content	8
Atterberg Limits	8
Grain Size Analysis with Hydrometer	2
Grain Size Analysis with #200 Wash	2
#200 Wash	4
CU Triaxial	1
Unconfined Compression of Rock	2
Standard Proctor	1

Table 3-1. Laboratory Testing Summary

Test Type	Quantity
Corrosion Series	1

3.1 Soil and Rock Properties

Split spoon soil samples from the preliminary geotechnical subsurface site exploration for this bridge site were grouped and classified into AASHTO and USCS soil classifications. According to the AASHTO Soil Classification System, the classifications of these samples ranged from A-2-4 to A-7-6. According to the Unified Soil Classification System, the classifications of these samples ranged from silty sand (SM) to sandy fat clay (CH). Tested samples yielded liquid limits ranging from 0 to 51 and plasticity indices ranging from 0 to 30.

Corrosion series test were performed on select split spoon samples. Standard proctor testing and remolded CU triaxial tests were performed on the collected bulk sample. Finally, two (2) unconfined compression tests were performed on recovered rock samples with unconfined strength results ranging from 21,890 psi to 22,800 psi. Results of laboratory testing are included in Appendix C.

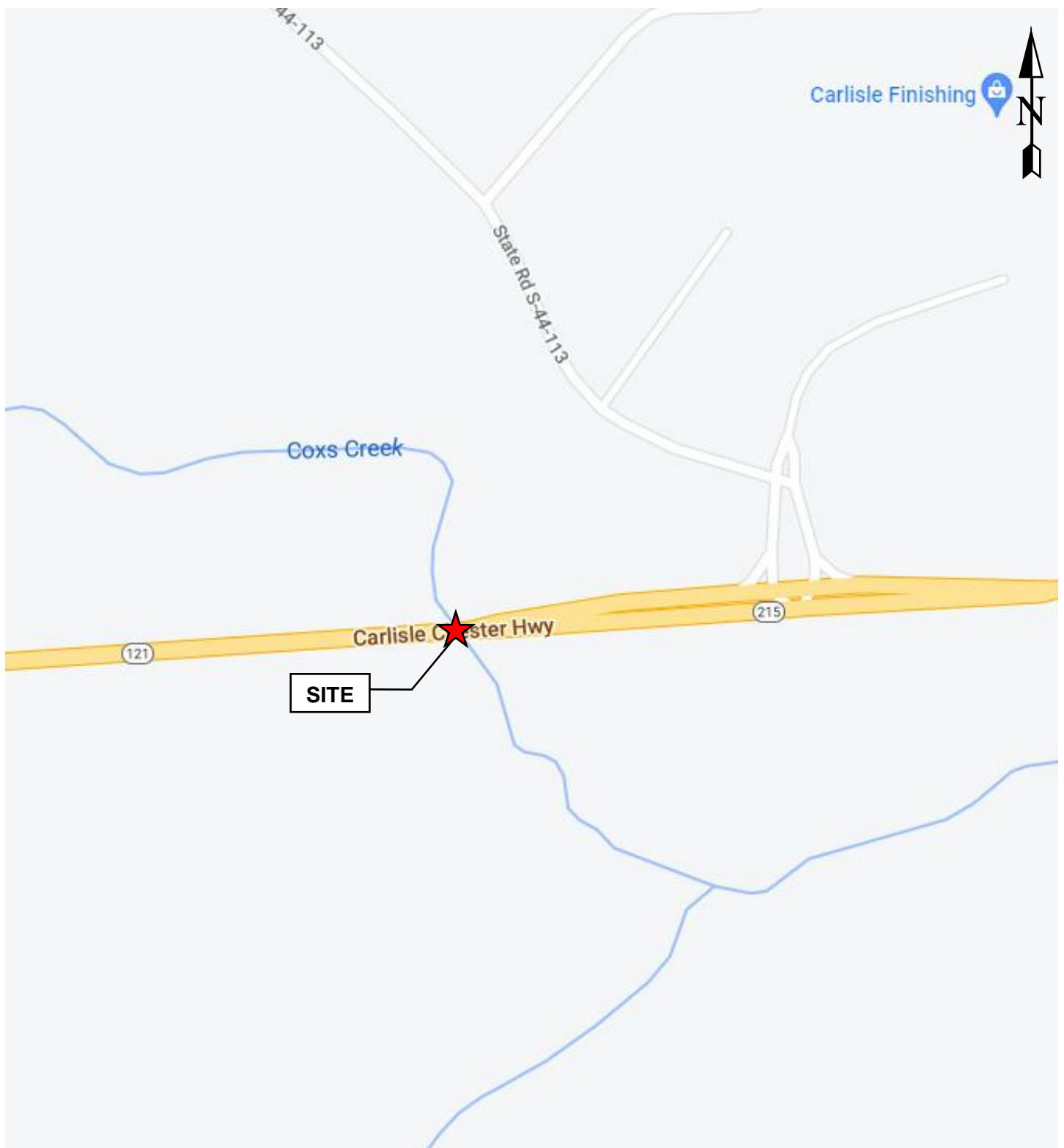
4 Limitations to Report

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of the South Carolina Department of Transportation or their agent, for specific application to the proposed SC 72 Bridge over Cox Creek in Union County, South Carolina in accordance with generally accepted soil and foundation engineering practices. No other warranty expressed or implied is made. The subsurface investigation logs included herein, do not reflect variations in subsurface conditions which could exist intermediate of the boring locations or in unexplored areas of the site. Should such variations become apparent during construction, it will be necessary to perform additional subsurface exploration based upon on-site observations of the conditions.

5 References

SCDOT (2022) "Geotechnical Design Manual", Version 3.0;
<https://www.scdot.org/business/pdf/geotech/SCDOT-Geotechnical-Design-Manual-2022.pdf>

Appendix A. Site Vicinity Map, Test Location Plan



HDR ENGINEERING INC.
OF THE CAROLINAS

1201 Main Street, Suite 800
Columbia, SC 29201, 803.254.5800

SC 72 (Carlisle Chester Hwy) over Coss Creek

COUNTY

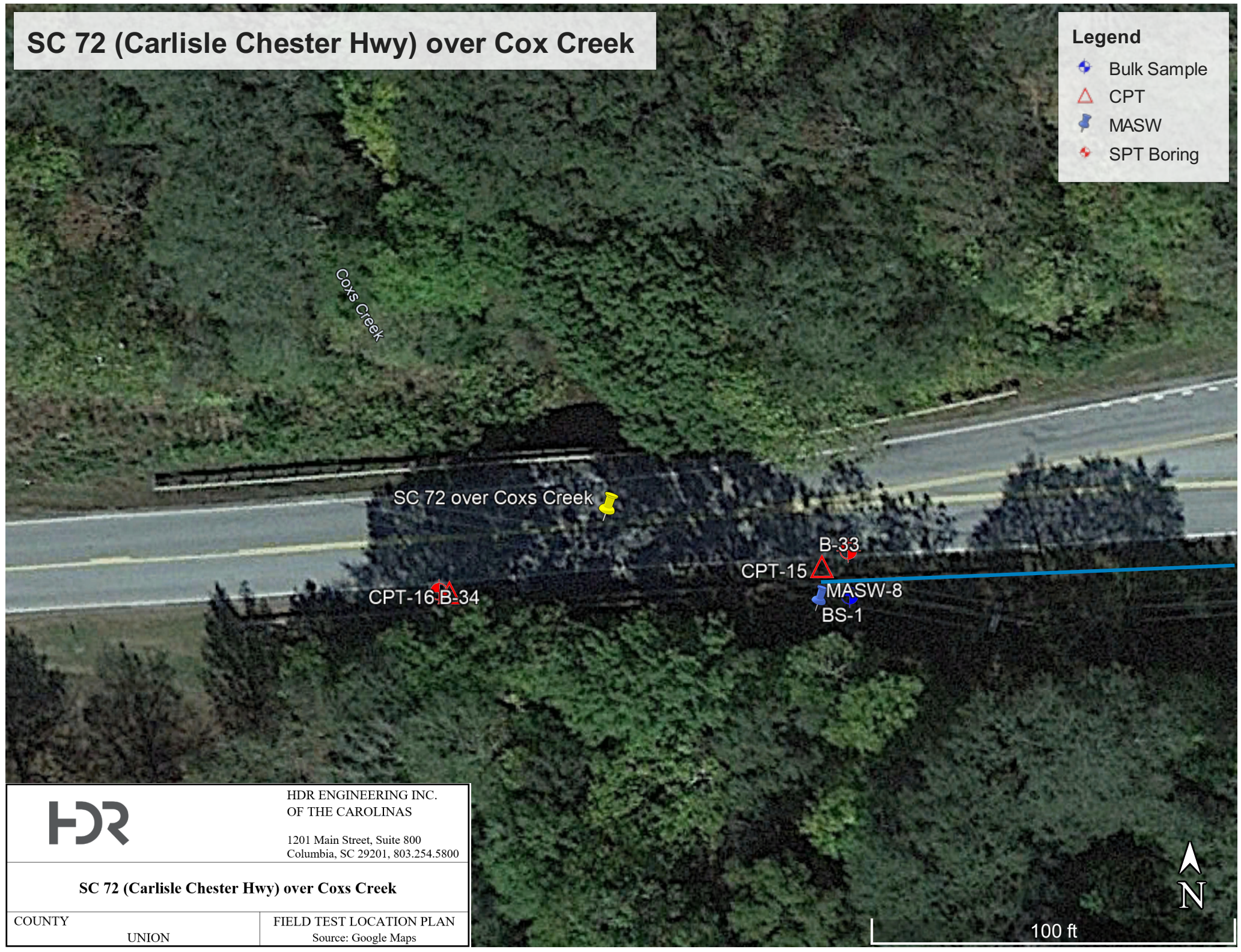
UNION

SITE VICINITY MAP

Source: Google Maps

SC 72 (Carlisle Chester Hwy) over Cox Creek

- Legend**
- Bulk Sample
 - CPT
 - MASW
 - SPT Boring



HDR ENGINEERING INC.
OF THE CAROLINAS

1201 Main Street, Suite 800
Columbia, SC 29201, 803.254.5800

SC 72 (Carlisle Chester Hwy) over Cox Creek

COUNTY	UNION	FIELD TEST LOCATION PLAN
		Source: Google Maps



100 ft

Appendix B. Boring Logs, Rock Core Photos, CPT Logs, MASW Profile

SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART

MAJOR DIVISIONS			SYMBOLS		TYPICAL DESCRIPTIONS
			GRAPH	LETTER	
COARSE GRAINED SOILS MORE THAN 50% OF MATERIAL IS LARGER THAN NO. 200 SIEVE SIZE	GRAVEL AND GRAVELLY SOILS MORE THAN 50% OF COARSE FRACTION RETAINED ON NO. 4 SIEVE	CLEAN GRAVELS (LITTLE OR NO FINES)		GW	WELL-GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES
				GP	POORLY-GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES
		GRAVELS WITH FINES (APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)		GM	SILTY GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAND - SILT MIXTURES
				GC	CLAYEY GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAND - CLAY MIXTURES
	SAND AND SANDY SOILS MORE THAN 50% OF COARSE FRACTION PASSING ON NO. 4 SIEVE	CLEAN SANDS (LITTLE OR NO FINES)		SW	WELL-GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS, LITTLE OR NO FINES
				SP	POORLY-GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SAND, LITTLE OR NO FINES
		SANDS WITH FINES (APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)		SM	SILTY SANDS, SAND - SILT MIXTURES
				SC	CLAYEY SANDS, SAND - CLAY MIXTURES
FINE GRAINED SOILS MORE THAN 50% OF MATERIAL IS SMALLER THAN NO. 200 SIEVE SIZE	SILTS AND CLAYS LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 50			ML	INORGANIC SILTS AND VERY FINE SANDS, ROCK FLOUR, SILTY OR CLAYEY FINE SANDS OR CLAYEY SILTS WITH SLIGHT PLASTICITY
				CL	INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, SILTY CLAYS, LEAN CLAYS
				OL	ORGANIC SILTS AND ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY
	SILTS AND CLAYS LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50			MH	INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACEOUS FINE SAND OR SILTY SOILS
				CH	INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY
				OH	ORGANIC CLAYS OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY, ORGANIC SILTS
HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS			PT	PEAT, HUMUS, SWAMP SOILS WITH HIGH ORGANIC CONTENTS	

NOTE: DUAL SYMBOLS ARE USED TO INDICATE BORDERLINE SOIL CLASSIFICATIONS

SCDOT Soil Test Log Descriptors

a

-

Relative Density / Consistency Terms

Relative Density ¹			Consistency ²		
Descriptive Term	Relative Density	SPT Blow Count	Descriptive Term	Unconfined Compression Strength (q _u) (tsf)	SPT Blow Count
Very Loose	0 to 15%	< 4	Very Soft	<0.25	<2
Loose	16 to 35%	5 to 10	Soft	0.26 to 0.50	3 to 4
Medium Dense	36 to 65%	11 to 30	Firm	0.51 to 1.00	5 to 8
Dense	66 to 85%	31 to 50	Stiff	1.01 to 2.00	9 to 15
Very Dense	86to 100%	>51	Very Stiff	2.01 to 4.00	16 to 30
			Hard	>4.01	> 31

b

Moisture Condition

Descriptive Term	Criteria
Dry	Absence of moisture, dusty, dry to the touch
Moist	Damp but no visible water
Wet	Visible free water, usually in coarse-grained soils below the water table

c

Color

Describe the sample color while sample is still moist, using Munsell color chart.

d

Angularity¹

Descriptive Term	Criteria
Angular	Particles have sharp edges and relatively plane sides with unpolished surfaces
Subangular	Particles are similar to angular description but have rounded edges
Subrounded	Particles have nearly plane sides but have well-rounded corners and edges
Rounded	Particles have smoothly curved sides and no edges

e

HCl Reaction³

Descriptive Term	Criteria
None Reactive	No visible reaction
Weakly Reactive	Some reaction, with bubbles forming slowly
Strongly Reactive	Violent reaction, with bubbles forming immediately

f

Cementation³

Descriptive Term	Criteria
Weakly Cemented	Crumbles or breaks with handling or little finger pressure
Moderately Cemented	Crumbles or breaks with considerable finger pressure
Strongly Cemented	Will not crumble or break with finger pressure

g

Particle-Size Range¹

Gravel		Sand	
	mm		mm
Fine	4.76 to 19.1	Fine	0.074 to 0.42
Coarse	19.1 to 76.2	Medium	0.42 to 2.00
		Coarse	4.00 to 4.76

Sieve size	
	mm
#200 to #40	0.074 to 0.42
#40 to #10	0.42 to 2.00
#10 to #4	4.00 to 4.76

h

Primary Soil Type^{1,2}

The primary soil type will be shown in all capital letters

i

USCS Soil Designation

Indicate USCS soil designation as defined in ASTM D-2487 and D-2488

j

AASHTO Soil Designation

Indicate AASHTO soil designation as defined in AASHTO M-145 and ASTM D-3282

¹Applies to coarse-grained soils (major portion retained on No. 200 sieve)²Applies to fine-grained soils (major portion passing No. 200 sieve)³Use as required**Figure 6-15, SCDOT Soil Test Log Descriptors – Soil**

SCDOT Soil Test Log Descriptors

k **Rock Type**
Indicate type of rock encountered (i.e. granite, limestone, shale, slate, etc.)

l **Color**
Describe the sample color while sample is still moist, using Munsell color chart.

m **Texture**
Describe the nonfracture structural features. Stratification is the layering of sedimentary rock and foliation is the layering of metaphoric rock

<u>Descriptive Term</u>	<u>Criteria</u>
Very Thickly Bedded	> 1.0 m
Thickly Bedded	0.5 to 1.0 m
Thinly Bedded	50 to 500 mm
Very Thinly Bedded	10 to 50 mm
Laminated	2.5 to 10 mm
Thinly Laminated	< 2.5 mm

n **Grain Size and Shape**
Describe the size and shape of all visible grains, typically used on sedimentary rock.

<u>Size</u>		<u>Sieve size</u>
<u>Descriptor</u>	<u>mm</u>	
Very coarse grained	> 4.75	Grain sizes greater than popcorn kernels
Coarse grained	2.00 – 4.75	Individual grains easy to distinguish by eye
Medium grained	0.425 – 2.00	Individual grains distinguished by eye
Fine grained	0.075 – 0.425	Individual grains distinguished with difficulty
Very Fine grained	< 0.075	Individual grains cannot be distinguished by unaided eye
<u>Shape</u>		
<u>Descriptive Term</u>	<u>Criteria</u>	
Angular	Shows little wear; edges and corners are sharp	
Subangular	Shows definite effects of wear; edges and corners are slightly rounded off	
Subrounded	Shows considerable wear; edges and corners are rounded to smooth curves	
Rounded	Shows extreme wear; edges and corners are smoother to broad curves	
Well-rounded	Completely worn; edges and corners are not present	

o **Weathering / Alteration**
Weathering is the physical disintegration of the minerals by atmospheric processes. Alteration is disintegration of the minerals by geothermal processes.

<u>Description</u>	<u>Recognition</u>
Residual Soil	Original minerals of rock have been entirely decomposed to secondary minerals, and original rock fabric is not apparent; material can be easily broken by hand
Completely Weathered / Altered	Original minerals of rock have been almost entirely decomposed to secondary minerals, although the original fabric may be intact; material can be granulated by hand
Highly Weathered / Altered	More than half of the rock is decomposed; rock is weakened so that a minimum 1-7/8 inch diameter sample can be easily broken readily by hand across rock fabric
Moderately Weathered / Altered	Rock is discolored and noticeably weakened, but less than half is decomposed; a minimum 1-7/8 inch diameter sample cannot be broken readily by hand across rock fabric
Slightly Weathered / Altered	Rock is slightly discolored, but not noticeably lower in strength than fresh rock
Fresh	Rock shows no discoloration, loss of strength, or other effect of weathering / alteration

Figure 6-16, SCDOT Soil Test Log Descriptors – Rock

SCDOT Soil Test Log Descriptors
p**Rock Strength**

Provide a qualitative assessment of the rock strength using either a geologic hammer or knife.

Description	Recognition	Approximately Uniaxial Compressive Strength (psi)
Extremely Weak Rock	Can be indented by thumbnail	35 – 150
Very Weak Rock	Can be peeled by pocket knife	150 – 700
Weak Rock	Can be peeled with difficulty by pocket knife	700 – 3,500
Medium Strong Rock	Can be indented 3/16 inch with sharp end of pick	3,500 – 7,200
Strong Rock	Requires one hammer blow to fracture	7,200 – 14,500
Very Strong Rock	Requires many hammer blows to fracture	14,500 – 35,000
Extremely Strong Rock	Can only be chipped with hammer blows	> 35,000

q**Strike and Dip**

Dip of fracture surface measured relative to horizontal with bearing and direction (i.e. N30°down, etc.)

r**Discontinuity Type****s****Discontinuity Width (millimeters)****t****Amount of Infilling**

F - Fault	W - Wide (12.5 – 50)	Su - Surface Stain
J - Joint	MW - Moderately Wide (2.5 – 12.5)	Sp - Spotty
Sh - Shear	N - Narrow (1.25 – 2.5)	Pa - Partially Filled
Fo - Foliation	VN - Very Narrow (< 1.25)	Fi - Filled
V - Vein	T - Tight (0)	No - None
B - Bedding		

u**Type of Infilling****v****Surface Shape of Joint****w****Discontinuity Spacing (feet)**

Cl - Clay	Wa - Wavy	EW - Extremely Wide (> 65)
Ca - Calcite	Pl - Planar	W - Wide (22 – 65)
Ch - Chloride	St - Stepped	M - Moderate (7.5 – 22)
Fe - Iron Oxide	Ir - Irregular	C - Close (2 – 7.5)
Gy - Gypsum/Talc		VC - Very Close (< 2)
H - Healed		
No - None		
Py - Pyrite		
Qz - Quartz		
Sd - Sand		

x**Roughness of Surface**

Slk - Slickensided (surface has smooth, glassy finish with visual evidence of striations)
S - Smooth (surface appears smooth and feels so to the touch)
SR - Slightly Rough (asperities on the discontinuity surfaces are distinguishable and can be felt)
R - Rough (some ridges and side-angle steps are evident; asperities are clearly visible, and discontinuity surface feels very abrasive)
VR - Very Rough (near-vertical steps and ridges occur on the discontinuity surface)

Figure 6-17, SCDOT Soil Test Log Descriptors – Rock (con't)

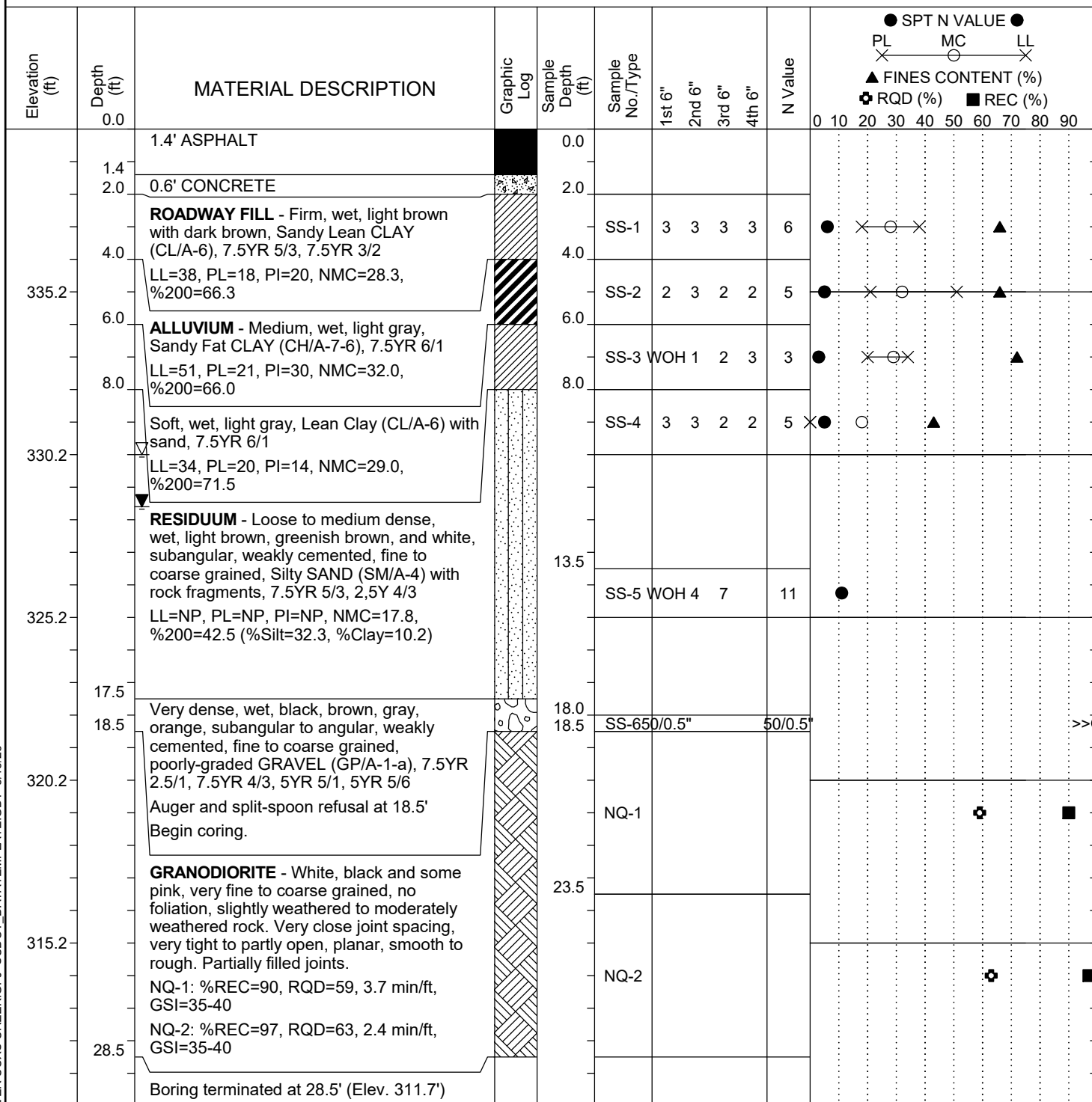


Appendix B. Subsurface Investigation

Boring Logs

SCDOT Soil Test Log

Project ID:	P041235	County:	Union, SC	Boring No.:	B-33
Site Description:	SC 72 over Coxs Creek			Route:	SC 72
Eng./Geo.:	B. Gedney/HDR	Boring Location:	70+84	Offset:	52 LT
Elev.:	340.2 ft	Latitude:	34.59537	Longitude:	-81.44177
Date Started:	11/21/2022				
Total Depth:	28.5 ft	Soil Depth:	18.5 ft	Core Depth:	10.0 ft
Date Completed:	11/21/2022				
Bore Hole Diameter (in):	2.97"	Sampler Configuration	Liner Required: Y (N)		Liner Used: Y (N)
Drill Machine:	CME 45B	Drill Method:	RW/NQ	Hammer Type:	Automatic
Energy Ratio:	81.4%				
Core Size:	NQ	Driller:	D. Harris/F&ME	Groundwater:	TOB 10.0 ft
24HR	11.6 ft				



LEGEND

SAMPLER TYPE		DRILLING METHOD	
SS - Split Spoon	NQ - Rock Core, 1-7/8"	HSA - Hollow Stem Auger	RW - Rotary Wash
UD - Undisturbed Sample	CU - Cuttings	CFA - Continuous Flight Augers	RC - Rock Core
AWG - Rock Core, 1-1/8"	CT - Continuous Tube	DC - Driving Casing	

SC.DOT SC 72 OVER COXS CREEK.GPJ SCDOT_DATATEMPLATE.GDT 3/15/23

Rock Core Photos

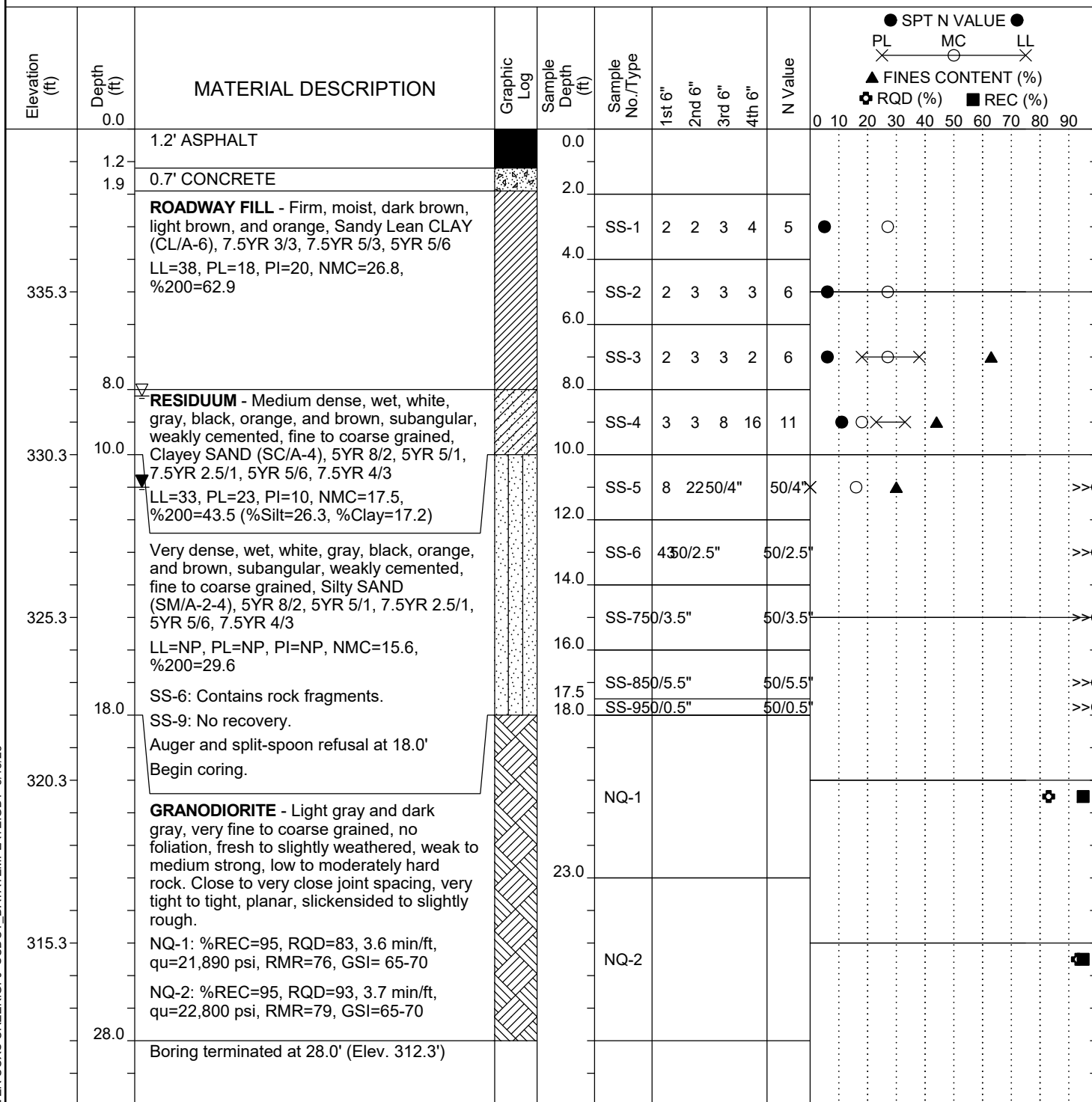
B-33

Box 1 of 1 (18.5' to 28.5')



SCDOT Soil Test Log

Project ID:	P041235	County:	Union, SC	Boring No.:	B-34
Site Description:	SC 72 over Coxs Creek			Route:	SC 72
Eng./Geo.:	B. Gedney/HDR	Boring Location:	71+96	Offset:	55 LT
Elev.:	340.3 ft	Latitude:	34.59534	Longitude:	-81.44214
Date Started:	11/21/2022				
Total Depth:	28 ft	Soil Depth:	18.0 ft	Core Depth:	10.0 ft
Date Completed:	11/21/2022				
Bore Hole Diameter (in):	2.97"	Sampler Configuration	Liner Required: Y (N)		Liner Used: Y (N)
Drill Machine:	CME 45B	Drill Method:	RW/NQ	Hammer Type:	Automatic
Energy Ratio:	81.4%				
Core Size:	NQ	Driller:	D. Harris/F&ME	Groundwater:	TOB 8.2 ft
24HR	11 ft				



LEGEND

SAMPLER TYPE		DRILLING METHOD	
SS - Split Spoon	NQ - Rock Core, 1-7/8"	HSA - Hollow Stem Auger	RW - Rotary Wash
UD - Undisturbed Sample	CU - Cuttings	CFA - Continuous Flight Augers	RC - Rock Core
AWG - Rock Core, 1-1/8"	CT - Continuous Tube	DC - Driving Casing	

SC DOT SC 72 OVER COXS CREEK.GPJ SCDOT_DATATEMPLATE.GDT 3/15/23

Rock Core Photos
B-34
Box 1 of 1 (18.0' to 28.0')





Appendix B. Subsurface Investigation

CPT Logs

Total depth: 14.83 ft, Date: 11/17/2022

Surface Elevation: 340.10 ft

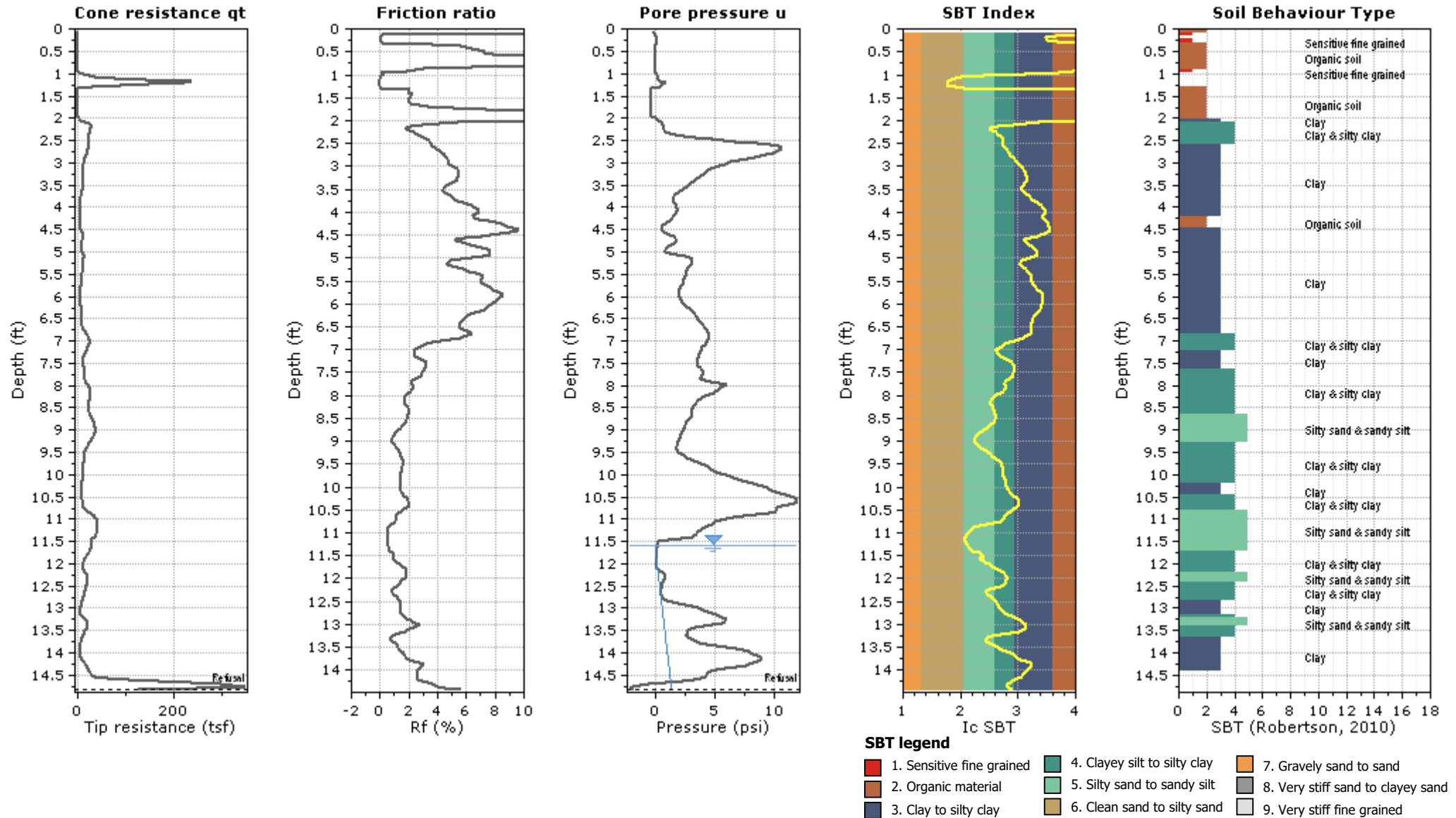
Coords: lat 34.595355° lon -81.441789°

Cone Type: DDG1330

Cone Operator: F&ME Consultants

Project: SC 72 over Cox Creek

Location: Union County, SC



Total depth: 12.05 ft, Date: 11/17/2022

Surface Elevation: 340.30 ft

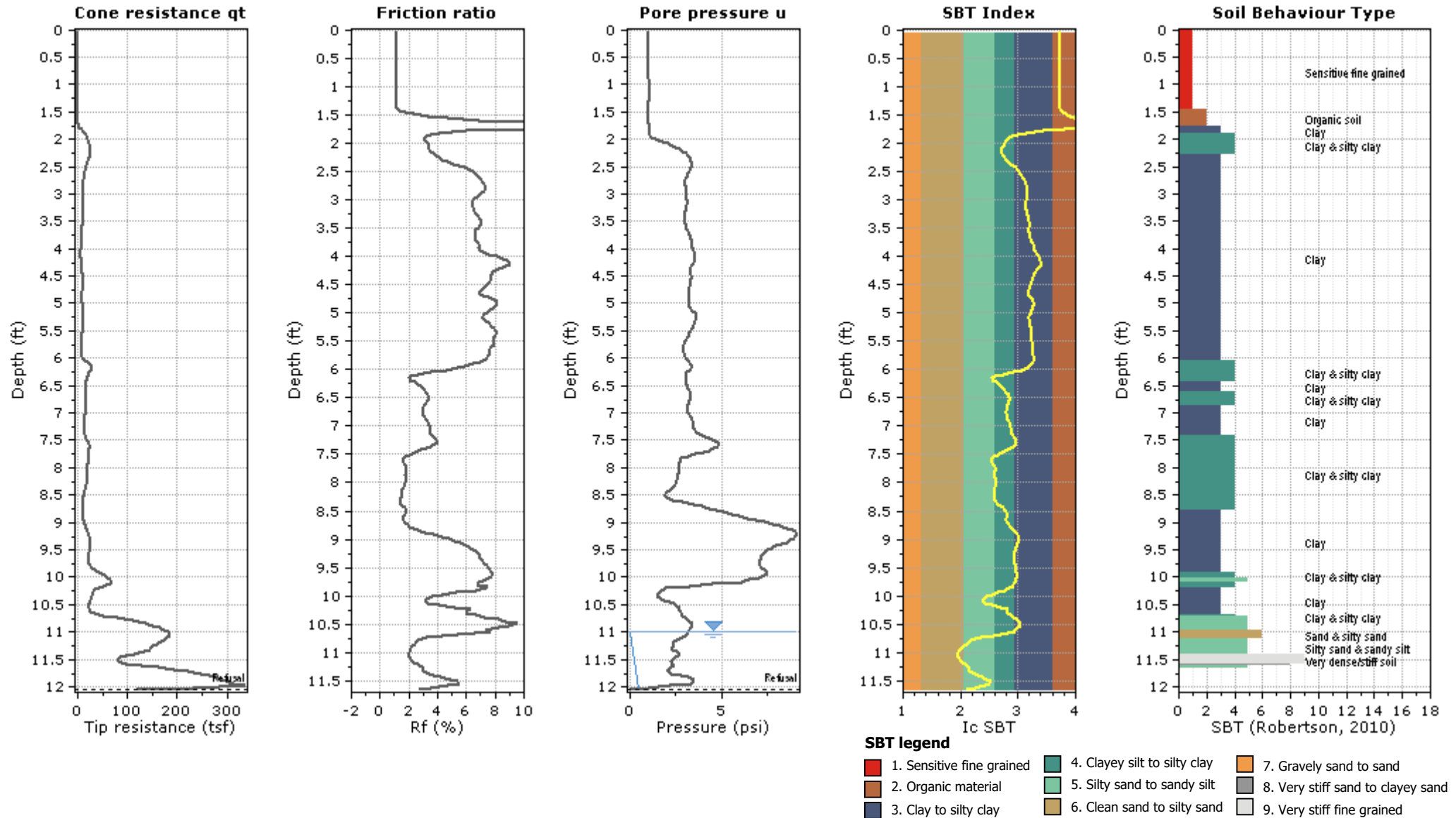
Coords: lat 34.595337° lon -81.442127°

Cone Type: DDG1330

Cone Operator: F&ME Consultants

Project: SC 72 over Cox Creek

Location: Union County, SC





Appendix B. Subsurface Investigation

Multichannel Analysis of Surface Waves (MASW)

February 28, 2023

Ms. Lila Leon, P.E., PhD
South Carolina Geotechnical Lead
HDR
1201 Main Street Suite 800
Columbia, South Carolina 29201

Re: Report of Multi-Channel Analysis of Surface Waves
SC-72 Replacement Bridge over Cox Creek
Union County, South Carolina
F&ME Project No.: G6658.001

Dear Ms. Leon:

On January 17th, 2023, F&ME Consultants performed one (1) Multi-Channel Analysis of Surface Waves (MASW) test near the SC-72 bridge over Cox Creek to determine the average shear wave velocity to a depth of 100 feet at the location. A 16-channel Geometrics ES-3000 seismograph with 4.5 Hz geophones was used for data collection. Active and Passive survey data was obtained using a 225-foot linear array with 16 geophones spaced at 15 feet.

A 16-pound sledge hammer striking an aluminum block and a polyethylene block were used as the energy source for the active survey. Ten (10) active shots were performed at various distances (25, 50, and 100 feet) off the array ends. Resultant vibrations were recorded with a sample rate of 0.5 milliseconds and a recording length of 2 seconds after each hammer blow. The data was stacked five times at each location to minimize the effect of unknown ambient vibrations commonly referred to as noise. The stacking process increases the signal to noise ratio.

The passive survey consisted of the collection of ambient background vibrations, which consisted of drilling equipment. Fifty (50) recordings with a record length of 32 seconds and a sample rate of 2 milliseconds were made during this phase of data acquisition.

Prior to departing the site, the data collected from both the passive and active surveys were reviewed and checked for variations from what would be typically expected from the prevailing area geology.

After completion of passive and active survey the data was processed and analyzed using Geometric's SeisImager software suite (Pickwin and WaveEq). This resulted in a one-dimensional subsurface shear wave velocity curve that is developed utilizing both the passive and active survey data. The data from the active survey defines the near surface shear wave velocities, while the passive survey data defines deeper shear wave velocities due to the lower frequencies. The resulting curve represents the average shear wave velocities below the surface arrays to a depth of 100 feet.



The resulting Shear Wave Velocity Curve, Vs100, for the location defined on Figure 1 of this report. The following table summarizes the average shear wave velocity (Vs100) at the aforementioned location.

Boring No.	Average Shear Wave Velocity (Vs100)
MASW-8	1525.3 ft/sec

It has been a pleasure working for you on this project and we appreciate the opportunity to be of service. Please contact us if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

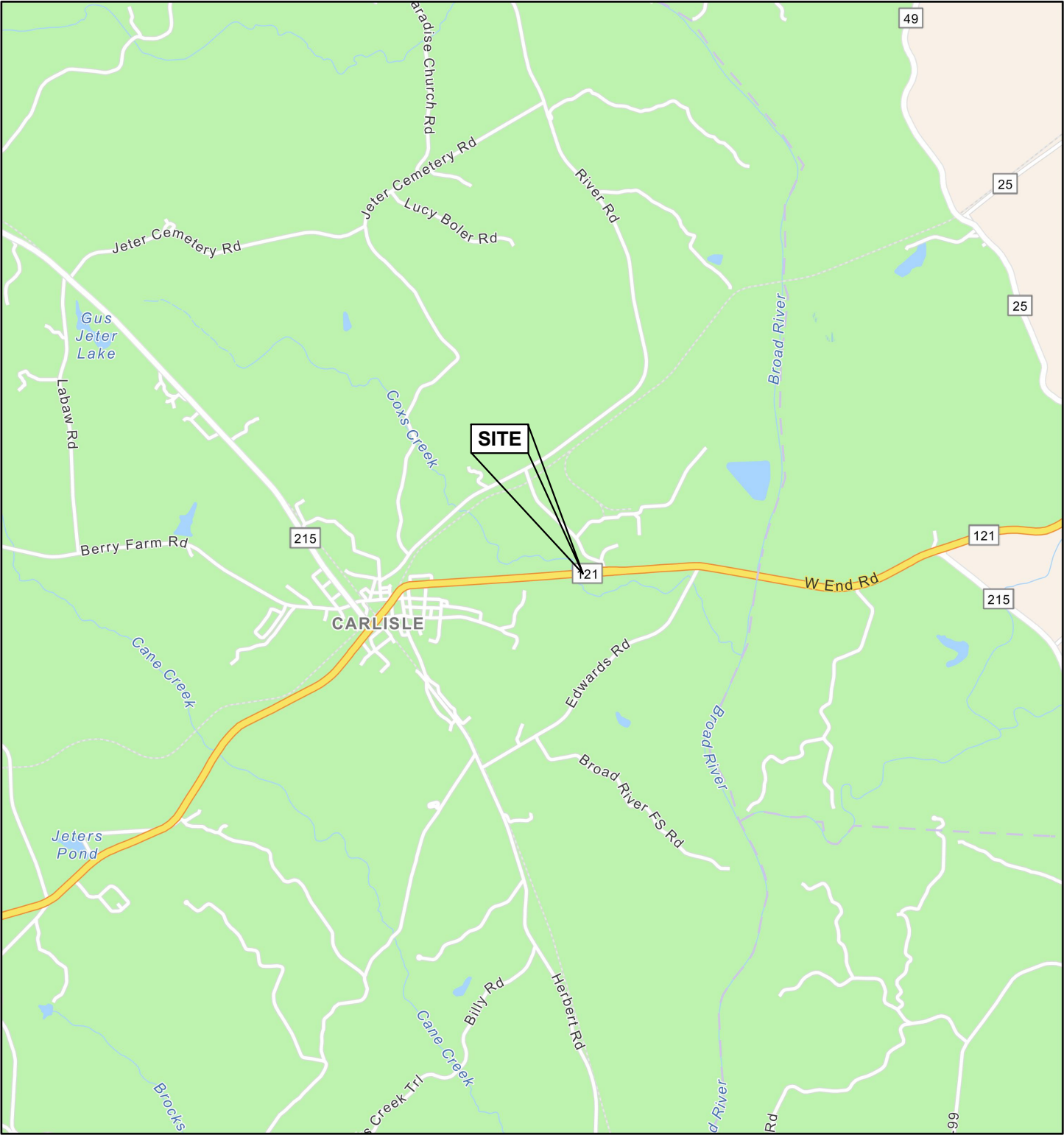
F&ME CONSULTANTS



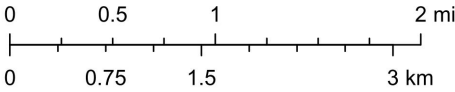
Alex M Chandler, EIT
Geotechnical Staff Professional



John F Hamilton, PE
Geotechnical Design Manager



1:72,000



F&ME CONSULTANTS, INC.
COLUMBIA, SC

4			
3			
2			
1			
REV.	BY	DATE	DESCRIPTION OF REVISION
TOPO.		DATE	
DWG.	CTC	DATE	2.20.23
R/W		DATE	

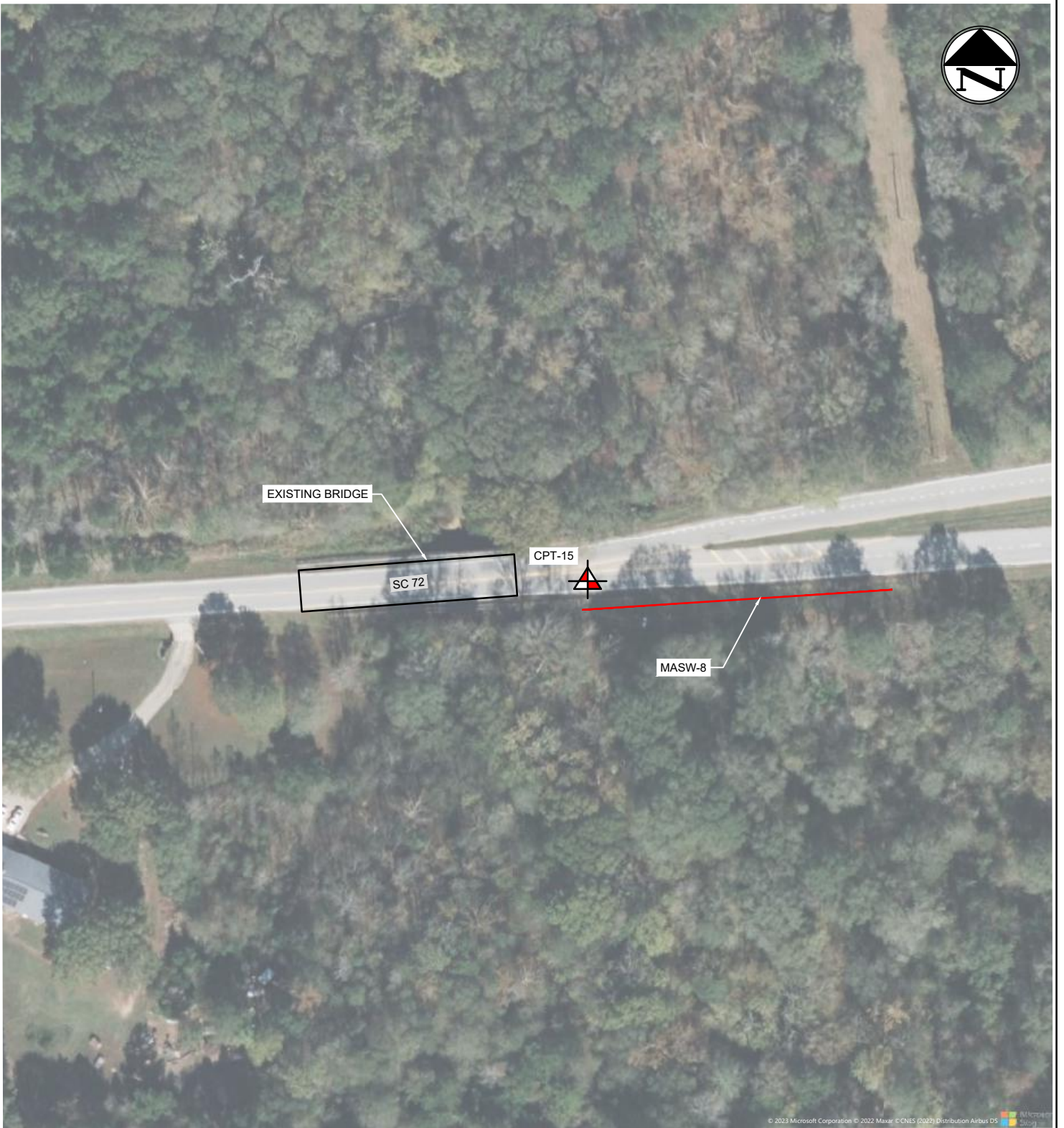
SC 72 OVER COX CREEK
UNION COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

SITE VICINITY MAP

F&ME JOB NO. G6658.001

SCALE: AS NOTED

FIGURE 1



© 2023 Microsoft Corporation © 2022 Maxar © CNES (2023) Distribution Airbus DS



F&ME CONSULTANTS, INC.
COLUMBIA, SC

4			
3			
2			
1			
REV.	BY	DATE	DESCRIPTION OF REVISION
TOPO.		DATE	
DWG.	CTC	DATE 2.20.23	GROUP ____ - ____
R/W		DATE	

SC 72 OVER COX CREEK
UNION COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

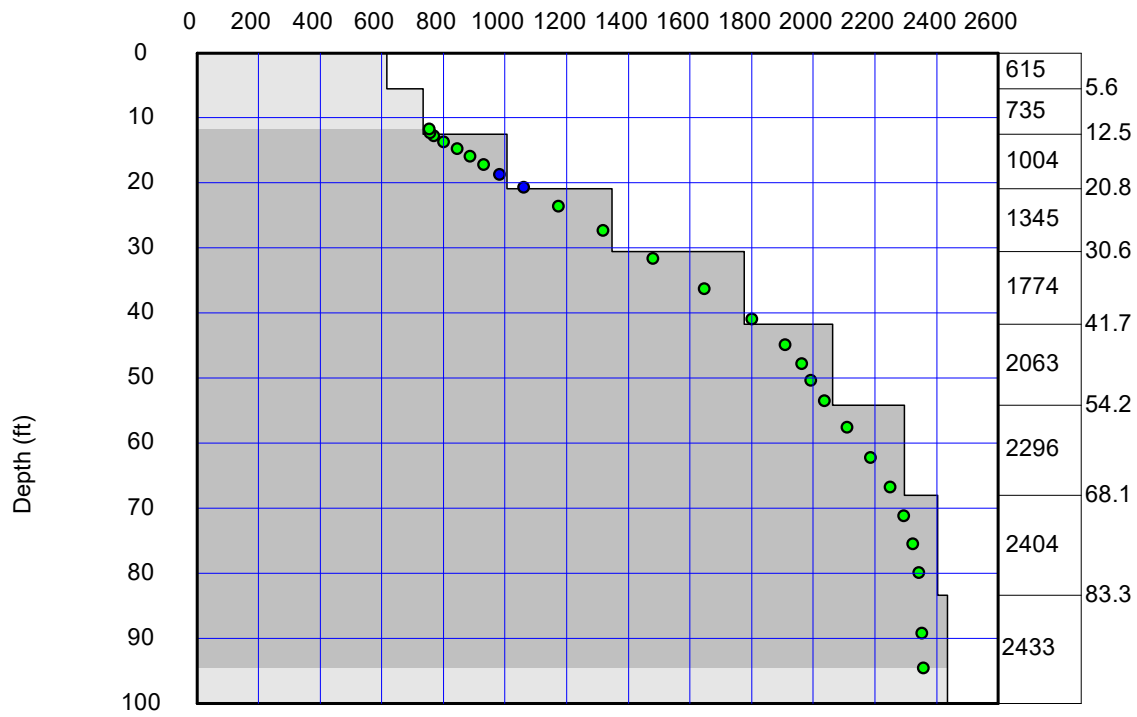
MASW LOCATION PLAN

F&ME JOB NO. G6658.001

SCALE: 1"=100'

FIGURE 2

S-wave velocity (ft/s)



S-wave velocity model (initial) : SC72RBOCoxCreek.rst

Average Vs 100ft = 1525.3 ft/sec

Appendix C. Laboratory Testing



SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS

PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT ID P041235

PROJECT NAME SC 72 over Coxs Creek

PROJECT COUNTY Union, SC

Borehole	Depth	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index	Maximum Size (mm)	%<#200 Sieve	Classification	Water Content (%)	Dry Density (pcf)	Saturation (%)	Void Ratio
B-33	2.0	38	18	20	0.075	66	CL	28.3			
B-33	4.0	51	21	30	0.075	66	CH	32.0			
B-33	6.0	34	20	14	0.075	72	CL	29.0			
B-33	8.0	NP	NP	NP	0.075	43	SM	17.8			
B-34	6.0	38	18	20	0.075	63	CL	26.8			
B-34	8.0	33	23	10	0.075	44	SC	17.5			
B-34	10.0	NP	NP	NP	0.075	30	SM	15.6			

Rock Coring Summary

PAGE 1 OF 1



PROJECT ID P041235

PROJECT NAME SC 72 over Coxs Creek

PROJECT COUNTY Union, SC

Borehole	Core Run Number	Core Run Top Depth	REC (%)	RQD (%)	q _u (psi)	Poisson's Ratio	Secant Modulus (ksi)	Unit Weight (pcf)	RMR	GSI
B-33	NQ-1	18.5	90	59						38
B-33	NQ-2	23.5	97	63						38
B-34	NQ-1	18.0	95	83	21890	0.24	11700	181	76	68
B-34	NQ-2	23.0	95	93	22800	0.31	11400	181	79	68



INDEX PROPERTIES VERSUS DEPTH

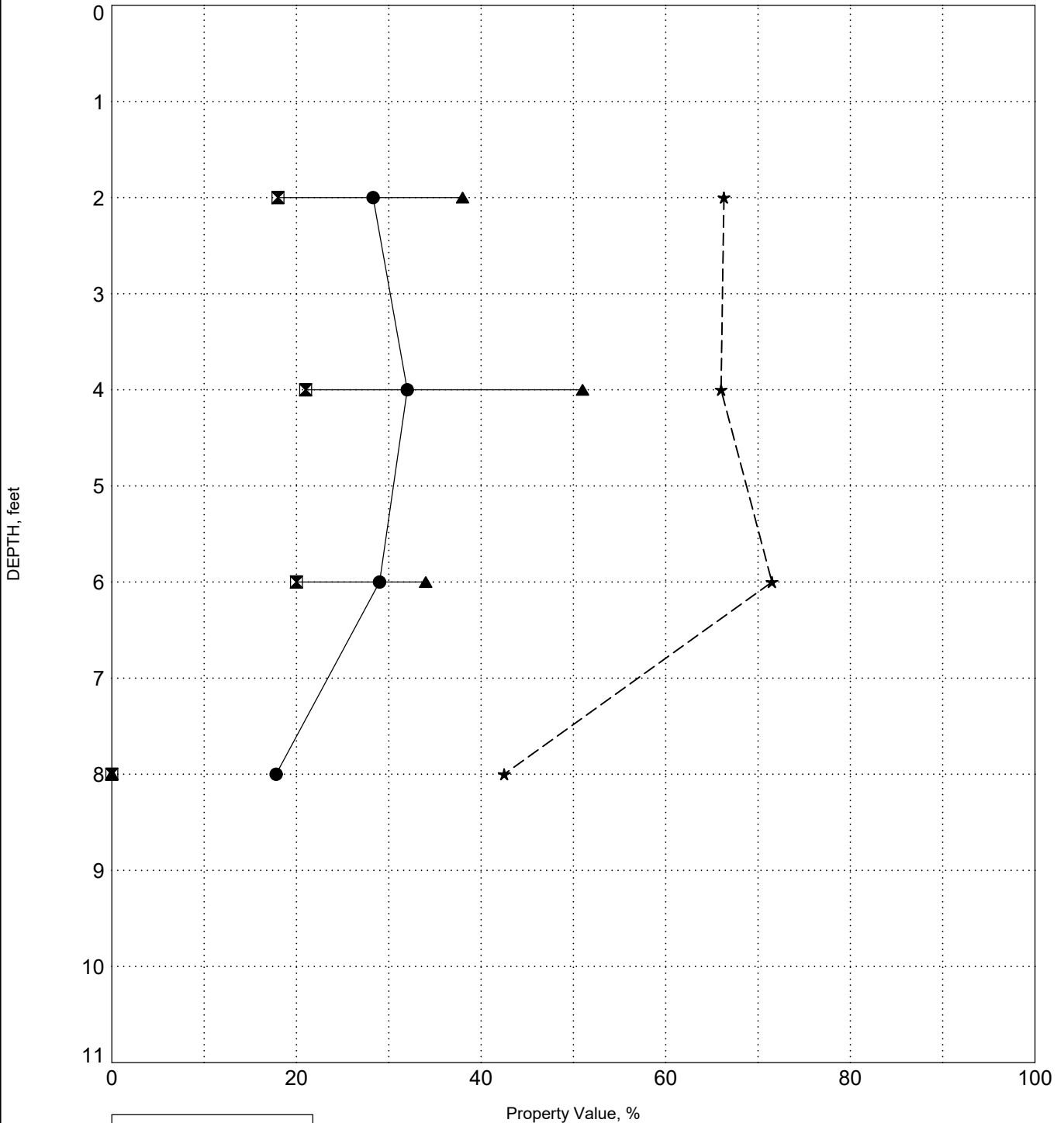
PROJECT ID P041235

PROJECT NAME SC 72 over Coxs Creek

PROJECT COUNTY Union, SC

SURFACE ELEVATION: 340.2

BORING B-33



LEGEND	
●	Water Content
⊠	Plastic Limit
▲	Liquid Limit
★	Fines



INDEX PROPERTIES VERSUS DEPTH

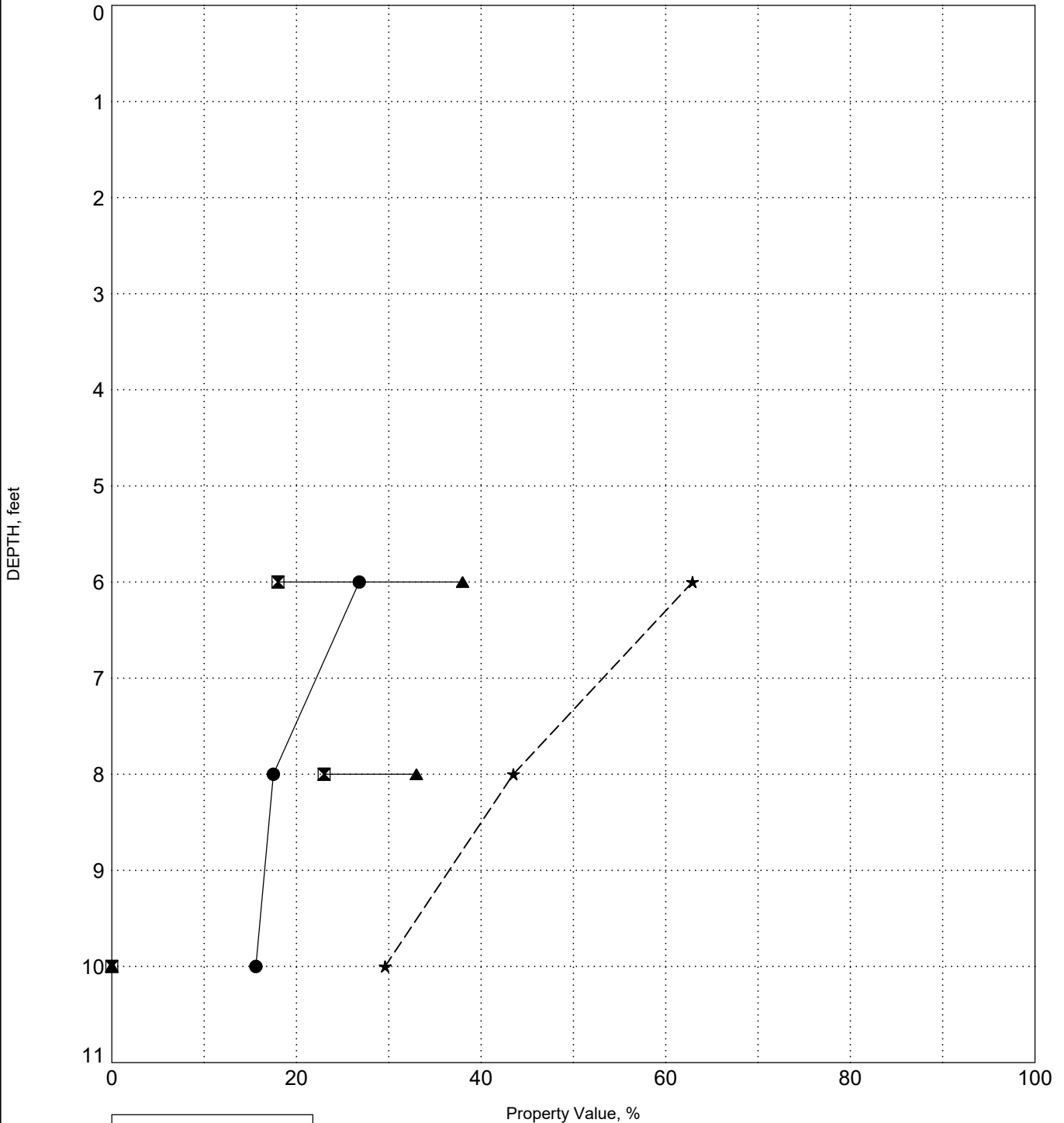
PROJECT ID P041235

PROJECT NAME SC 72 over Coxs Creek

PROJECT COUNTY Union, SC

SURFACE ELEVATION: 340.3

BORING B-34



LEGEND	
●	Water Content
☒	Plastic Limit
▲	Liquid Limit
★	Fines



Laboratory Testing Procedures

Grain Size Distribution

Wash #200 Testing has been conducted following ASTM D1140 Standard Test Methods for Determining the Amount of Material Finer than 75- μm (No. 200) Sieve in Soils by Washing. Full grain size analysis was conducted on select samples following ASTM D6913 Standard Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates.

Hydrometer

Hydrometer grain size analysis for soils was conducted following ASTM D7928 Standard Test Method for Particle Size Analysis of Soils.

Atterberg Limits

Atterberg limits testing have been conducted following ASTM D4318 Standard Test Method for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils.

Moisture Content

Moisture content testing has been conducted following ASTM D2216 Standard Test Method for Laboratory Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of Soil and Rock.

Standard Proctor

Standard Proctor testing has been conducted following ASTM D698 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft³ (600kN-m/m³)).

Consolidated-Undrained Triaxial Test

CU testing allows the soil specimen to be consolidated under a confining pressure prior to shear and has been conducted following ASTM D4767 Standard Test Method for Consolidated-Undrained Triaxial Compression Test for Cohesive Soils. The soil specimens in this case were bulk samples that were remolded and compacted to 95% of the Standard Proctor.

Corrosion Series

Corrosion series testing has been conducted including pH, chloride content, sulfate content, and resistivity. PH testing was conducted AASHTO T289 Standard Method of Test for Determining pH of Soil for Use in Corrosion Testing. Chloride content testing was conducted following AASHTO T291 Standard Method of Test for Determining Water-Soluble Chloride Ion Content in Soil. Sulfate content testing was conducted following AASHTO T290 Standard Method of Test for Determining Water-Soluble Sulfate Content in Soil. Resistivity testing was conducted following AASHTO T288 Standard Method of Test for Determining Minimum Laboratory Soil Resistivity.

Compressive Strength of Rock Cores

Compressive strength of rock cores has been conducted following ASTM D7012 Standard Test for Compressive Strength and Elastic Moduli of Intact Rock Core Specimens under Varying States of Stress and Temperatures.



Appendix C. Laboratory Testing

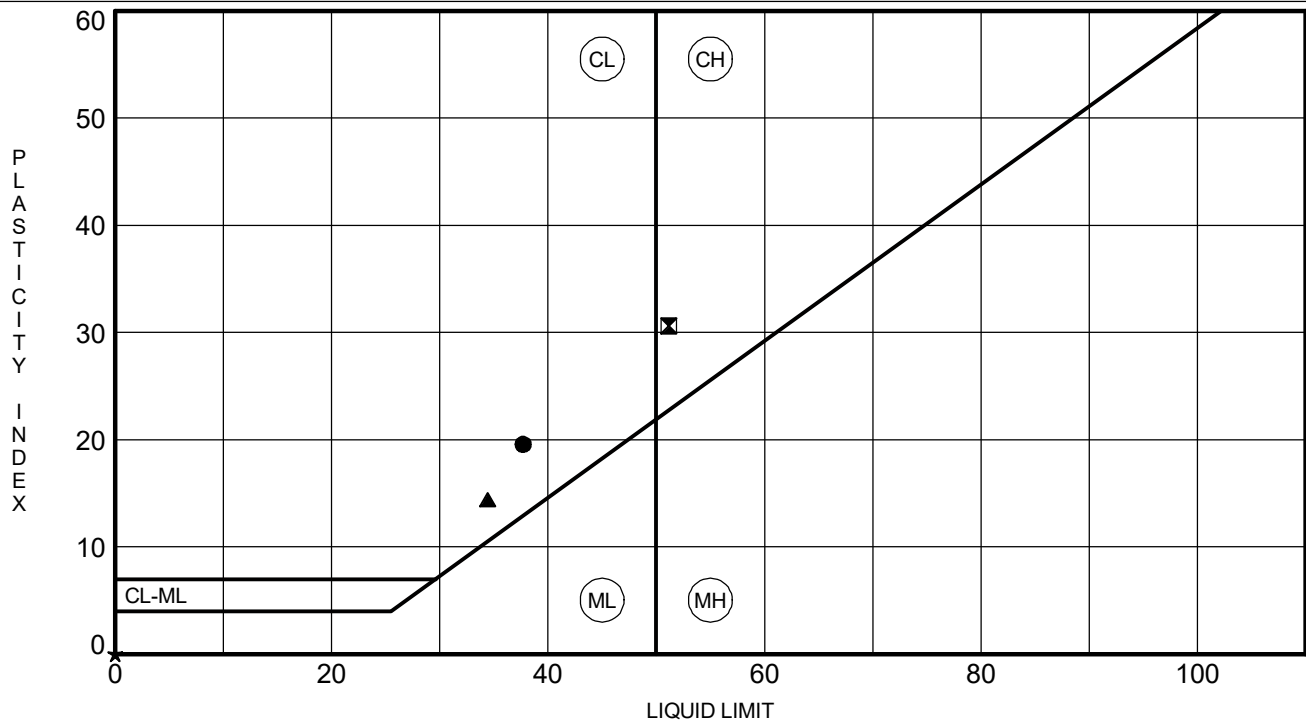
Split Spoon Samples

ATTERBERG LIMITS' RESULTS

PROJECT ID P041235

PROJECT NAME SC 72 Bridge Replacement over Cox Creek

PROJECT COUNTY Union County, SC

[illegible]

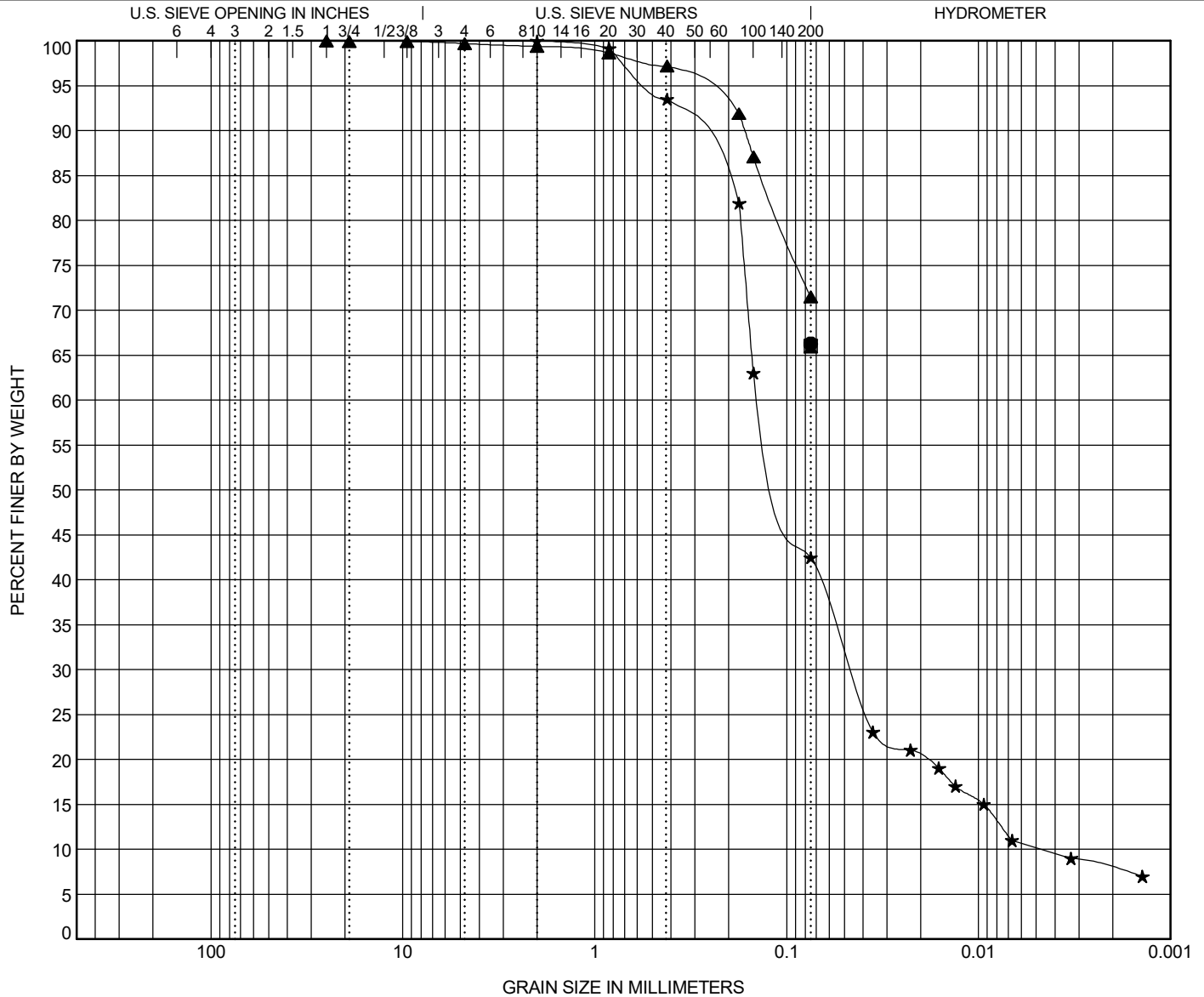


GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

PROJECT ID P041235

PROJECT NAME SC 72 Bridge Replacement over Cox Creek

PROJECT COUNTY Union County, SC



F&ME CONSULTANTS, INC.

MOISTURE CONTENT DETERMINATION (AASHTO T265)

PROJECT: SC 72 RBO Cox Creek **SCDOT PROJECT ID:** P041235
SAMPLE NUMBER: 22-3262 **DATE SAMPLE RECEIVED:** 12/15/2022
DESCRIPTION OF SOIL: VARIOUS
TESTED BY: CM & DH **DATE SETUP:** 12/16/2022
WEIGHED BY: MD **DATE OF WEIGHING:** 12/19/2022

BORING NO.	B-33	B-33	B-33	B-33	
SAMPLE NO.	SS-2	SS-3	SS-4	SS-5	
SAMPLE DEPTH (FT.)	2.0 - 4.0	4.0 - 6.0	6.0 - 8.0	8.0 - 10.0	
WATER CONTENT, W%	28.3	32.0	29.0	17.8	

BORING NO.					
SAMPLE NO.					
SAMPLE DEPTH (FT.)					
WATER CONTENT, W%					

BORING NO.					
SAMPLE NO.					
SAMPLE DEPTH (FT.)					
WATER CONTENT, W%					

BORING NO.					
SAMPLE NO.					
SAMPLE DEPTH (FT.)					
WATER CONTENT, W%					



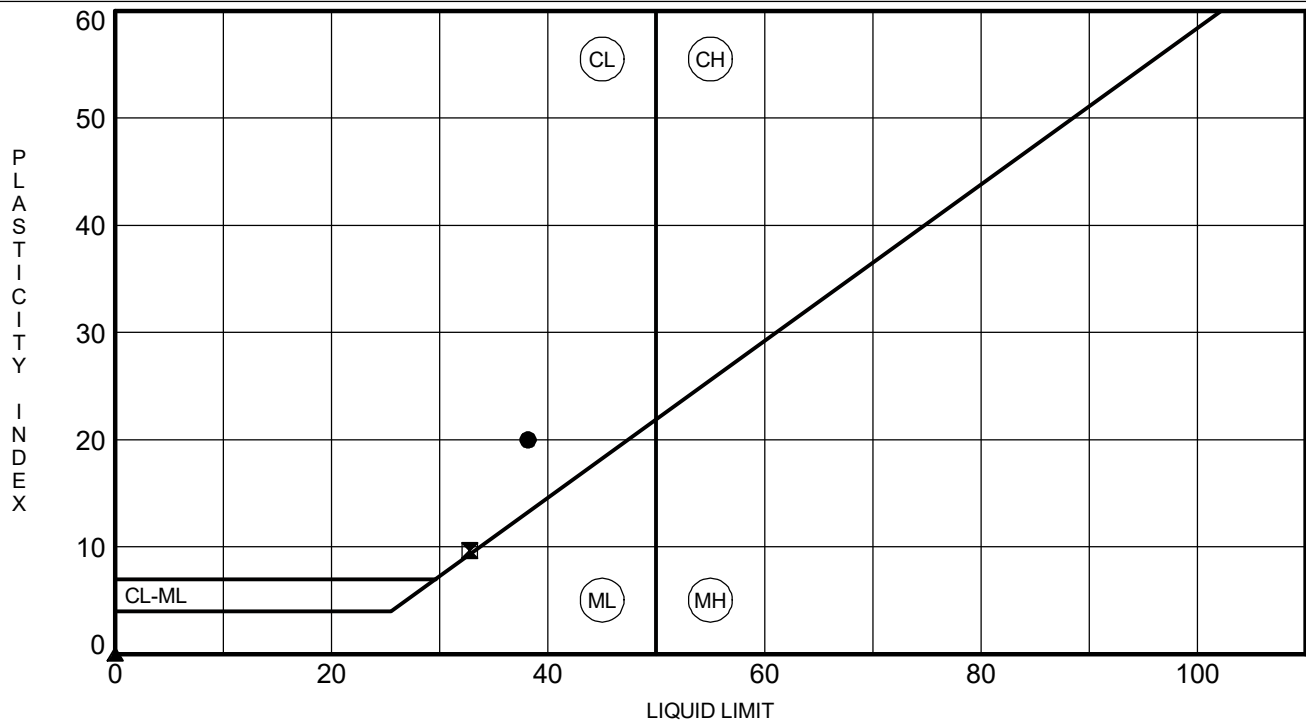
This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of F&ME Consultants, Inc.
211 Business Park Blvd., Columbia, SC 29203

ATTERBERG LIMITS' RESULTS

PROJECT ID P041235

PROJECT NAME SC 72 Bridge Replacement over Cox Creek

PROJECT COUNTY Union County, SC

[illegible]

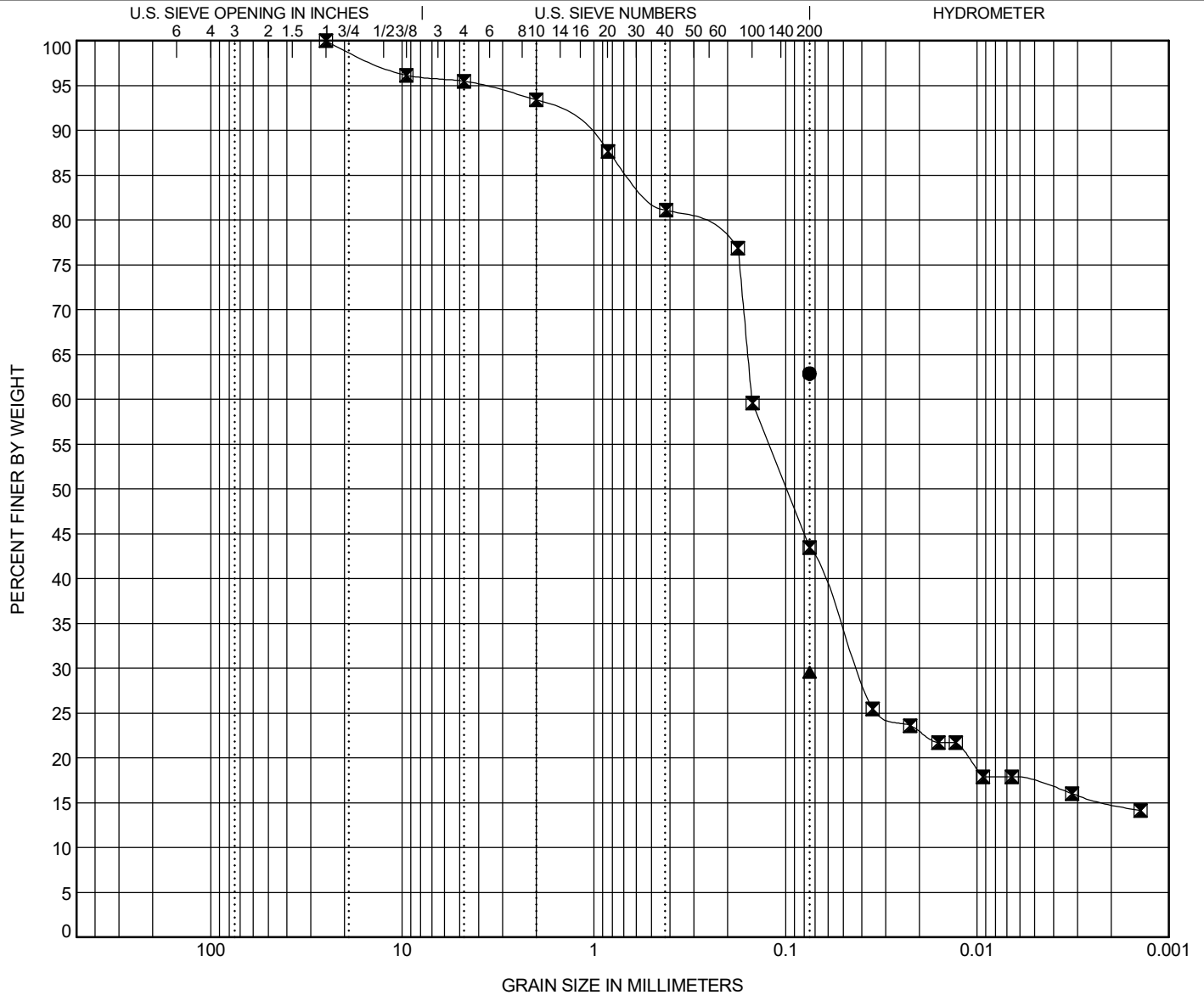


GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

PROJECT ID P041235

PROJECT NAME SC 72 Bridge Replacement over Cox Creek

PROJECT COUNTY Union County, SC



F&ME CONSULTANTS, INC.

MOISTURE CONTENT DETERMINATION (AASHTO T265)

PROJECT: SC 72 RBO Cox Creek **SCDOT PROJECT ID:** P041235
SAMPLE NUMBER: 22-3263 **DATE SAMPLE RECEIVED:** 12/15/2022
DESCRIPTION OF SOIL: VARIOUS
TESTED BY: CM & DH **DATE SETUP:** 12/16/2022
WEIGHED BY: MD **DATE OF WEIGHING:** 12/19/2022

BORING NO.	B-34	B-34	B-34		
SAMPLE NO.	SS-2/SS-3/SS-4	SS-5	SS-6		
SAMPLE DEPTH (FT.)	2.0 - 8.0	8.0 - 10.0	10.0 - 12.0		
WATER CONTENT, W%	26.8	17.5	15.6		

BORING NO.					
SAMPLE NO.					
SAMPLE DEPTH (FT.)					
WATER CONTENT, W%					

BORING NO.					
SAMPLE NO.					
SAMPLE DEPTH (FT.)					
WATER CONTENT, W%					

BORING NO.					
SAMPLE NO.					
SAMPLE DEPTH (FT.)					
WATER CONTENT, W%					



This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of F&ME Consultants, Inc.
211 Business Park Blvd., Columbia, SC 29203



January 16, 2023

Project No. 2022-896-001

Mr. Alex Abernethy
F&ME Consultants, Inc.
3112 Devine Street
Columbia, SC 29205

Transmittal
Laboratory Test Results
SC 72 Cox Cr. G6658.001

Please find attached the laboratory test results for the above referenced project. The tests were outlined on the Project Verification Form that was transmitted to your firm prior to the testing. The testing was performed in general accordance with the methods listed on the enclosed data sheets. The test results are believed to be representative of the samples that were submitted for testing and are indicative only of the specimens that were evaluated. We have no direct knowledge of the origin of the samples and imply no position with regard to the nature of the test results, i.e. pass/fail and no claims as to the suitability of the material for its intended use.

The test data and all associated project information provided shall be held in strict confidence and disclosed to other parties only with authorization by our Client. The test data submitted herein is considered integral with this report and is not to be reproduced except in whole and only with the authorization of the Client and Geotechnics. The remaining sample materials for this project will be retained for a minimum of 90 days as directed by the Geotechnics' Quality Program.

We are pleased to provide these testing services. Should you have any questions or if we may be of further assistance, please contact our office.

Respectfully submitted,
Geotechnics, Inc.

Nathan Melaro
Director of Operations

***We understand that you have a choice in your laboratory services
and we thank you for choosing Geotechnics.***

CHLORIDE ION CONTENT IN SOILS

AASHTO T 291 - 94 (2018) (Method B)

Client: F&ME Consultants, Inc.
 Client Reference: SC 72 Cox Cr. G6658.001
 Project No.: 2022-896-001
 Lab ID: 2022-896-001-001

Boring No.: B-34
 Depth (ft): 2.0-8.0'
 Sample No.: SS-2, SS-3 & SS-4
 Description: Brown Soil
 (- # 10 Sieve material)

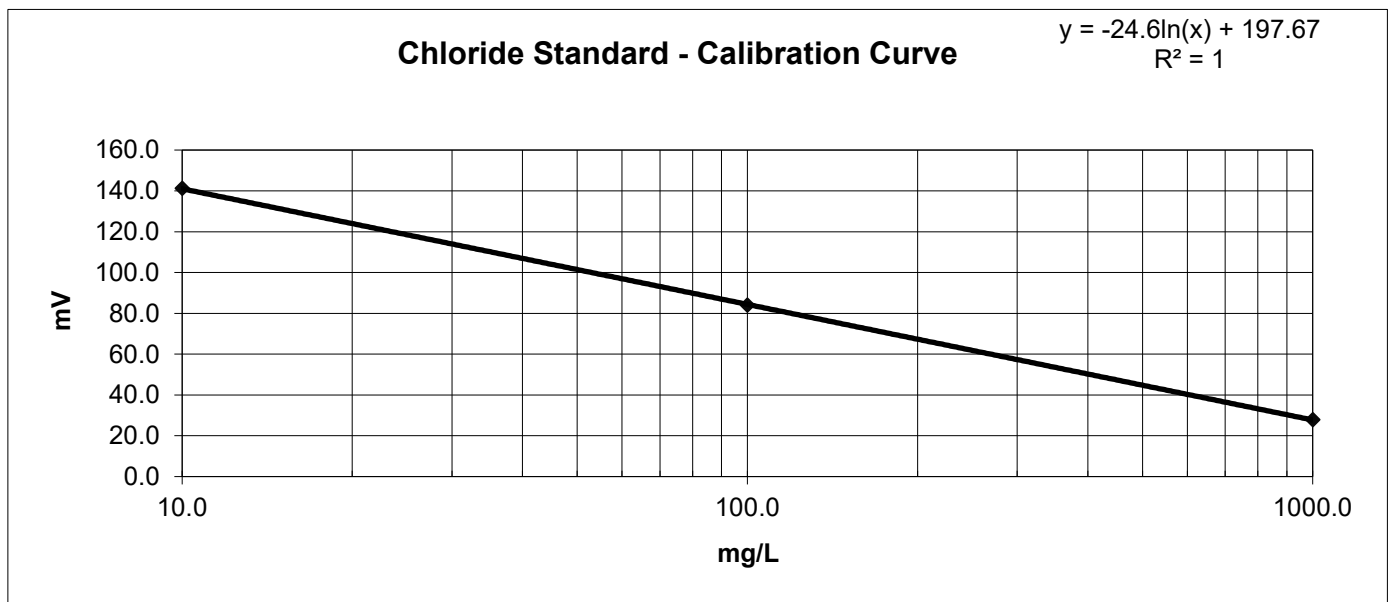
CHLORIDE STANDARD: CALIBRATION CURVE

STANDARD	MILLIVOLTS (mV)
10.0 mg/L	141.2
100.0 mg/L	84.0
1000.0 mg/L	27.9

MEASUREMENT OF CHLORIDES

Sample Weight (g):	100.0	CONCENTRATION	CONCENTRATION
Water added to Sample (ml):	100.0	(mg/L)	(mg/kg)
Size of Sample Aliquot (ml):	25.0		
Sample Reading (mV):	93.1	70.12	70.12

Notes: 1) Samples and standards were buffered by the addition of an equal volume of the 0.2 M KNO₃ solution (1:1 volume).
 2) Samples were dried for a minimum of 12 hours at 110 °F ± 5°C.



Notes:

Tested By JAM Date 1/12/23 Checked By JLK Date 1/13/23

F&ME CONSULTANTS
3112 Devine Street
Columbia, South Carolina 29205

pH Determination
(AASHTO T289)

Project Name:	SC 72 RBO Cox Creek	SCDOT Project ID:	P041235
Sample Location:	B-34	Sample Elev./Depth:	2.0 - 8.0
Sample Description:	Sandy Lean <u>CLAY (CL/A-6)</u>	Date Sampled:	12/15/2022
Tested By:	R. Coldiron	Date Tested:	12/30/2022

FME Lab ID No.	22-3364			
Sample ID	B-34			
Depth (ft.)	2.0 - 8.0			
pH Value	6.94			
Temperature (°C)	20.6			

Date Reviewed: 1/3/2023Reviewed By: J. Hiers

**SOIL RESISTIVITY
(AASHTO T288)**

Project Name:	SC 72 RBO Cox Creek	SCDOT Project ID:	P041235
Location:	Union County, SC	FME Lab ID No.:	22-2793
Sampled By:	HDR	Date Sampled:	11/23/2022
Soil Description:	Sandy Lean <u>CLAY (CL/A-6)</u>	Date Received:	11/23/2022
Tested By:	Corey Meyers	Date Tested:	1/5/2023

Boring No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Minimum Soil Resistivity, Ω -cm
B-34	2.0 - 8.0	2,484

Date Reviewed: 1/10/2023 Reviewed By: J. Hiers

Water-Soluble Sulfate Ion Content in Soil

AASHTO T 290-95 (2020)

Client: F&ME Consultants, Inc.
 Client Reference: SC 72 Cox Cr. G6658.001
 Project No.: 2022-896-001
 Lab ID: 2022-896-001-001

Boring No.: B-34
 Depth (ft): 2.0-8.0'
 Sample No.: SS-2, SS-3 & SS-4
 Soil Description: Brown Soil

Sulfate Standard - Calibration Curve Spectrophotometer Readings

<u>Sulfate Ion Concentrations (mg/L)</u>								
0.0	4.0	10.0	20.0	30.0	40.0	60.0	80.0	100.0
<u>Spectrophotometer Readings (FAU)</u>								
Underrange	Underrange	8	18	36	61	126	165	247

Measurement of Barium Chloride Turbidity

(Sample contains 5.0 mL NaCl solution and 0.3 g BaCl₂·2H₂O)

Sample Weight (g): 100.0
 Water added to Sample (mL): 300.0
 Size of Sample Aliquot (mL): 50.0
 Sample Reading (FAU): 15

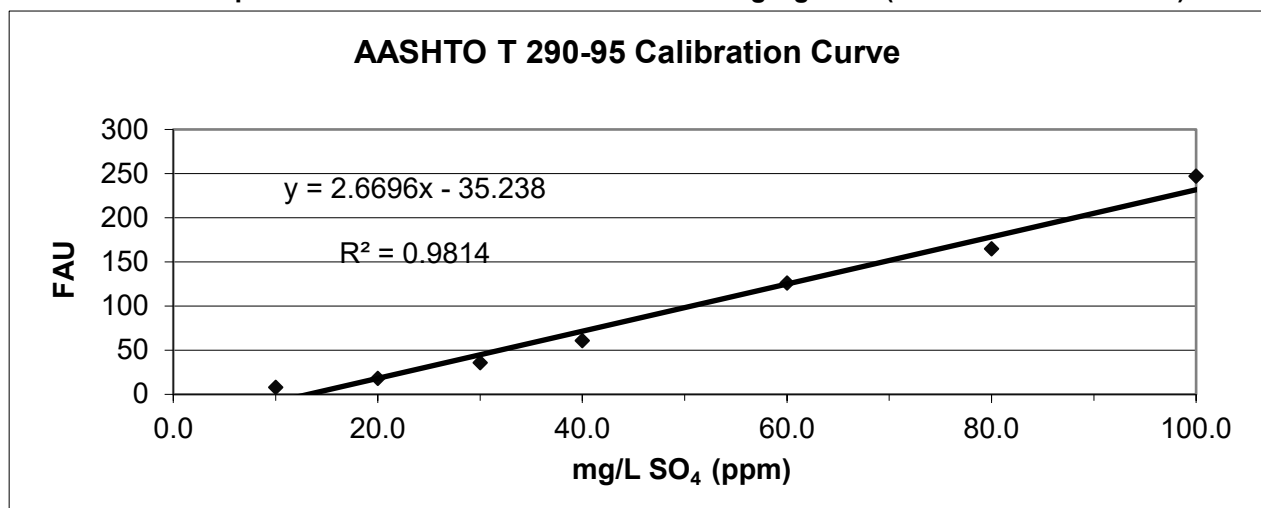
Sample Diluted: No

Sulfate Solution Added (ml): 5

Sample Moisture Content

Tare Number: 552
 Weight of Tare & Wet Sample (g): 184.88
 Weight of Tare & Dry Sample (g): 183.69
 Weight of Tare (g): 80.84
 Weight of Water (g): 1.19
 Weight of Dry Sample (g): 102.85
 Moisture Content (%): 1.16

Sample Sulfate Ion Concentration:	18.32	mg/L SO ₄ (ppm)
Sample Sulfate Ion Content:	55.0	mg/Kg SO ₄ (not corrected for moisture)
Sample Sulfate Ion Content:	55.6	mg/Kg SO ₄ (corrected for moisture)



Tested by: JAM Date: 1/13/23 Checked by: BRB Date: 1/16/2023

page 1 of 1 DCN: CT-S87 DATE: 3/5/2020 REVISION: 1



Appendix C. Laboratory Testing

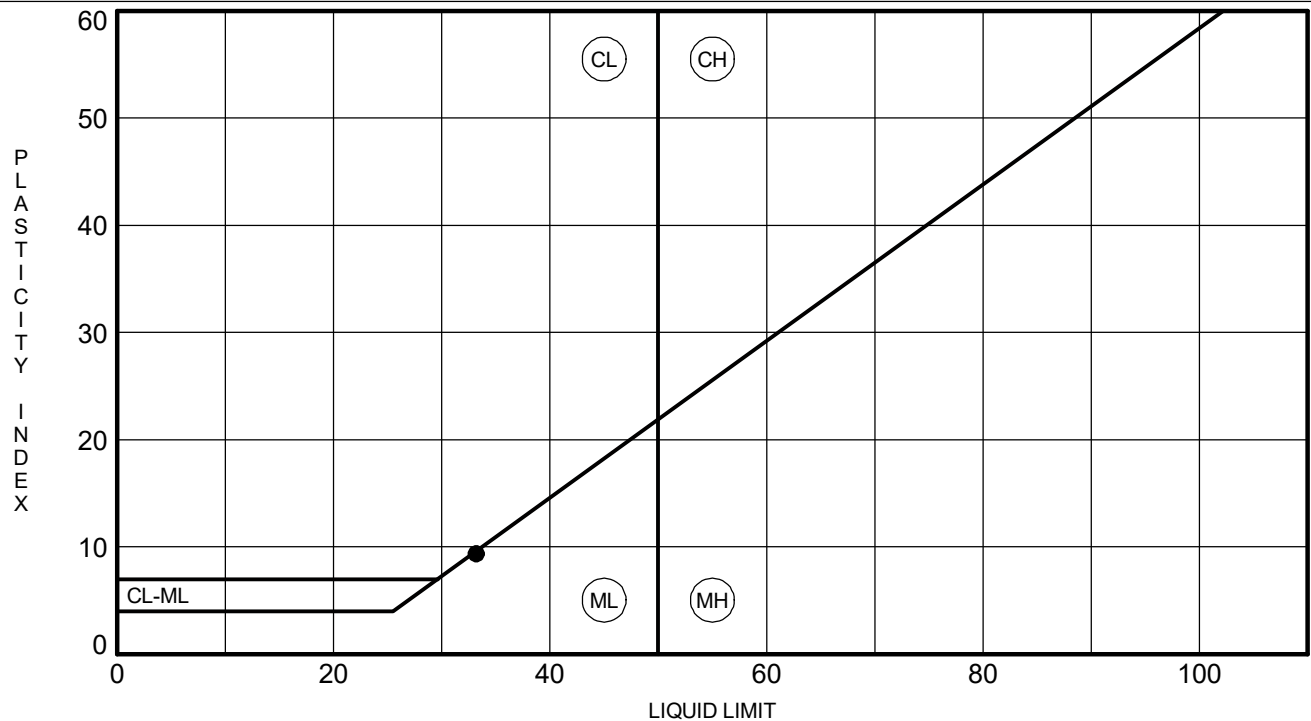
Bulk Samples



PROJECT ID P041235

PROJECT NAME SC 72 Bridge Replacement over Cox Creek

PROJECT COUNTY Union County, SC

[illegible]

ATTERBERG LIMITS G6658.001 - SC-72 RBO COX CREEK.GPJ SCDOT DATA TEMPLATE 01 30 2015.GDT 1/10/23

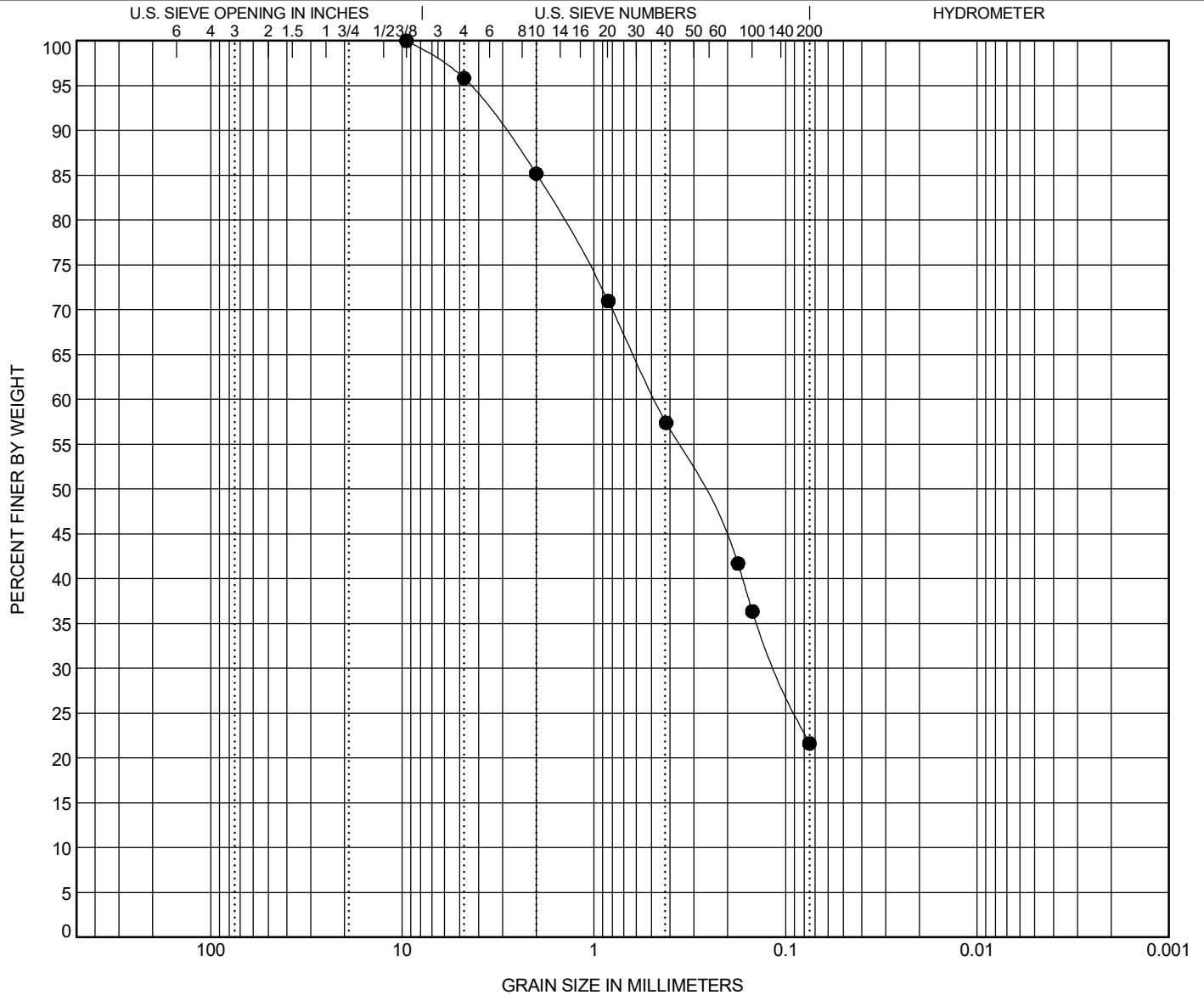


GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

PROJECT ID P041235

PROJECT NAME SC 72 Bridge Replacement over Cox Creek

PROJECT COUNTY Union County, SC



COBBLES	GRAVEL		SAND			SILT OR CLAY
	coarse	fine	coarse	medium	fine	

BOREHOLE	DEPTH	Classification					LL	PL	PI	Cc	Cu
● BS-1	5.0	SILTY SAND (SM/A-2-4)					33	24	9		
BOREHOLE	DEPTH	D100	D60	D30	D10	%Gravel	%Sand	%Silt		%Clay	
● BS-1	5.0	9.51	0.48	0.111		4.2	74.2	21.6			

F&ME CONSULTANTS, INC.

MOISTURE CONTENT DETERMINATION (AASHTO T265)

PROJECT: SC 72 RBO Cox Creek **SCDOT PROJECT ID:** P041235
SAMPLE NUMBER: 22-3266 **DATE SAMPLE RECEIVED:** 12/15/2022
DESCRIPTION OF SOIL: Silty SAND (SM/A-2-4)
TESTED BY: CM & DH **DATE SETUP:** 12/16/2022
WEIGHED BY: MD **DATE OF WEIGHING:** 12/19/2022

BORING NO.	BS-1				
SAMPLE NO.	--				
SAMPLE DEPTH (FT.)	0.0 - 5.0				
WATER CONTENT, W%	17.7				

BORING NO.					
SAMPLE NO.					
SAMPLE DEPTH (FT.)					
WATER CONTENT, W%					

BORING NO.					
SAMPLE NO.					
SAMPLE DEPTH (FT.)					
WATER CONTENT, W%					

BORING NO.					
SAMPLE NO.					
SAMPLE DEPTH (FT.)					
WATER CONTENT, W%					



This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of F&ME Consultants, Inc.
211 Business Park Blvd., Columbia, SC 29203

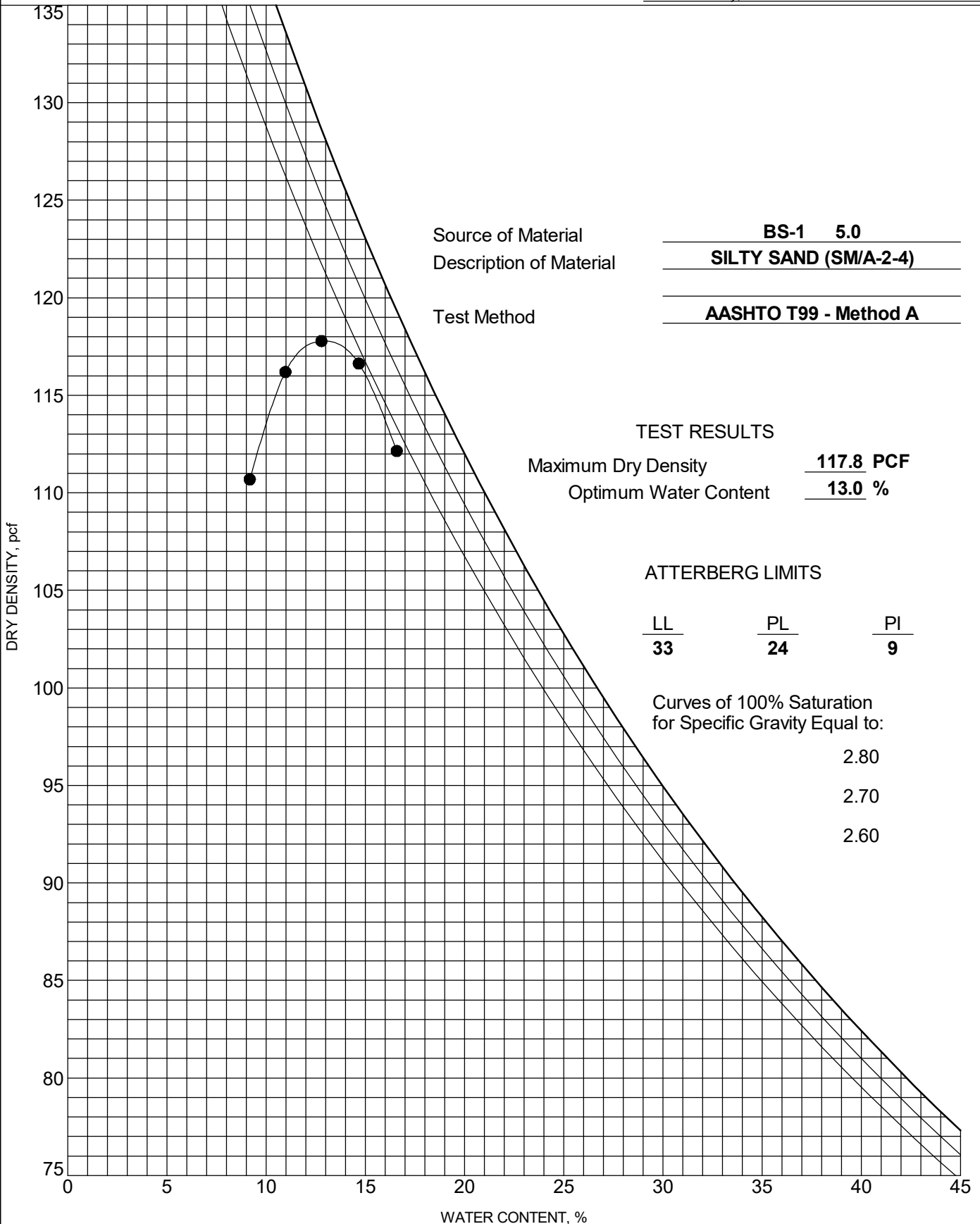


MOISTURE-DENSITY RELATIONSHIP

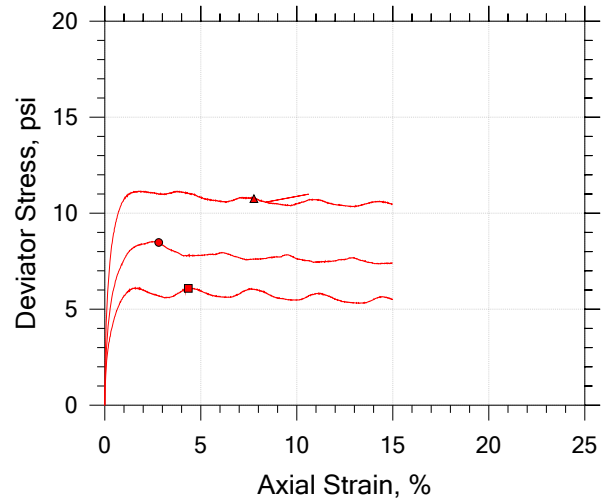
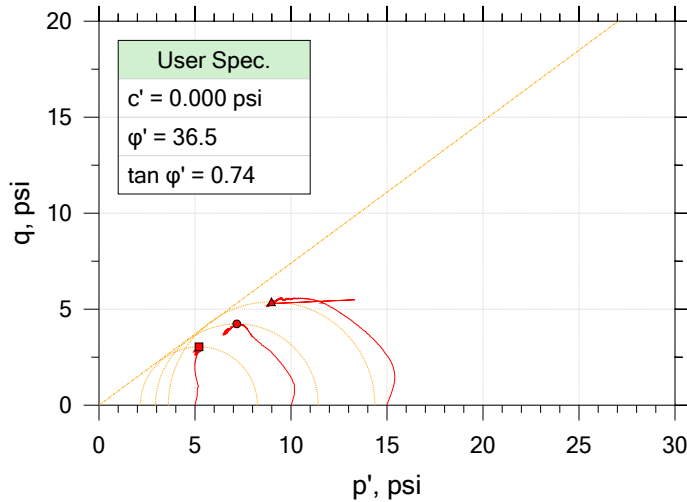
PROJECT ID P041235

PROJECT NAME SC 72 Bridge Replacement over Cox Creek

PROJECT COUNTY Union County, SC



Consolidated Undrained by AASHTO T297

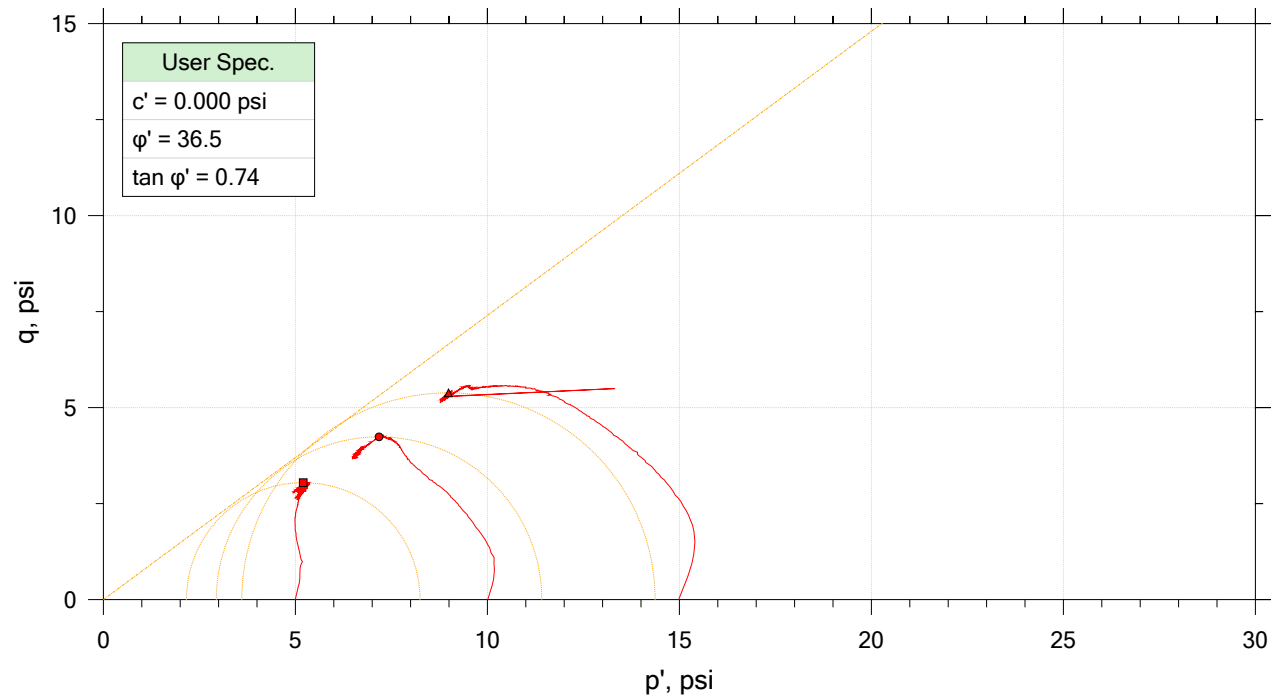
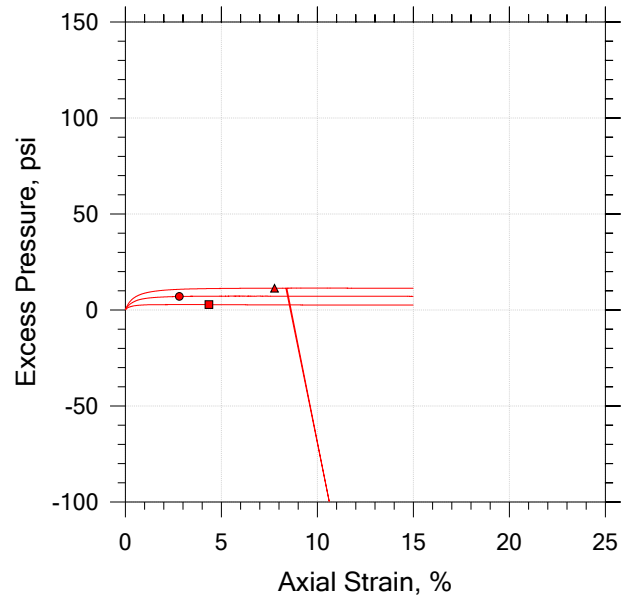
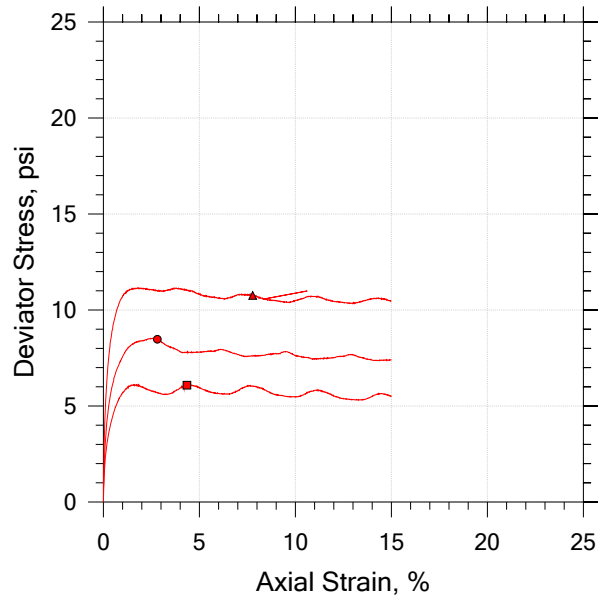


Symbol	■	●	▲	
Sample ID	22-3266	22-3266	22-3266	
Depth	0.0' - 5.0'	0.0' - 5.0'	0.0' - 5.0'	
Test Number	A	B	C	
Initial				
Height, in	6.000	6.000	6.000	
Diameter, in	2.800	2.800	2.800	
Moisture Content (from Cuttings), %	13.0	13.0	11.6	
Dry Density, pcf	112.	112.	113.	
Saturation (Wet Method), %	70.0	69.8	65.1	
Void Ratio	0.497	0.498	0.479	
Final				
Moisture Content, %	17.2	16.5	14.9	
Dry Density, pcf	115.	116.	120.	
Cross-Sectional Area (Method A), in ²	6.035	5.975	5.906	
Saturation, %	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Void Ratio	0.461	0.441	0.400	
Back Pressure, psi	83.00	101.0	101.0	
Vertical Effective Consolidation Stress, psi	4.980	9.960	14.91	
Horizontal Effective Consolidation Stress, psi	4.999	10.01	14.98	
Vertical Strain after Consolidation, %	0.2029	0.7197	1.054	
Volumetric Strain after Consolidation, %	1.832	3.407	4.603	
Time to 50% Consolidation, min	0.8000	0.6000	2.000	
Shear Strength, psi	3.044	4.238	5.382	
Strain at Failure, %	4.35	2.81	7.77	
Strain Rate, %/min	0.05000	0.05000	0.05000	
Deviator Stress at Failure, psi	6.087	8.477	10.76	
Effective Minor Principal Stress at Failure, psi	2.160	2.939	3.603	
Effective Major Principal Stress at Failure, psi	8.247	11.42	14.37	
B-Value	0.95	0.95	0.95	


Notes:
 - Before Shear Saturation set to 100% for phase calculation.
 - Moisture Content determined by ASTM D2216.
 - Atterberg Limits determined by ASTM D4318.
 - Deviator Stress includes membrane correction.
 - Values for c and ϕ determined from best-fit straight line for the specific test conditions.
 Actual strength parameters may vary and should be determined by an engineer for site conditions.

	Project Name: SC 72 RBO Cox Creek	Location: Union County	SCDOT Project ID: P041235
	Boring Number: BS-1	Tester: WAP/RMC	Checker: WAP/ WJG
	Sample Number: 22-3266	Test Date: 12/21/2022	Depth: 0.0' - 5.0'
	Test Number: ABC	Preparation: Remolded	Elevation:
	Description: Silty SAND (SM/A-2-4) LL=33, PL=24, PI=9, %200=21.6		
	Remarks: Max Dry Density=117.8 pcf, OMC=13.0%, Samples Molded at 95%		

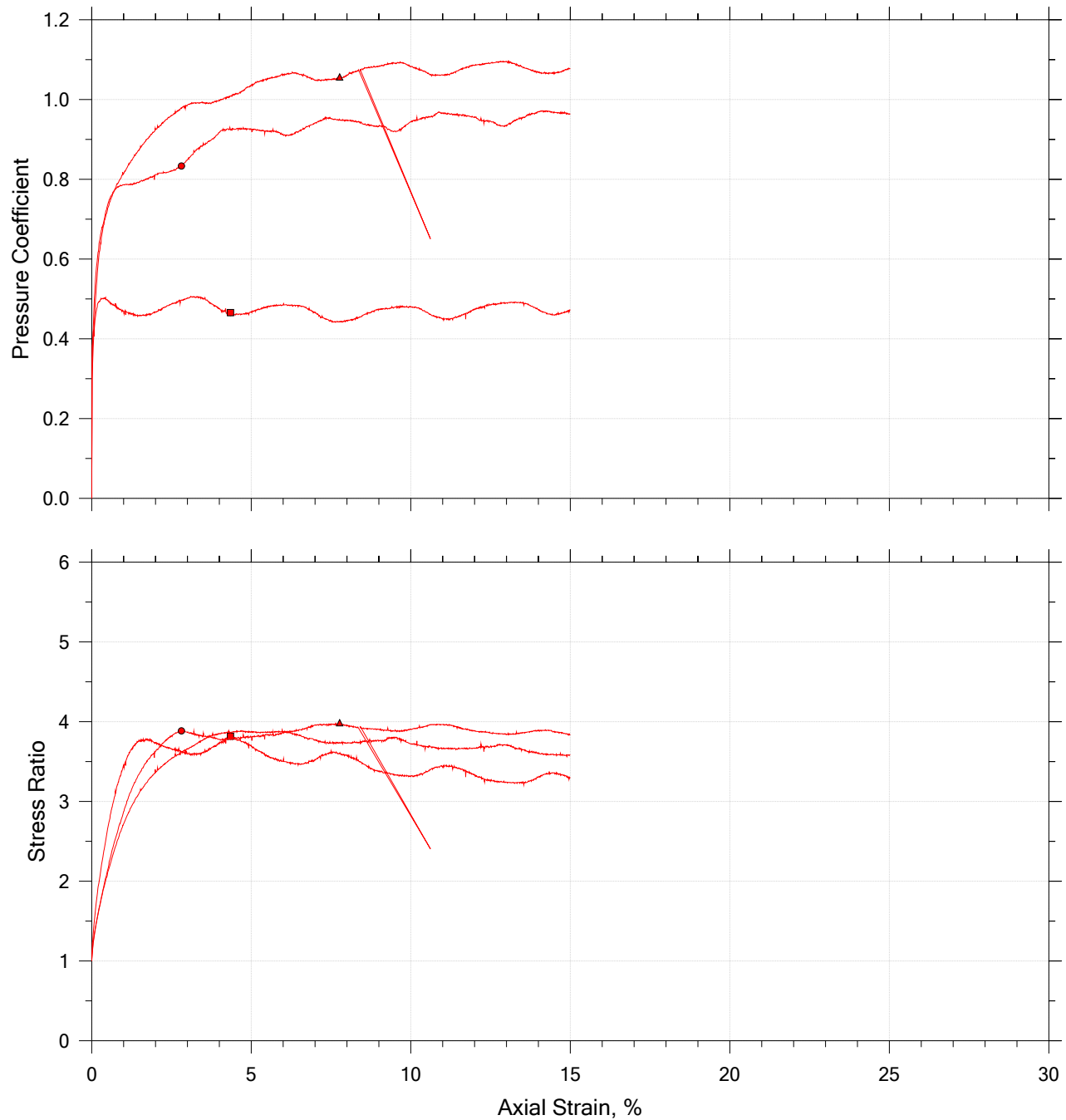
Consolidated Undrained by AASHTO T297




	Sample No.	Test No.	Depth	Tested By	Test Date	Checked By	Check Date	Test File
■	22-3266	A	0.0' - 5.0'	WAP/RMC	12/21/2022	WAP/ WJG	1/9/2022	BS-1.A.dat
●	22-3266	B	0.0' - 5.0'	RMC	12/21/2022	WAP/ WJG	1/9/2023	BS-1.B.dat
▲	22-3266	C	0.0' - 5.0'	WAP/RMC	12/21/2022	WAP/ WJG	1/9/2023	BS-1.C.dat

	Project Name: SC 72 RBO Cox Creek	Location: Union County	SCDOT Project ID: P041235
	Boring Number: BS-1	Tester: WAP/RMC	Checker: WAP/ WJG
	Sample Number: 22-3266	Test Date: 12/21/2022	Depth: 0.0' - 5.0'
	Test Number: ABC	Preparation: Remolded	Elevation:
	Description: Silty SAND (SM/A-2-4) LL=33, PL=24, PI=9, %200=21.6		
	Remarks: Max Dry Density=117.8 pcf, OMC=13.0%, Samples Molded at 95%		

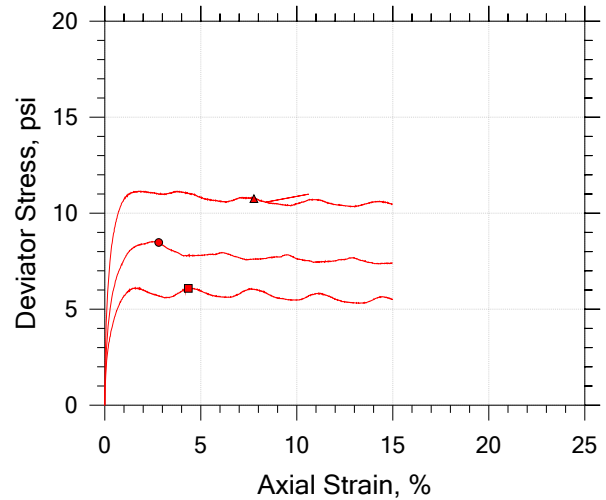
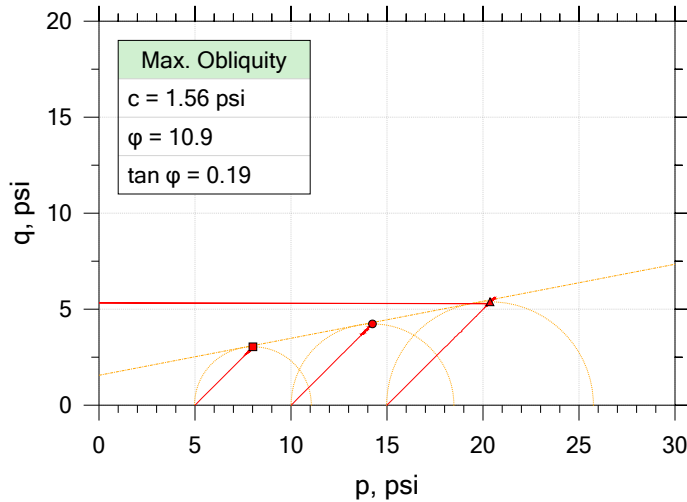
Consolidated Undrained by AASHTO T297



	Sample No.	Test No.	Depth	Tested By	Test Date	Checked By	Check Date	Test File
■	22-3266	A	0.0' - 5.0'	WAP/RMC	12/21/2022	WAP/ WJG	1/9/2022	BS-1.A.dat
●	22-3266	B	0.0' - 5.0'	RMC	12/21/2022	WAP/ WJG	1/9/2023	BS-1.B.dat
▲	22-3266	C	0.0' - 5.0'	WAP/RMC	12/21/2022	WAP/ WJG	1/9/2023	BS-1.C.dat

	Project Name: SC 72 RBO Cox Creek	Location: Union County	SCDOT Project ID: P041235
	Boring Number: BS-1	Tester: WAP/RMC	Checker: WAP/ WJG
	Sample Number: 22-3266	Test Date: 12/21/2022	Depth: 0.0' - 5.0'
	Test Number: ABC	Preparation: Remolded	Elevation:
	Description: Silty SAND (SM/A-2-4) LL=33, PL=24, PI=9, %200=21.6		
	Remarks: Max Dry Density=117.8 pcf, OMC=13.0%, Samples Molded at 95%		

Consolidated Undrained by AASHTO T297

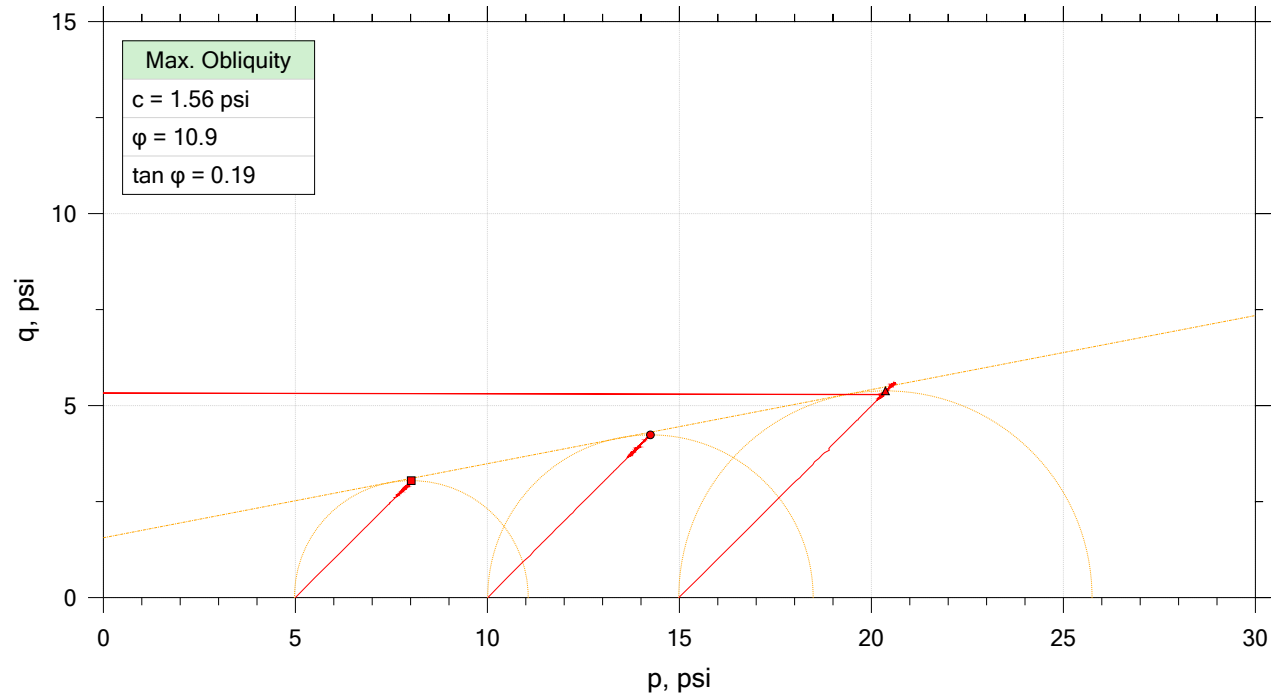
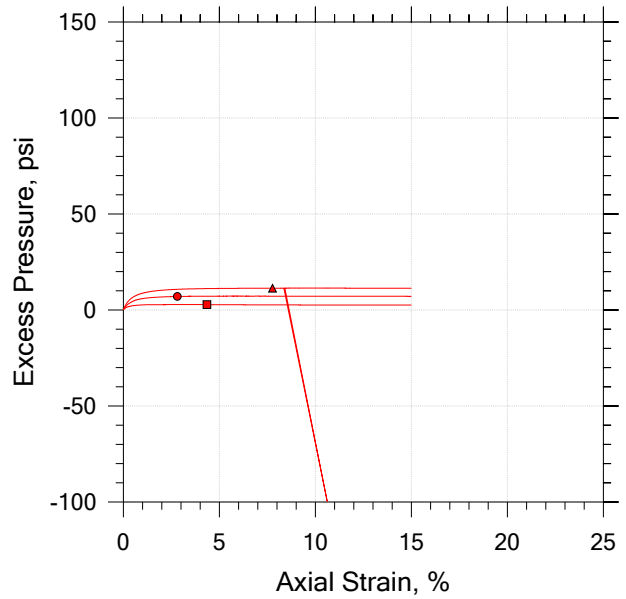
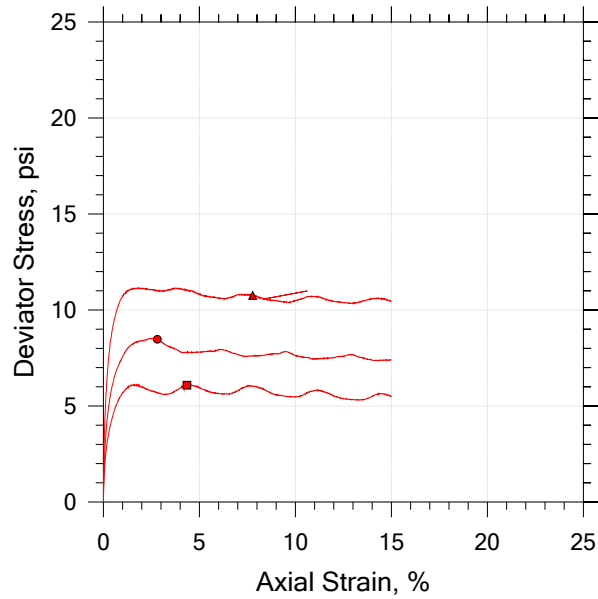


Symbol	■	●	▲	
Sample ID	22-3266	22-3266	22-3266	
Depth	0.0' - 5.0'	0.0' - 5.0'	0.0' - 5.0'	
Test Number	A	B	C	
Initial				
Height, in	6.000	6.000	6.000	
Diameter, in	2.800	2.800	2.800	
Moisture Content (from Cuttings), %	13.0	13.0	11.6	
Dry Density, pcf	112.	112.	113.	
Saturation (Wet Method), %	70.0	69.8	65.1	
Void Ratio	0.497	0.498	0.479	
Final				
Moisture Content, %	17.2	16.5	14.9	
Dry Density, pcf	115.	116.	120.	
Cross-Sectional Area (Method A), in ²	6.035	5.975	5.906	
Saturation, %	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Void Ratio	0.461	0.441	0.400	
Back Pressure, psi	83.00	101.0	101.0	
Vertical Effective Consolidation Stress, psi	4.980	9.960	14.91	
Horizontal Effective Consolidation Stress, psi	4.999	10.01	14.98	
Vertical Strain after Consolidation, %	0.2029	0.7197	1.054	
Volumetric Strain after Consolidation, %	1.832	3.407	4.603	
Time to 50% Consolidation, min	0.8000	0.6000	2.000	
Shear Strength, psi	3.044	4.238	5.382	
Strain at Failure, %	4.35	2.81	7.77	
Strain Rate, %/min	0.05000	0.05000	0.05000	
Deviator Stress at Failure, psi	6.087	8.477	10.76	
Effective Minor Principal Stress at Failure, psi	2.160	2.939	3.603	
Effective Major Principal Stress at Failure, psi	8.247	11.42	14.37	
B-Value	0.95	0.95	0.95	

Notes:
 - Before Shear Saturation set to 100% for phase calculation.
 - Moisture Content determined by ASTM D2216.
 - Atterberg Limits determined by ASTM D4318.
 - Deviator Stress includes membrane correction.
 - Values for c and ϕ determined from best-fit straight line for the specific test conditions.
 Actual strength parameters may vary and should be determined by an engineer for site conditions.

	Project Name: SC 72 RBO Cox Creek	Location: Union County	SCDOT Project ID: P041235
	Boring Number: BS-1	Tester: WAP/RMC	Checker: WAP/ WJG
	Sample Number: 22-3266	Test Date: 12/21/2022	Depth: 0.0' - 5.0'
	Test Number: ABC	Preparation: Remolded	Elevation:
	Description: Silty SAND (SM/A-2-4) LL=33, PL=24, PI=9, %200=21.6		
	Remarks: Max Dry Density=117.8 pcf, OMC=13.0%, Samples Molded at 95%		

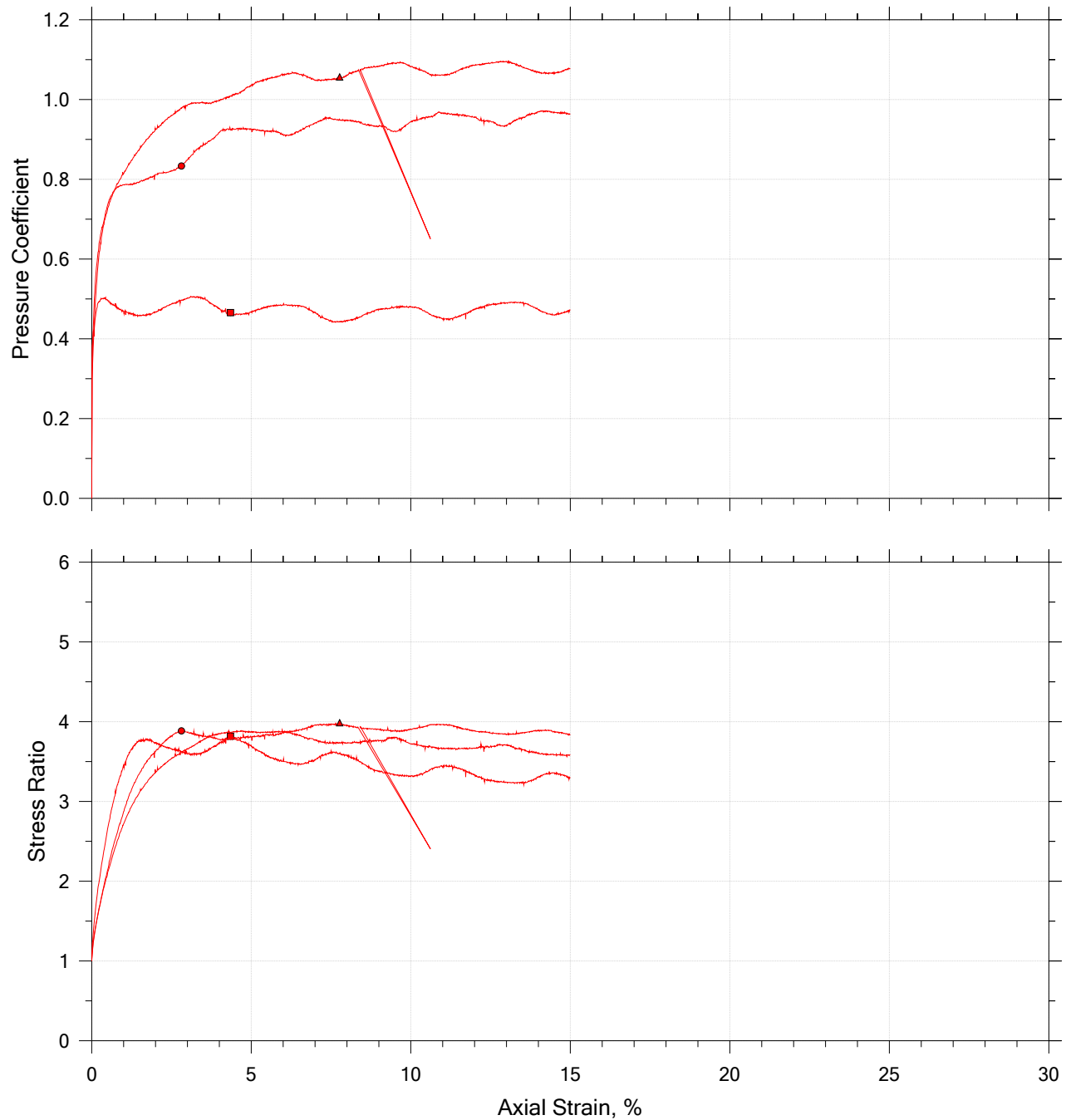
Consolidated Undrained by AASHTO T297




	Sample No.	Test No.	Depth	Tested By	Test Date	Checked By	Check Date	Test File
■	22-3266	A	0.0' - 5.0'	WAP/RMC	12/21/2022	WAP/ WJG	1/9/2022	BS-1.A.dat
●	22-3266	B	0.0' - 5.0'	RMC	12/21/2022	WAP/ WJG	1/9/2023	BS-1.B.dat
▲	22-3266	C	0.0' - 5.0'	WAP/RMC	12/21/2022	WAP/ WJG	1/9/2023	BS-1.C.dat

	Project Name: SC 72 RBO Cox Creek	Location: Union County	SCDOT Project ID: P041235
	Boring Number: BS-1	Tester: WAP/RMC	Checker: WAP/ WJG
	Sample Number: 22-3266	Test Date: 12/21/2022	Depth: 0.0' - 5.0'
	Test Number: ABC	Preparation: Remolded	Elevation:
	Description: Silty SAND (SM/A-2-4) LL=33, PL=24, PI=9, %200=21.6		
	Remarks: Max Dry Density=117.8 pcf, OMC=13.0%, Samples Molded at 95%		

Consolidated Undrained by AASHTO T297



	Sample No.	Test No.	Depth	Tested By	Test Date	Checked By	Check Date	Test File
■	22-3266	A	0.0' - 5.0'	WAP/RMC	12/21/2022	WAP/ WJG	1/9/2022	BS-1.A.dat
●	22-3266	B	0.0' - 5.0'	RMC	12/21/2022	WAP/ WJG	1/9/2023	BS-1.B.dat
▲	22-3266	C	0.0' - 5.0'	WAP/RMC	12/21/2022	WAP/ WJG	1/9/2023	BS-1.C.dat

	Project Name: SC 72 RBO Cox Creek	Location: Union County	SCDOT Project ID: P041235
	Boring Number: BS-1	Tester: WAP/RMC	Checker: WAP/ WJG
	Sample Number: 22-3266	Test Date: 12/21/2022	Depth: 0.0' - 5.0'
	Test Number: ABC	Preparation: Remolded	Elevation:
	Description: Silty SAND (SM/A-2-4) LL=33, PL=24, PI=9, %200=21.6		
	Remarks: Max Dry Density=117.8 pcf, OMC=13.0%, Samples Molded at 95%		



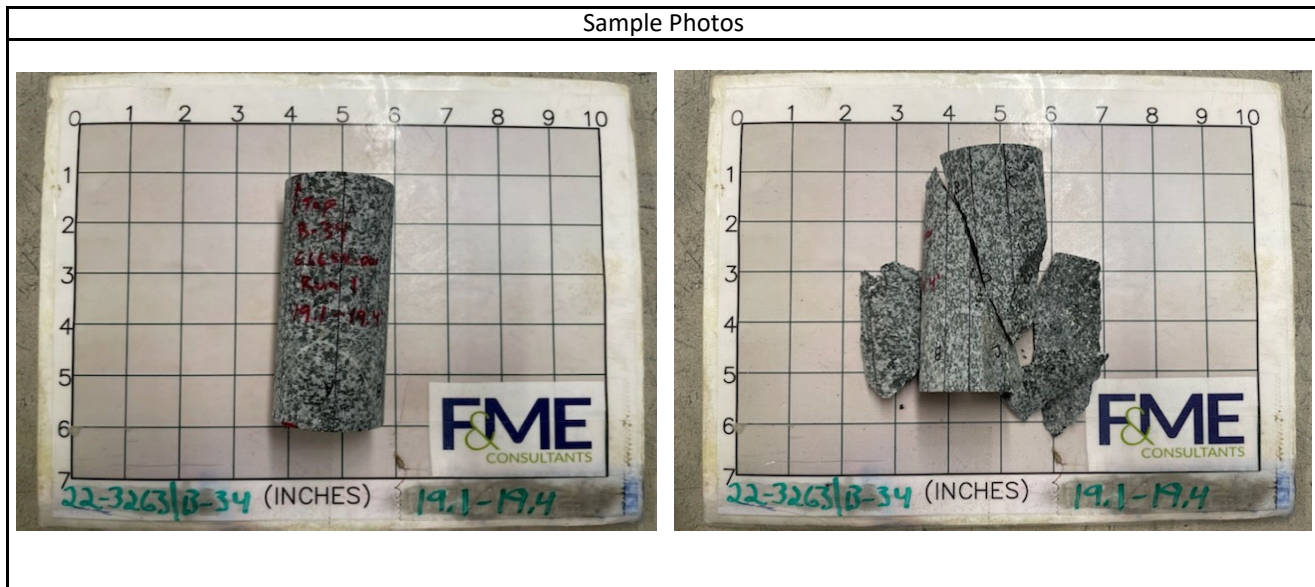
Appendix C. Laboratory Testing

Rock Cores

Compressive Strength and Elastic Moduli of Intact Rock Core Specimens
ASTM D7012 - Method D / SC-T-39

Project	SC 72 RBO Cox Creek			Date	1/13/2023
Project No.	G6658.001	Sample Diameter (in.)	1.861	Tested By	WAP
SCDOT ID	P041235	Sample Length (in.)	4.124	Reviewed By	WJG
Boring	B-34	Unit Weight (pcf)	181.1	Core Size	NQ
Sample No.	NQ-1 / 22-3263A	L/D Ratio	2.22	Recovery	95%
Depth	19.1' - 19.4'	Load Rate (psi/sec)	20	RQD	83%
Description	White/Gray/Black Granodiorite				

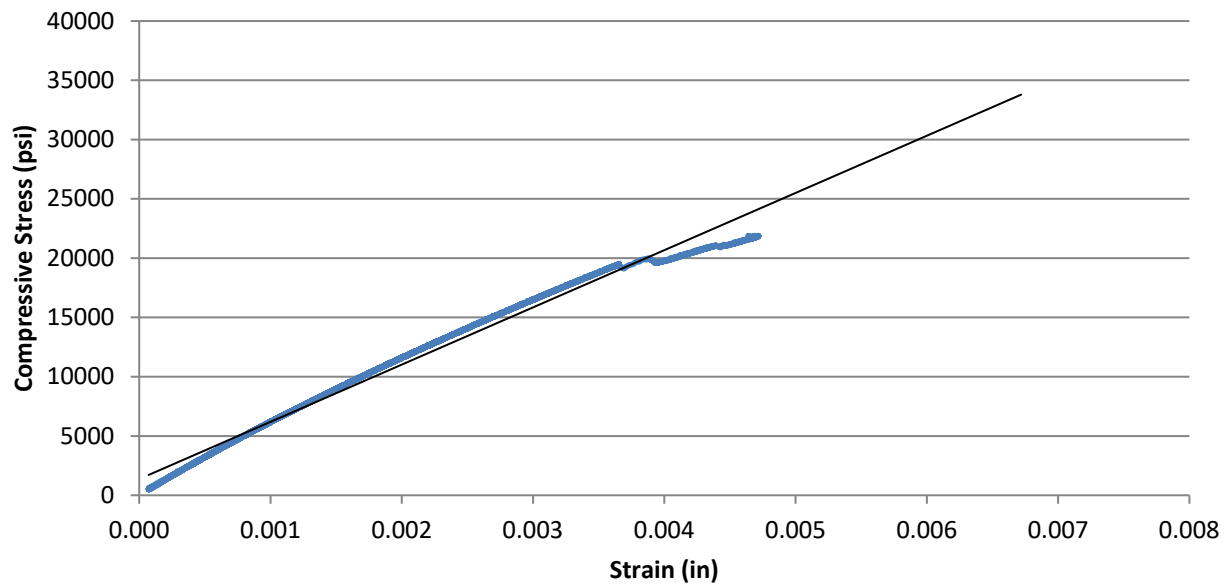
Test Data						
Percent of Failure Load	Strain (10^{-6})		Load (lbs)	Compressive Stress (psi)	Secant Modulus $\times 10^6$ (psi)	Poisson's Ratio
	Axial	Radial				
10%	-334	74	5,937	2,182	13.09	0.22
20%	-689	157	11,917	4,381	12.72	0.23
30%	-1069	246	17,877	6,572	12.30	0.23
40%	-1465	338	23,881	8,779	11.98	0.23
50%	-1866	433	29,727	10,929	11.71	0.23
60%	-2305	546	35,736	13,138	11.40	0.24
70%	-2750	670	41,664	15,317	11.14	0.24
80%	-3221	827	47,647	17,517	10.88	0.26
90%	-3786	1582	53,559	19,690	10.40	0.42
100%	-4640	2052	59,534	21,887		



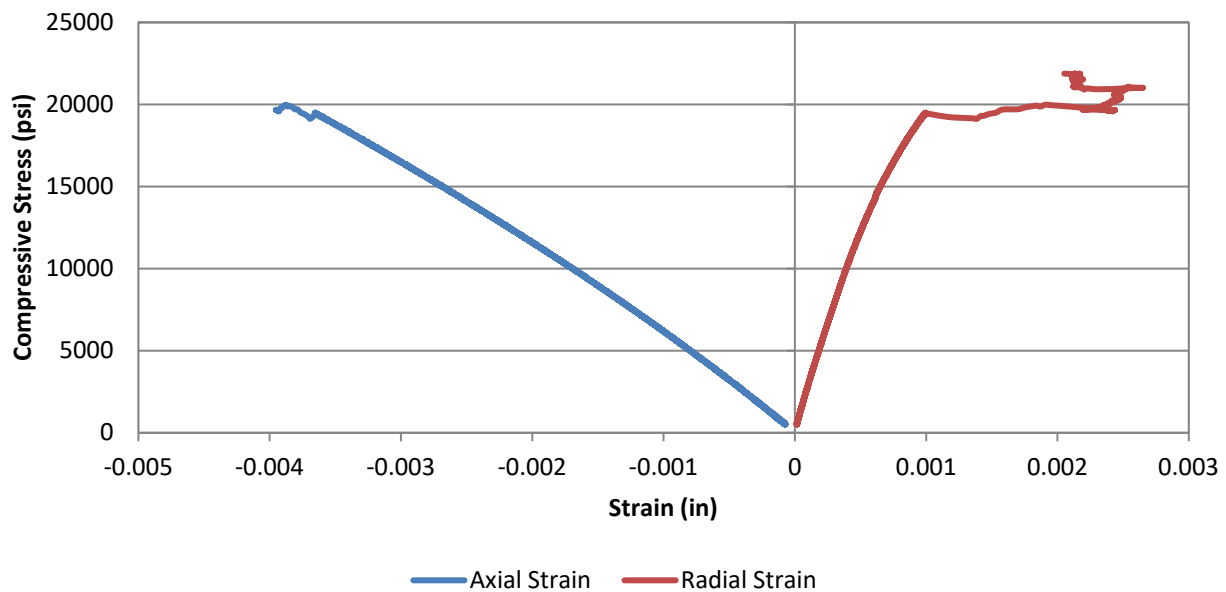
Test Results			
Unconfined Compressive Strength (psi)		21,890	Elastic Modulus (psi)
			1.17E+07
			Poisson's Ratio in Elastic Range
			0.24
Comments	Elastic range was taken as between 0.001 and 0.003 inches of axial strain. This range was chosen to avoid any non-linear behavior from the initial loading and the inflection point at the end of the elastic range.		

Project	SC 72 RBO Cox Creek			Date	1/13/2023
Project No.	G6658.001	Sample Diameter (in.)	1.861	Tested By	WAP
SCDOT ID	P041235	Sample Length (in.)	4.124	Reviewed By	WJG
Boring	B-34	Unit Weight (pcf)	181.1	Core Size	NQ
Sample No.	NQ-1 / 22-3263A	L/D Ratio	2.22	Recovery	95%
Depth	19.1' - 19.4'	Load Rate (psi/sec)	20	RQD	83%
Description	White/Gray/Black Granodiorite				

Axial Stress vs. Strain



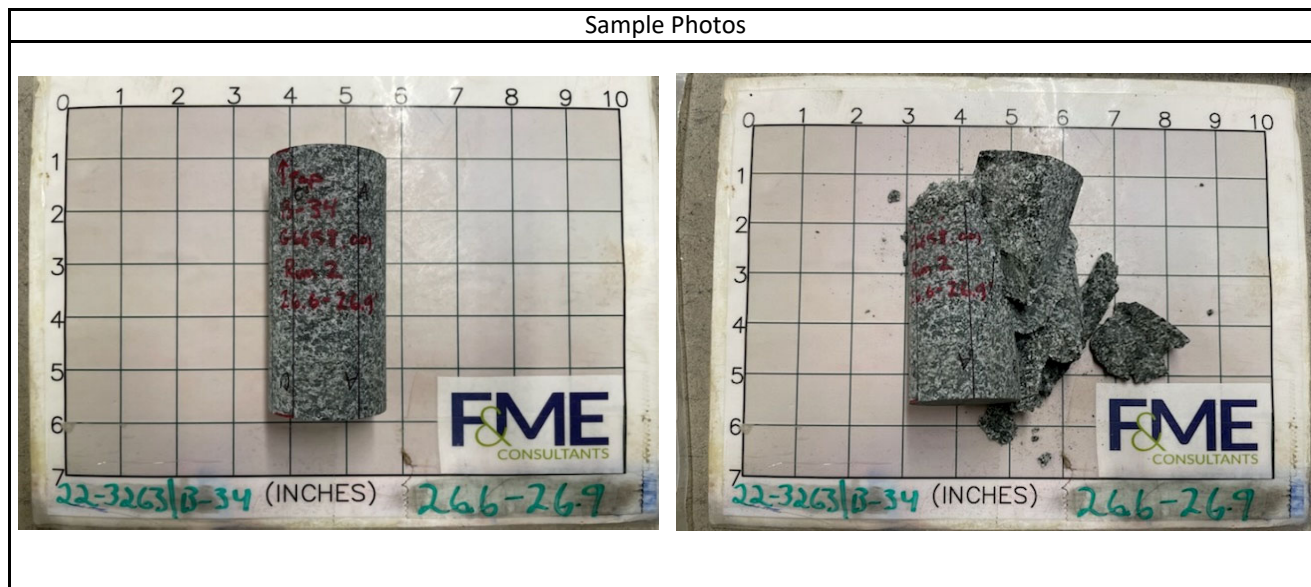
Stress vs. Strain



Compressive Strength and Elastic Moduli of Intact Rock Core Specimens
ASTM D7012 - Method D / SC-T-39

Project	SC 72 RBO Cox Creek			Date	1/13/2023
Project No.	G6658.001	Sample Diameter (in.)	1.869	Tested By	WAP
SCDOT ID	P041235	Sample Length (in.)	4.143	Reviewed By	WJG
Boring	B-34	Unit Weight (pcf)	180.9	Core Size	NQ
Sample No.	NQ-2 / 22-3263B	L/D Ratio	2.22	Recovery	95%
Depth	26.6' - 26.9'	Load Rate (psi/sec)	30	RQD	93%
Description	White/Gray/Black Granodiorite				

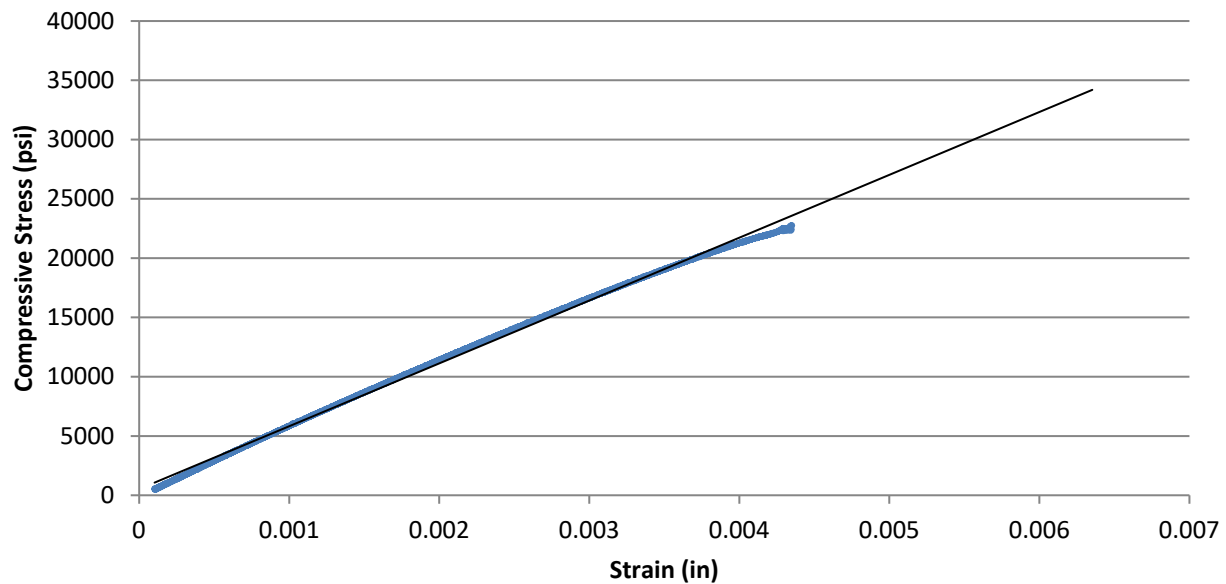
Test Data						
Percent of Failure Load	Strain (10^{-6})		Load (lbs)	Compressive Stress (psi)	Secant Modulus $\times 10^6$ (psi)	Poisson's Ratio
	Axial	Radial				
10%	-398	108	6,268	2,284	11.49	0.27
20%	-780	219	12,571	4,582	11.75	0.28
30%	-1167	336	18,735	6,829	11.71	0.29
40%	-1581	469	25,019	9,119	11.53	0.30
50%	-1996	613	31,226	11,382	11.41	0.31
60%	-2422	775	37,525	13,678	11.29	0.32
70%	-2861	966	43,721	15,936	11.14	0.34
80%	-3338	1205	50,055	18,245	10.93	0.36
90%	-3818	1495	56,225	20,494	10.74	0.39
100%	-4350	2072	62,543	22,797		



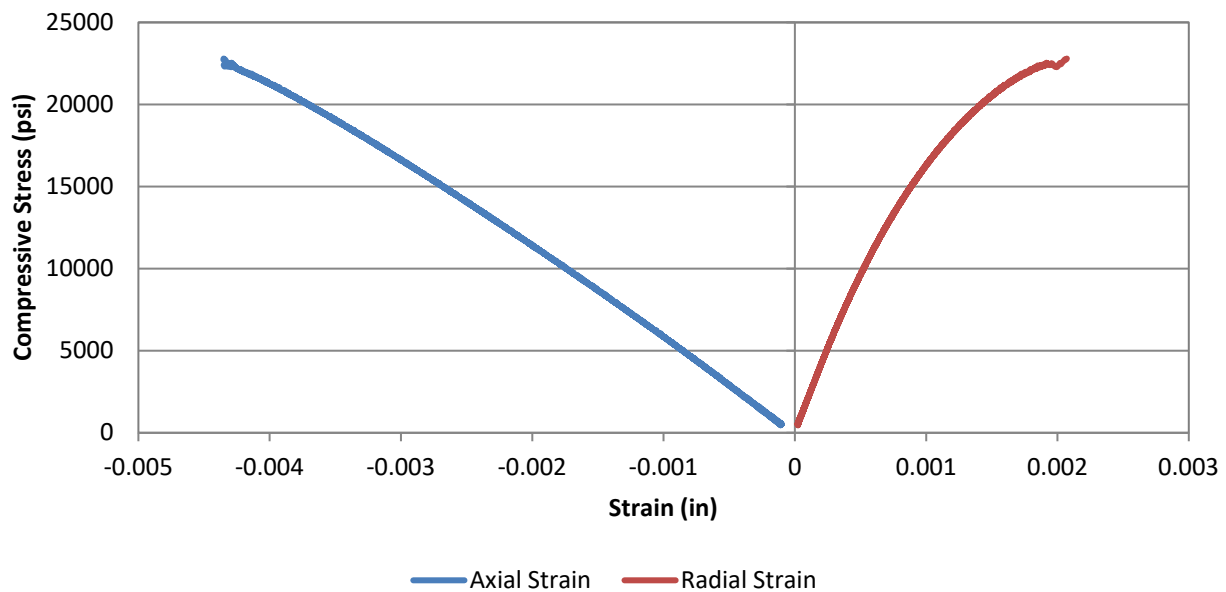
Test Results				
Unconfined Compressive Strength (psi)		22,800	Elastic Modulus (psi)	1.14E+07
			Poisson's Ratio in Elastic Range	0.31
Comments	Elastic range was taken as between 0.001 and 0.003 inches of axial strain. This range was chosen to avoid any non-linear behavior from the initial loading and the inflection point at the end of the elastic range.			

Project	SC 72 RBO Cox Creek			Date	1/13/2023
Project No.	G6658.001	Sample Diameter (in.)	1.869	Tested By	WAP
SCDOT ID	P041235	Sample Length (in.)	4.143	Reviewed By	WJG
Boring	B-34	Unit Weight (pcf)	180.9	Core Size	NQ
Sample No.	NQ-2 / 22-3263B	L/D Ratio	2.22	Recovery	95%
Depth	26.6' - 26.9'	Load Rate (psi/sec)	30	RQD	93%
Description	White/Gray/Black Granodiorite				

Axial Stress vs. Strain



Stress vs. Strain



Appendix D. SPT Hammer Energy Calibration Report

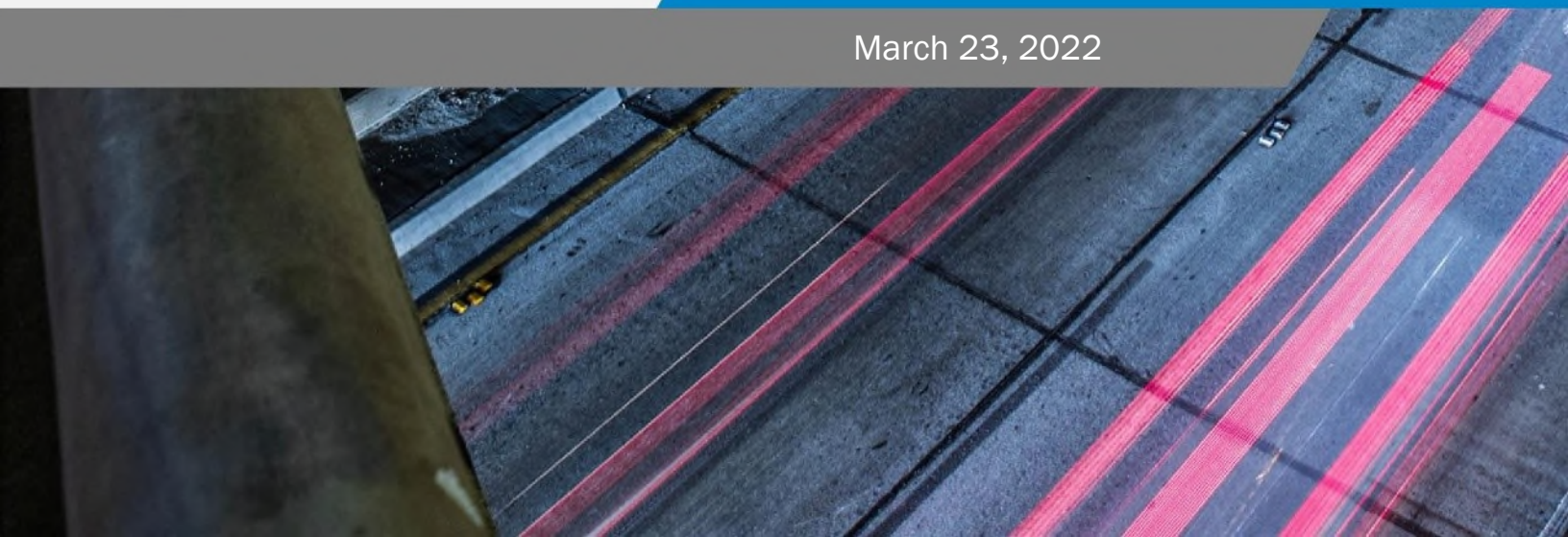


**CAROLINAS
GEOTECHNICAL
GROUP**

Report of SPT Hammer Energy

Prepared for:
Breccia Construction, LLC
620-B Industrial Way
Chester, South Carolina 29706

March 23, 2022





2400 Crownpoint Executive Drive
Suite 800
Charlotte, NC 28227



(980) 339-8684



contact@carolinasgeotech.com



www.carolinasgeotech.com

March 23, 2022

Mr. Jarod S. Ford
Breccia Construction, LLC
620-B Industrial Way
Chester, South Carolina 29706

SUBJECT: **Report of SPT Hammer Energy**
Breccia Construction, LLC CME 45B Trailer Rig (SN 303304)
Chester, South Carolina
CG2 Project No.: 240021095

Dear Mr. Ford:

Carolinas Geotechnical Group, PLLC (CG2) has completed the Standard Penetration Test (SPT) energy measurements on the automatic hammer mounted on a Breccia Construction, LLC (Breccia) CME 45B trailer-mounted drill rig with a serial number of 303304, see attached Drill Rig Photo Log. This service was performed by Mr. Robert E. Kral, PE on March 11, 2022. SPT energy testing was performed in general accordance with ASTM D4633 and the most recent revision of the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT), Geotechnical Engineering Unit's requirements. The testing procedures, equipment used during testing, and detailed results are presented in this report.

CG2 recommends Breccia submit this Report of SPT Hammer Energy to the NCDOT Geotechnical Engineering Unit for review and approval no later than April 8, 2022.

DYNAMIC TESTING METHODOLOGY

Testing was performed using a model SPT (Serial No. 4549 TB) Pile Driving Analyzer™ (PDA) manufactured by Pile Dynamics, Inc. The PDA was used to record and interpret data from two piezoresistive accelerometers (Serial Nos. K11957 and K10959) bolted to a 2-foot long AWJ drill rod (SN 528AWJ) internally instrumented with two strain transducers. The instrumented AWJ drill rod has a cross-sectional area of 1.19 square inches, an outside diameter of approximately 1.75 inches, and an inside diameter of 1.25 inches at the gauge location. The accelerometers and strain gauges, which are mounted on opposing axis near the middle of the instrumented rod, monitor acceleration and strain for each hammer blow. The analyzer converts the data to velocities and forces and computes the maximum transferred hammer energies with the "EFV" method described in ASTM D4633. Preliminary results are recorded and displayed in real-time for each blow. Calibration sheets for the PDA, accelerometers, and the instrumented rod are included in the Appendix III.

Report of SPT Hammer Energy
Chester, South Carolina
CG2 Project No.: 240021095

TESTING AND OBSERVATIONS

CG2 personnel was on site March 11, 2022 to observe and perform high-strain dynamic testing during SPT sampling on the CME 45B trailer-mounted drill rig operated by D. Harris of Breccia. The measurements were taken during drilling operations at 1817 Lowrys Highway in Chester, South Carolina (Chester County). The approximate coordinates (not professionally surveyed) for the test location are 34.770585, -81.245517. No Soil Test Boring Log was maintained. SPT energy measurements were recorded during three intervals at depths of approximately 28½, 33½, and 38½ feet below the existing ground surface. The information presented in the table below summarizes the equipment tested and tooling used during the SPT energy measurements.

Table 1: SPT Field Data

Drill Rig Information	
Manufacturer	CME
Model	45B
Serial Number	303304
Operator	D. Harris
Carrier	Trailer
Hammer Information	
Model / Type	CME / Auto
Serial Number	N/A
Anvil Height (inches)	11.5
Anvil Diameter (inches)	2.5
Drop Height (inches)	30
Ram Weight (pounds)	140
Ram Serial Number	N/A
Drilling and Instrumented Rod Information	
Drill Rod Type	AWJ
OD (inches)	1.75
ID (inches)	1.25
Cross-Sectional Area (in ²)	1.19
Typical Lengths (feet)	5
Instrumented Rod Type	AWJ (SN 528)
OD (inches)	1.75
ID (inches)	1.25
Cross-Sectional Area (in ²)	1.19
Total Instrumented Rod Length (feet)	2.00
Length Below Gages (feet)	0.70
Split-Spoon Length (feet)	2.85

Report of SPT Hammer Energy
Chester, South Carolina
CG2 Project No.: 240021095

DYNAMIC TESTING RESULTS

The total rod length from the instrumentation to the tip of the split-spoon sampler was determined by adding 3.6 feet to the required drill rod length at each sample depth. Based on the test data, the automatic hammer on the CME 45B Trailer-mounted drill rig operated at a rate of about 53.2 to 61.4 blows per minute (BPM) during dynamic testing. The measured transferred hammer energy (EFV) ranged from 273.5 to 298.0 foot-pounds, which corresponds to Energy Transfer Ratio (ETR) values of 78.2 to 85.1%, respectively.

The SPT Energy Measurement Data Summary tables in the Appendix present the test data from every hammer blow at each sampling interval along with representative force and velocity traces for each test interval. The reported blow counts, obtained by the drill rig personnel, and a summary of the test data and average computed hammer energy and transfer ratio values are provided in Table 2. Plots and tables of the following are also included in the Appendix and present the test data with depth for each test interval:

- Penetration vs. BLC
- Penetration vs. CSX
- Average ETR vs. Rod Length
- Penetration vs. FMX
- Penetration vs. VMX
- ETR vs. Rod Length
- Penetration vs. EFV
- Penetration vs. ETR

Table 2: Summary of Dynamic Testing Results

Data Set ID	Sample Depth (ft)	Drill Rod Length (ft)	Instrumentation to Sampler Tip Length (ft)	Blows per 6" Increment / N-value	Soil Sample Description (Piedmont Residual)	Avg. BPM	Avg. EFV (ft-lbs)	Avg. ETR (%)
1	28½ - 30	30	33.6	4-6-7 / 13	SA SILT	53.4	277.5	79.3
2	33½ - 35	35	38.6	3-5-6 / 11	SA SILT	58.3	291.4	83.3
3	38½ - 40	40	43.6	4-6-9 / 15	SA SILT	55.5	286.8	81.9
Overall Average						55.6	285.0	81.4

The average hammer rate, transferred energy, and transfer ratio were calculated for each depth interval. Per ASTM D4633, only the blows from the final foot of each sample interval (i.e., the blows that determine the N-value) were included when computing the average values shown in Table 2. The overall average transferred hammer energy for the automatic hammer on the CME 45B trailer-mounted drill rig (for all the depth intervals tested) was 285.0 foot-pounds, with an average ETR of 81.4%.

Report of SPT Hammer Energy
Chester, South Carolina
CG2 Project No.: 240021095

LIMITATIONS OF REPORT

This report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practice for specific application to this project. The information contained in this report were based on the applicable standards of our profession in this geographic area at the time this report was prepared. No other warranty, express or implied, is made.

CLOSING

CG2 is pleased to have the opportunity to provide these services to you. If you have questions concerning the content of this report, or if CG2 can be of further service, please contact CG2 at (980) 339-8684.

Sincerely,
Carolinas Geotechnical Group, PLLC

DocuSigned by:

386129C0A4C1462...
D. Matthew Brewer, PE
Senior Project Engineer

DocuSigned by:

8AD703B2A8484F4...
Robert E. Kral, PE
Senior Project Engineer
NC Registration No. 042642



Appendices:

- Appendix I - CME 45B Trailer Rig (SN 303304) SPT Energy Measurements Summary Plots and Tables
- Appendix II - SPT Hammer Energy Field Form (Field Log) and Drill Rig Photo Log
- Appendix III - Instrumented Rod and Accelerometer Calibration Sheets
- Appendix IV - Certificate of Proficiency



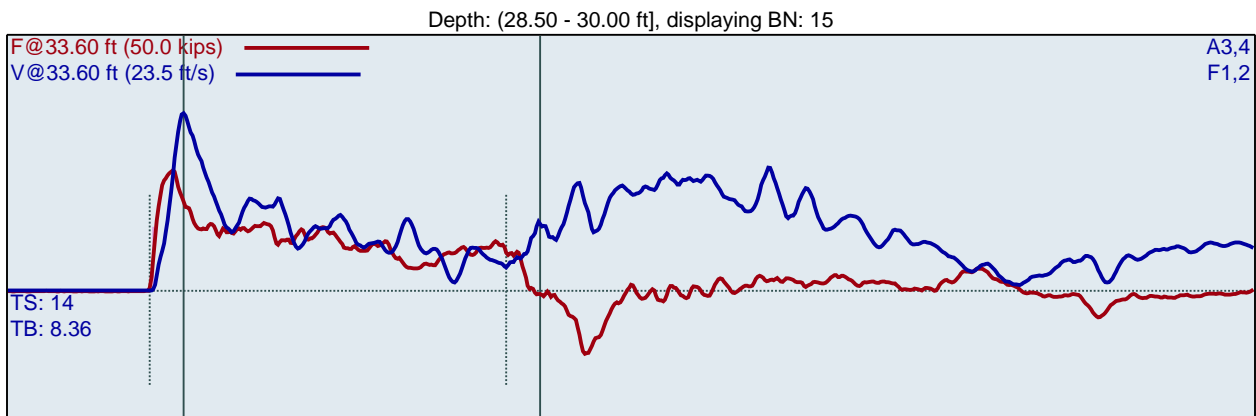
APPENDIX I

CME 45B (SN 303304)
REK
B-1

B-1
Interval start: 3/11/2022

AR: 1.19 in²
LE: 33.60 ft
WS: 16807.9 ft/s

SP: 0.492 k/ft³
EM: 30000 ksi



F1 : [528AWJ1] 205.26 PDICAL (1) FF1
F2 : [528AWJ2] 205.86 PDICAL (1) FF1

A3 (PR): [K11957] 407.045 mv/6.4v/5000g (1) VF1
A4 (PR): [K10959] 417.27 mv/6.4v/5000g (1) VF1

BPM: Blows/Minute

FMX: Maximum Force

VMX: Maximum Velocity

DMX: Maximum Displacement

CSX: Compression Stress Maximum

DFN: Final Displacement

EFV: Maximum Energy

ETR: Energy Transfer Ratio - Rated

LP	BL#	BC	BPM	FMX	VMX	DMX	CSX	DFN	EFV	ETR
ft		/6"	bpm	kips	ft/s	in	ksi	in	ft-lb	%
28.63	1	4	1.9	23.8	15.1	2.0	20.0	1.5	258.9	74.0
28.75	2	4	52.7	25.1	15.4	1.6	21.1	1.5	269.5	77.0
28.88	3	4	53.1	25.1	15.7	1.6	21.1	1.5	272.5	77.8
29.00	4	4	53.5	24.6	15.4	1.5	20.7	1.5	269.5	77.0
29.08	5	6	53.4	25.0	15.6	1.2	21.0	1.0	273.5	78.2
29.17	6	6	53.3	24.8	15.7	1.1	20.8	1.0	274.5	78.4
29.25	7	6	53.4	24.6	15.7	1.1	20.7	1.0	277.2	79.2
29.33	8	6	53.3	24.7	16.0	1.1	20.8	1.0	274.8	78.5
29.42	9	6	53.4	24.6	16.0	1.1	20.6	1.0	275.4	78.7
29.50	10	6	53.7	24.3	15.9	1.1	20.4	1.0	276.7	79.1
29.57	11	7	53.3	24.6	16.3	1.0	20.7	0.9	281.6	80.4
29.64	12	7	53.3	24.1	16.2	1.1	20.2	0.9	279.6	79.9
29.71	13	7	53.5	23.8	16.1	1.1	20.0	0.9	280.2	80.0
29.79	14	7	53.7	23.7	16.5	1.0	19.9	0.9	278.2	79.5
29.86	15	7	53.2	23.6	16.3	1.0	19.8	0.9	277.1	79.2
29.93	16	7	53.4	23.3	15.7	0.9	19.6	0.9	278.7	79.6
30.00	17	7	53.5	23.2	17.1	0.9	19.5	0.9	280.6	80.2
Average			53.4	24.2	16.1	1.1	20.3	0.9	277.5	79.3
Std Dev			0.1	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.1	2.4	0.7
Maximum			53.7	25.0	17.1	1.2	21.0	1.0	281.6	80.4
Minimum			53.2	23.2	15.6	0.9	19.5	0.9	273.5	78.2

N-value: 13

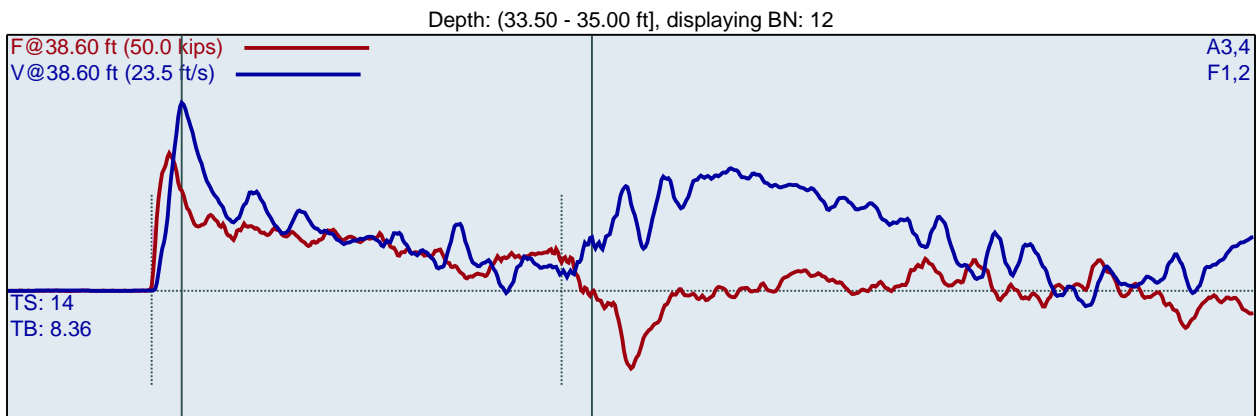
Sample Interval Time: 17.92 seconds.

CME 45B (SN 303304)
REK
B-1

B-1
Interval start: 3/11/2022

AR: 1.19 in²
LE: 38.60 ft
WS: 16807.9 ft/s

SP: 0.492 k/ft³
EM: 30000 ksi



F1 : [528AWJ1] 205.26 PDICAL (1) FF1
F2 : [528AWJ2] 205.86 PDICAL (1) FF1

A3 (PR): [K11957] 407.045 mv/6.4v/5000g (1) VF1
A4 (PR): [K10959] 417.27 mv/6.4v/5000g (1) VF1

LP ft	BL#	BC /6"	BPM bpm	FMX kips	VMX ft/s	DMX in	CSX ksi	DFN in	EFV ft-lb	ETR %
33.67	1	3	1.9	27.2	16.3	2.3	22.8	2.0	290.7	83.0
33.83	2	3	60.1	27.7	17.1	2.0	23.2	2.0	300.3	85.8
34.00	3	3	60.9	27.7	17.1	2.0	23.3	2.0	302.3	86.4
34.10	4	5	61.4	27.6	16.8	1.3	23.2	1.2	293.7	83.9
34.20	5	5	58.8	27.3	16.7	1.3	22.9	1.2	286.9	82.0
34.30	6	5	57.9	27.1	16.9	1.2	22.8	1.2	288.5	82.4
34.40	7	5	57.7	27.5	17.0	1.2	23.2	1.2	288.2	82.3
34.50	8	5	57.9	26.7	16.8	1.2	22.5	1.2	292.5	83.6
34.58	9	6	57.8	26.6	17.0	1.1	22.4	1.0	290.0	82.9
34.67	10	6	58.1	26.9	17.0	1.0	22.6	1.0	287.6	82.2
34.75	11	6	58.1	26.6	17.1	1.0	22.4	1.0	288.5	82.4
34.83	12	6	57.8	26.9	17.3	1.0	22.6	1.0	298.0	85.1
34.92	13	6	58.1	26.5	17.2	1.0	22.3	1.0	295.9	84.6
35.00	14	6	58.2	26.2	17.0	1.0	22.0	1.0	295.4	84.4
Average			58.3	26.9	17.0	1.1	22.6	1.1	291.4	83.3
Std Dev			1.0	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.1	3.7	1.1
Maximum			61.4	27.6	17.3	1.3	23.2	1.2	298.0	85.1
Minimum			57.7	26.2	16.7	1.0	22.0	1.0	286.9	82.0

N-value: 11

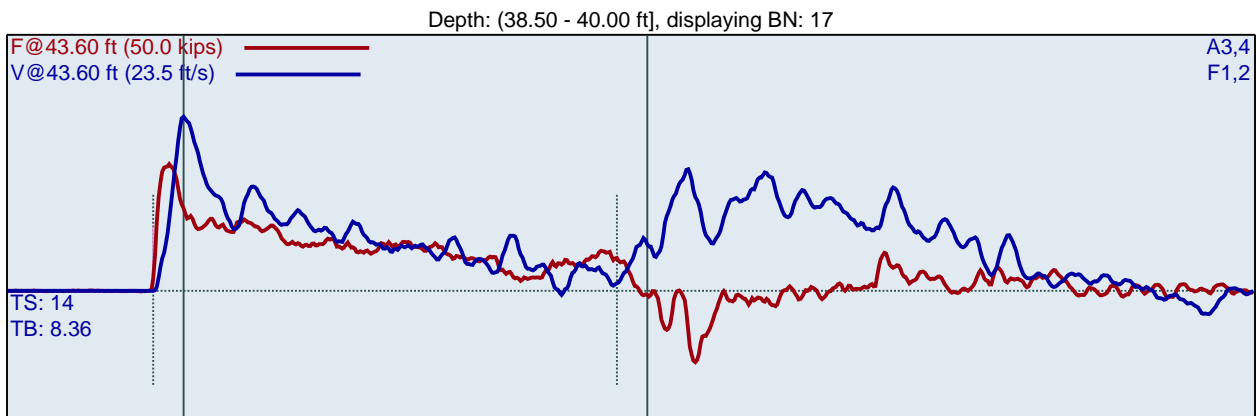
Sample Interval Time: 13.30 seconds.

CME 45B (SN 303304)
REK
B-1

B-1
Interval start: 3/11/2022

AR: 1.19 in²
LE: 43.60 ft
WS: 16807.9 ft/s

SP: 0.492 k/ft³
EM: 30000 ksi



F1 : [528AWJ1] 205.26 PDICAL (1) FF1
F2 : [528AWJ2] 205.86 PDICAL (1) FF1

A3 (PR): [K11957] 407.045 mv/6.4v/5000g (1) VF1
A4 (PR): [K10959] 417.27 mv/6.4v/5000g (1) VF1

LP ft	BL#	BC /6"	BPM bpm	FMX kips	VMX ft/s	DMX in	CSX ksi	DFN in	EFV ft-lb	ETR %
38.63	1	4	1.9	26.6	16.9	2.2	22.3	1.5	303.5	86.7
38.75	2	4	59.6	25.2	16.8	1.8	21.2	1.5	301.7	86.2
38.88	3	4	59.9	25.2	16.3	1.5	21.2	1.5	295.2	84.3
39.00	4	4	56.8	24.6	16.3	1.5	20.7	1.5	291.6	83.3
39.08	5	6	55.7	24.9	16.0	1.2	20.9	1.0	290.3	82.9
39.17	6	6	55.5	24.9	16.0	1.2	21.0	1.0	290.4	83.0
39.25	7	6	56.0	24.7	16.2	1.2	20.8	1.0	288.0	82.3
39.33	8	6	55.4	25.2	16.2	1.1	21.2	1.0	287.7	82.2
39.42	9	6	55.7	25.1	15.8	1.0	21.1	1.0	283.1	80.9
39.50	10	6	55.3	24.9	15.8	1.0	21.0	1.0	288.5	82.4
39.56	11	9	55.5	24.5	16.0	0.8	20.6	0.7	286.8	82.0
39.61	12	9	55.7	24.6	16.0	0.8	20.7	0.7	284.4	81.3
39.67	13	9	55.4	24.4	16.2	0.8	20.5	0.7	289.2	82.6
39.72	14	9	55.4	24.4	15.9	0.8	20.5	0.7	283.6	81.0
39.78	15	9	55.3	24.7	15.9	0.8	20.7	0.7	287.0	82.0
39.83	16	9	55.5	24.0	15.6	0.8	20.2	0.7	284.1	81.2
39.89	17	9	55.6	24.8	16.0	0.7	20.8	0.7	283.9	81.1
39.94	18	9	55.6	24.4	15.7	0.7	20.5	0.7	284.9	81.4
40.00	19	9	55.4	24.2	16.2	0.8	20.3	0.7	289.6	82.7
Average			55.5	24.7	16.0	0.9	20.7	0.8	286.8	81.9
Std Dev			0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	2.5	0.7
Maximum			56.0	25.2	16.2	1.2	21.2	1.0	290.4	83.0
Minimum			55.3	24.0	15.6	0.7	20.2	0.7	283.1	80.9

N-value: 15

Sample Interval Time: 19.28 seconds.

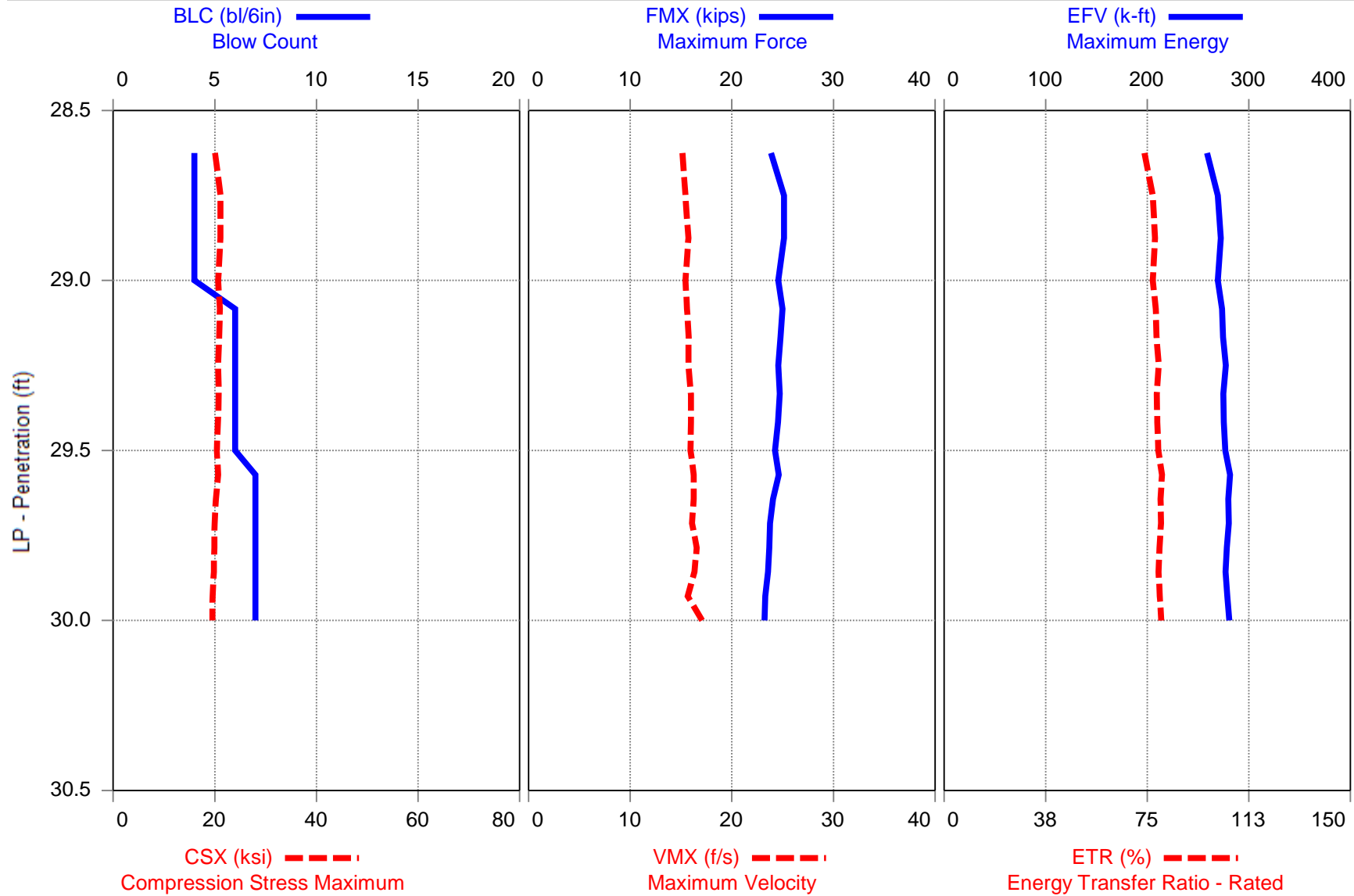
Summary of SPT Test Results

Project: CME 45B (SN 303304), Test Date: 3/11/2022

BPM: Blows/Minute						CSX: Compression Stress Maximum							
FMX: Maximum Force						DFN: Final Displacement							
VMX: Maximum Velocity						EFV: Maximum Energy							
DMX: Maximum Displacement						ETR: Energy Transfer Ratio - Rated							
Instr. Length ft	Start Depth ft	Final Depth ft	Blows Applied /6"	N Value	N60 Value	Average BPM bpm	Average FMX kips	Average VMX ft/s	Average DMX in	Average CSX ksi	Average DFN in	Average EFV ft-lb	Average ETR %
33.60	28.50	30.00	4-6-7	13	17	53.4	24.2	16.1	1.1	20.3	0.9	277.5	79.3
38.60	33.50	35.00	3-5-6	11	14	58.3	26.9	17.0	1.1	22.6	1.1	291.4	83.3
43.60	38.50	40.00	4-6-9	15	20	55.5	24.7	16.0	0.9	20.7	0.8	286.8	81.9
Overall Average Values:						55.6	25.1	16.3	1.0	21.1	0.9	285.0	81.4
Standard Deviation:						2.0	1.2	0.5	0.2	1.0	0.2	6.3	1.8
Overall Maximum Value:						61.4	27.6	17.3	1.3	23.2	1.2	298.0	85.1
Overall Minimum Value:						53.2	23.2	15.6	0.7	19.5	0.7	273.5	78.2

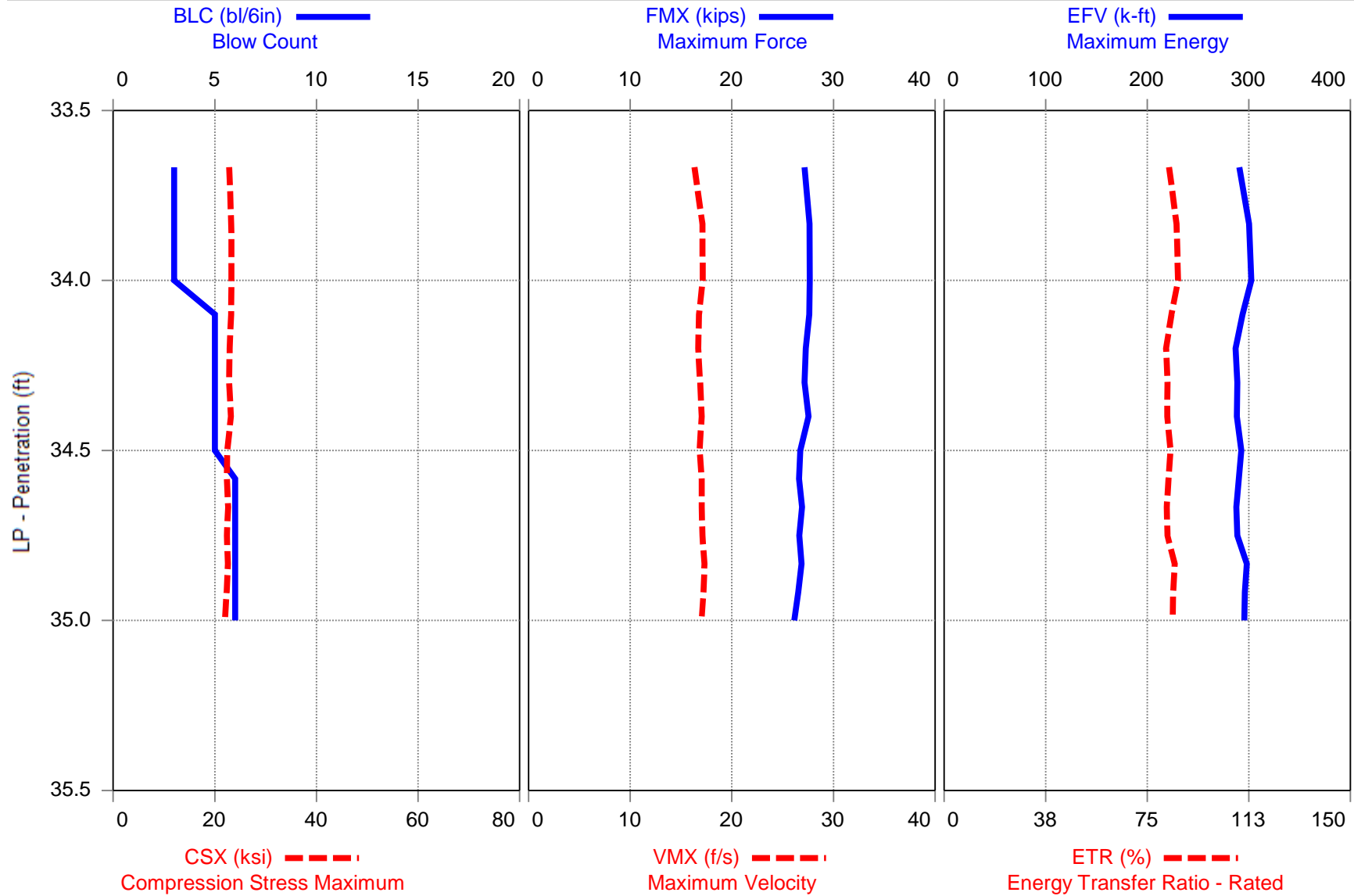


CME 45B (SN 303304) - 28.5 TO 30.0



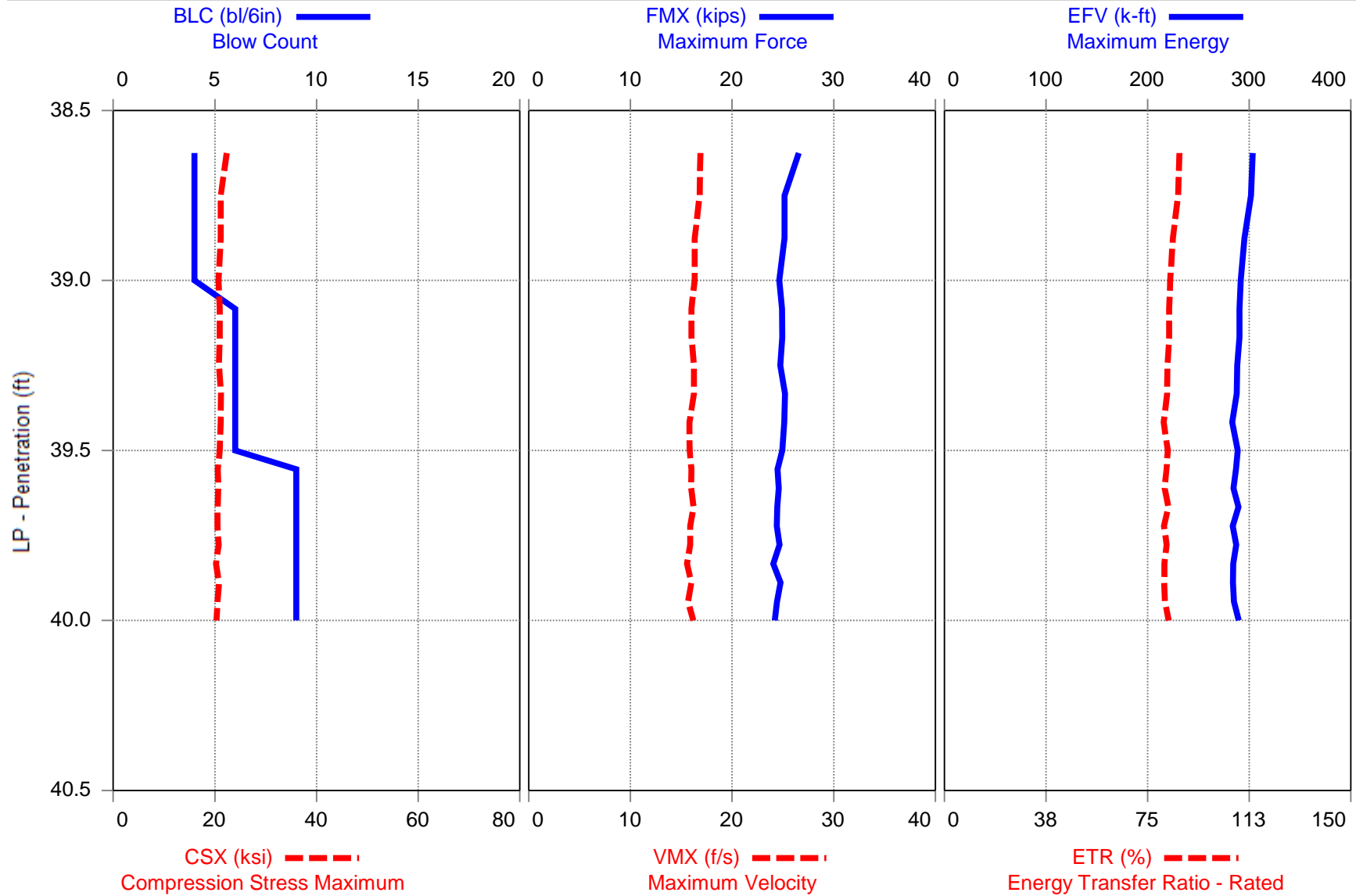


CME 45B (SN 303304) - 33.5 TO 35.0

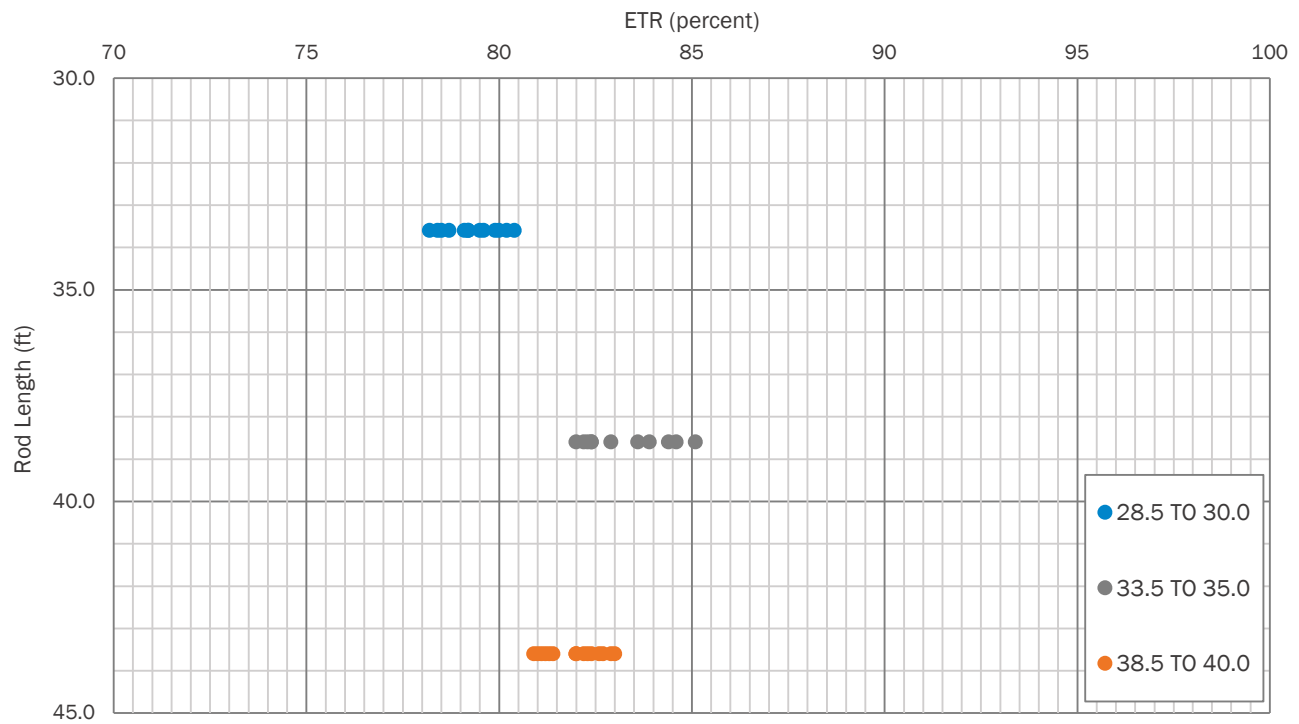




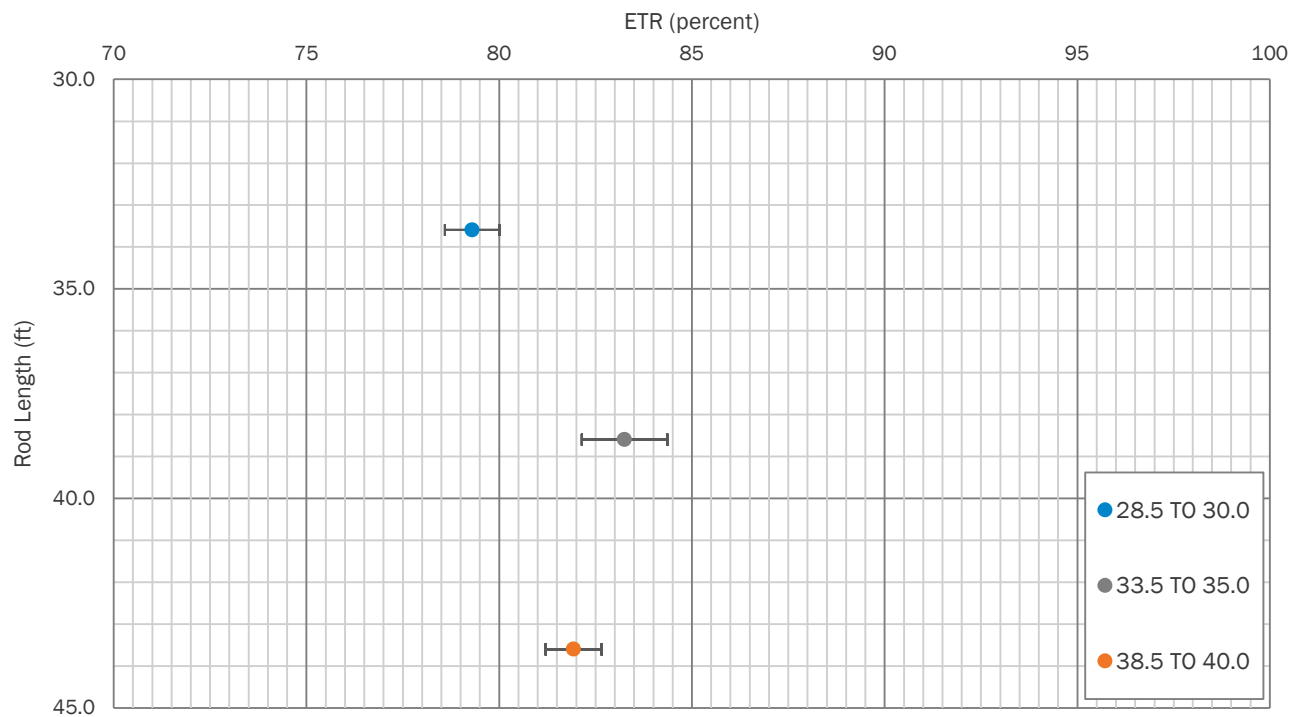
CME 45B (SN 303304) - 38.5 TO 40.0



**ETR versus Rod Length
CME 45B Trailer (SN 303304)**



**Average ETR versus Rod Length \pm 1 Standard Deviation
CME 45B Trailer (SN 303304)**





APPENDIX II

SPT Hammer Energy Field Form

Project: SPT HAMMER ENERGY
Project No.: 240021095
Boring No.: B-1

Date: 3/11/2022
Weather: 50's CLOUDY
Drill Rod Type: AWJ

On-site Personnel

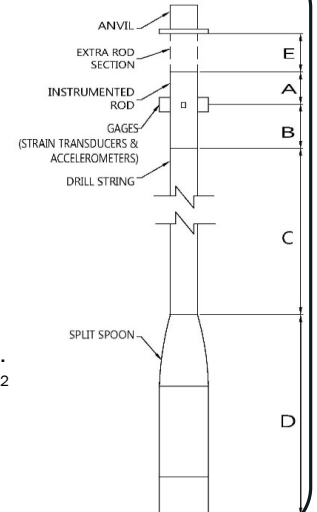
Drilling Company: BRECCIA CONSTRUCTION, LLC
 Rig Operator: D. HARRIS
 Engr/Geologist: N/A
 Client Rep.: N/A
 Analyzer Oper.: R. KRAL

Rig/Hammer Info

Drill Rig Make/Model: CME 45B
 Carrier Type: TRAILER
 Rig Serial No.: 303304 (DR-1)
 Hammer Type/Model: CME
 Hammer Serial No.: N/A
 Hammer Drop System: AUTO
 Lubrication Condition: PER MANUFACTURER
 Manufacturer Recommended
 Operation Rate (bpm): 55
 Drop Height (in.): 30
 Hammer Weight (lbs): 140
 Anvil Dimension (in.): 11.5
 Drilling Method: 2.25 HSA

Rod Info

(A + E) Impact Surface to Gages Length: 1.36 ft
(B) Instr. Rod Length below Gages: 0.70 ft
(A) + (B) Instr. Rod Length: 2.00 ft
(D) Spoon Length: 2.85 ft
(E) Rod Length Above Instr. Rod (if applicable): 0.06 ft
 Instr. Rod S/N: 528AWJ
 Instr. Rod Outside Dia.: 1.75 in.
 Instr. Rod Area: 1.19 in²
 PDA Make/Model: SPT
 PDA Serial No.: 4549 TB
 Calib. Pulse Test (y/n): Y



Gage Info

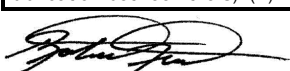
Gage		Serial No.	Calibration No.
Accel.	A3	K11957	407.00
	A4	K10959	417.30
Strain	F3	528AWJ-1	205.26
	F4	528AWJ-2	205.86

Date of Test	Test Depth Increment (ft to ft)	Test Time Start / Stop (military)	Length of Drill String (ft) (C)	(LE) Length below Gages (ft) (B) + (C) + (D)	Avg. Meas. Hammer Rate (BPM)	SPT Blow Counts				Drop Height in Tolerance (y/n)	Soil Class.
						6"	12"	18"	N-Value		
11-Mar	28.5 TO 30.0	0830/0830	30	33.6	53	4	6	7	13	Y	SA SI
11-Mar	33.5 TO 35.0	0837/0837	35	38.6	57	3	5	6	11	Y	SA SI
11-Mar	38.5 TO 40.0	0842/0843	40	43.6	56	4	6	9	15	Y	SA SI

Notes:

TESTING PERFORMED AT 1817 LOWRYS HIGHWAY IN CHESTER, SOUTH CAROLINA (CHESTER COUNTY). THE APPROXIMATE COORDINATES ARE 34.770585, - 81.245517.

NOTE: (1) Note any unusual hammer operating conditions that affect the hammer performance, or changes in operating conditions (e.g. verticality, weather, or lubrication between trials). (2) Note any changes in rod diameter along drill string and record locations of short rod sections.



Prepared By (print/signature)

3/11/2022
Date



Figure No. 1: Rear View of Drill Rig



Figure No. 2: Side View of Drill Rig



Figure No. 3: Serial Number Plate



Figure No. 4: Automatic Hammer

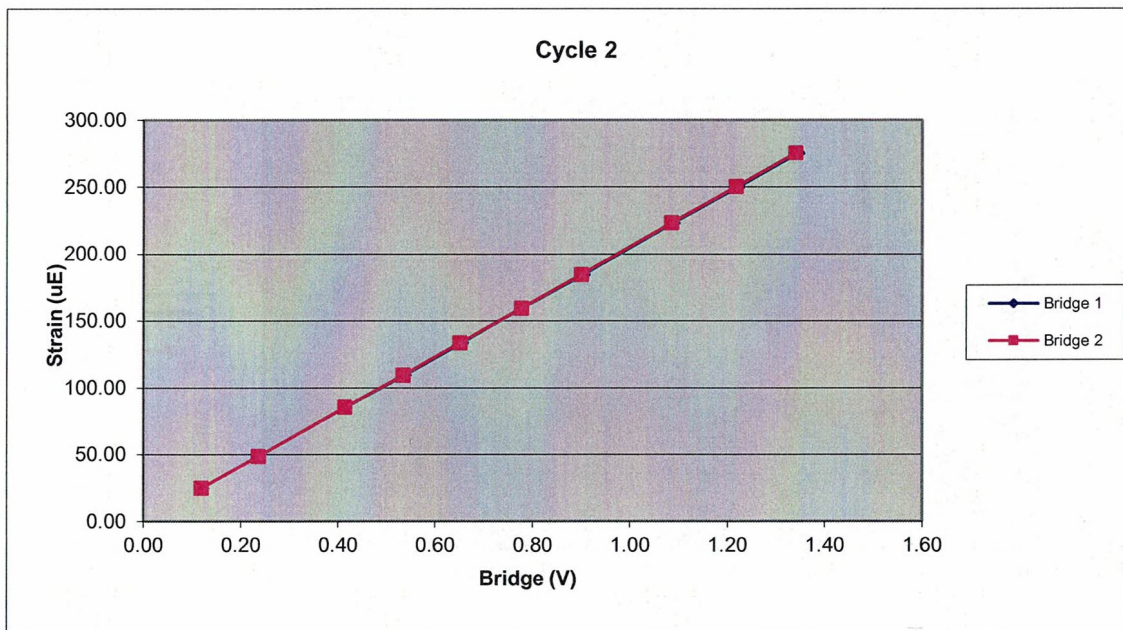


APPENDIX III

528AWJ		Cycle 2		
Sample	Force (lb)	Strain (μ E)	Bridge 1 (V)	Bridge 2 (V)
1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2	905.16	24.61	0.12	0.12
3	1753.20	48.18	0.24	0.24
4	3064.74	84.99	0.42	0.41
5	3947.87	108.99	0.54	0.53
6	4813.36	133.40	0.65	0.65
7	5727.49	159.02	0.78	0.78
8	6643.67	184.17	0.90	0.90
9	8004.82	222.89	1.09	1.09
10	8980.07	249.70	1.22	1.22
11	9885.91	275.04	1.35	1.34

Bridge 1		Bridge 2	
Force Calibration (lb/V)	7340.27	Force Calibration (lb/V)	7362.32
Offset	12.98	Offset	13.21
Correlation	1.000000	Correlation	0.999999
Strain Calibration (μ E/V)	204.74	Strain Calibration (μ E/V)	205.35
Offset	-0.39	Offset	-0.39
Correlation	0.999993	Correlation	0.999995

Force Strain Calibration	
EA (Kips)	35851.72
Offset	27.08
Correlation	0.999996



528AWJ		Cycle 1		
Sample	Force (lb)	Strain (μ E)	Bridge 1 (V)	Bridge 2 (V)
1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2	1278.49	35.63	0.17	0.17
3	2188.92	61.59	0.30	0.30
4	3085.11	86.16	0.42	0.42
5	3944.56	110.01	0.53	0.54
6	5284.17	147.69	0.72	0.72
7	6199.57	172.59	0.84	0.84
8	7071.20	197.80	0.96	0.96
9	8023.54	224.47	1.09	1.09
10	8958.62	250.45	1.22	1.22
11	9876.55	276.81	1.34	1.34

Bridge 1		Bridge 2	
Force Calibration (lb/V)	7346.16	Force Calibration (lb/V)	7359.87
Offset	9.71	Offset	6.72
Correlation	0.999998	Correlation	0.999999
Strain Calibration (μ E/V)	205.65	Strain Calibration (μ E/V)	206.03
Offset	0.08	Offset	-0.01
Correlation	0.999990	Correlation	0.999993

Force Strain Calibration	
EA (Kips)	35721.25
Offset	7.11
Correlation	0.999990



Bridge Excitation (V) 5
Shunt Resistor (ohm) 60.4k

Calibration Factors	528AWJ		
Bridge 1 ($\mu\text{E/V}$)	205.26	Bridge 2 ($\mu\text{E/V}$)	205.86
EA Factor (Kips)	35777.05	Area (in^2)	1.19

Calibrated by: 

Calibrated Date: 1/28/2021

Pile Dynamics Inc
30725 Aurora Rd
Solon, OH 44139

Traceable to N.I.S.T.

Accelerometer Calibration Certificate

Pile Dynamics, Inc.



Calibrated by Pile Dynamics, Inc.
Calibration performed on 19Apr2021

Serial No: K10959 Temperature: 21.0 °C

Model: PR Humidity: 38%

Calibrated on: Channel 3 on 8G 5161 LE

PDA CALIBRATION FACTOR

417.3 mv/5000g
(83.5 μ v/g)
R²: 0.999987 [Chip programmed]

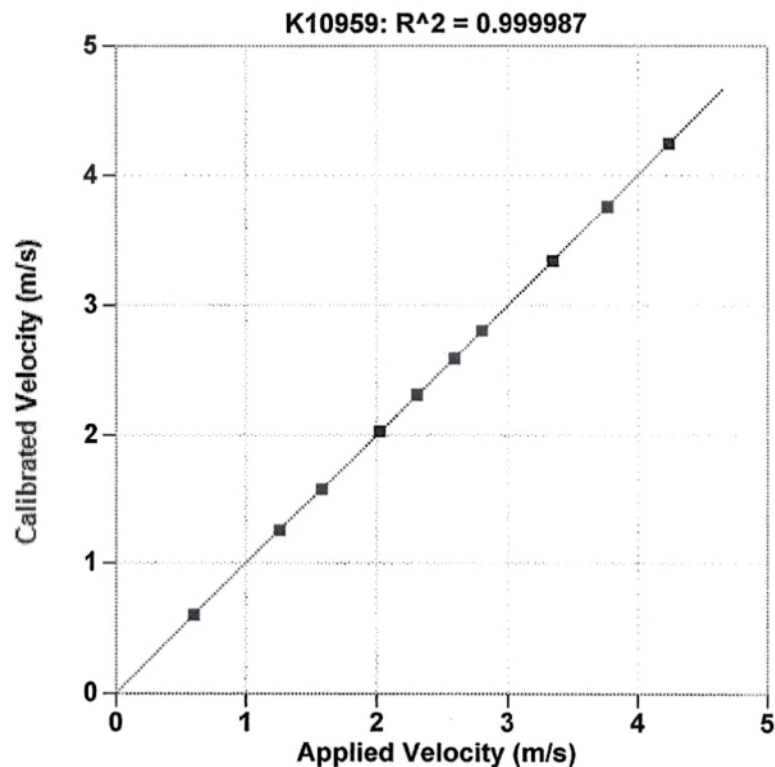
Operator: William Johnson

Ref Acc 1: 69096! Cal on: 27Jan2021
978 g's/volt

Ref Acc 2: 69132! Cal on: 09Feb2021
960 g's/volt


Signed

Reference accelerometer calibrations are traceable to
the United States National Institute of Standards and
Technology (NIST).



Reference Velocity	S/N K10959 Velocity
m/s	m/s
0.600	0.600
1.260	1.255
1.578	1.577
2.021	2.028
2.306	2.311
2.590	2.590
2.801	2.806
3.346	3.344
3.767	3.762
4.241	4.241
Maximum Acceleration: 938 g's	

Accelerometer Calibration Certificate

Pile Dynamics, Inc.



Calibrated by Pile Dynamics, Inc.
Calibration performed on 22Jan2021

Serial No: K10960 Temperature: 20.0 °C

Model: PR Humidity: 28%

Calibrated on: Channel 4 on 8G 5161 LE

PDA CALIBRATION FACTOR

425.7 mv/5000g

(85.1 μ v/g)

R²: 0.999987 [Chip programmed]

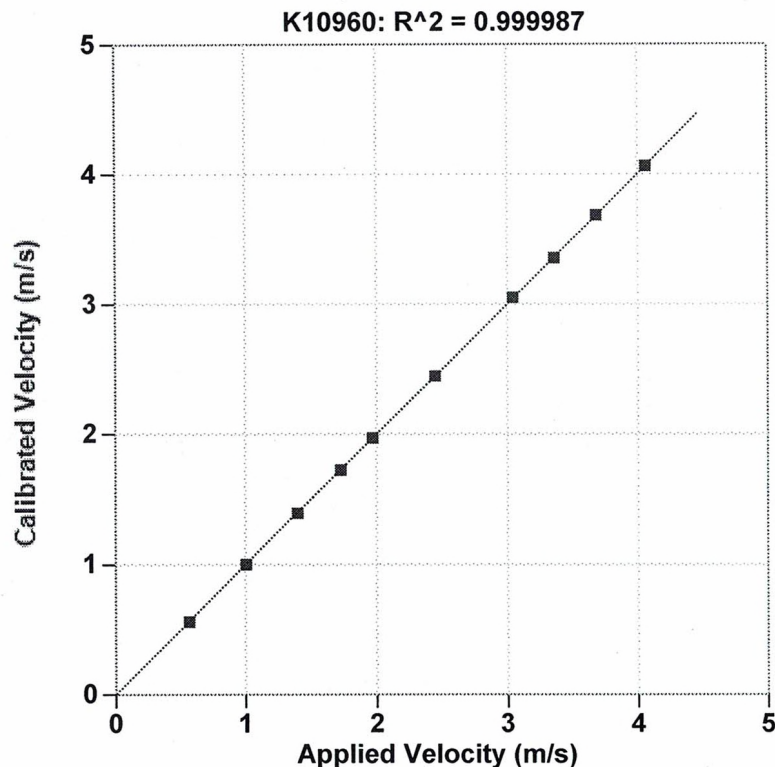
Operator: William Johnson

Ref Acc 1: 63479! Cal on: 09Sep2020
1080 g's/volt

Ref Acc 2: 65538! Cal on: 27Jan2020
1040 g's/volt


Signed

Reference accelerometer calibrations are traceable to
the United States National Institute of Standards and
Technology (NIST).



Reference Velocity	S/N K10960 Velocity
m/s	m/s
0.568	0.564
1.006	1.001
1.400	1.393
1.728	1.726
1.969	1.970
2.447	2.448
3.043	3.051
3.359	3.356
3.683	3.684
4.063	4.062

Maximum Acceleration: 889 g's

Accelerometer Calibration Certificate

Pile Dynamics, Inc.



Calibrated by Pile Dynamics, Inc.
Calibration performed on

MAR 2 2021

Serial No: K11957 Temperature: 20.0 °C

Model: PR Humidity: 27%

Calibrated on: Channel 4 on 8G 5161 LE

PDA CALIBRATION FACTOR

407.0 mv/5000g

(81.4 μ v/g)

R²: 0.999989 [Chip programmed]

Operator: William Johnson

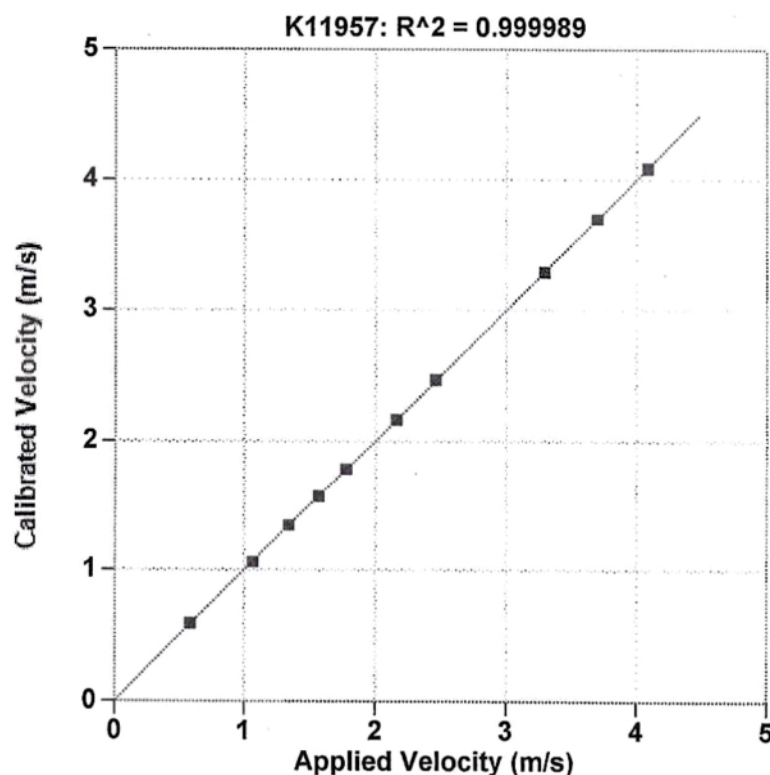
Ref Acc 1: 63479! Cal on: 22Jan2021
1079 g's/volt

Ref Acc 2: 65538! Cal on: 22Jan2021
1043 g's/volt

William Johnson

Signed

Reference accelerometer calibrations are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).



Reference Velocity	S/N K11957 Velocity
m/s	m/s
0.588	0.589
1.066	1.061
1.344	1.345
1.571	1.570
1.779	1.783
2.161	2.164
2.458	2.465
3.294	3.291
3.701	3.700
4.089	4.086
Maximum Acceleration: 894 g's	



APPENDIX IV



This documents that
Robert E. Kral
Carolinas Geotechnical Group
has on May 20, 2016 achieved the rank of
ADVANCED


on the Dynamic Measurement and Analysis Proficiency Test.

The individual identified on this document demonstrated to the degree granted above an understanding of theory, data quality evaluation, interpretation and signal matching for high strain dynamic testing of deep foundations. ***It is recommended that individuals at the Advanced level seek Master or Expert levels through additional study within six years of the date of this document.***

The ability of the individual named to provide appropriate knowledge and advice on a specific project is not implied or warranted by the Pile Driving Contractors Association or Pile Dynamics, Inc. **This certificate can be verified at www.PDAproficiencytest.com.** The Pile Driving Contractors Association or Pile Dynamics, Inc. assumes no liability for foundation testing and analysis work performed by the bearer of this certificate.


Steven A. Hall, Executive Director
Pile Driving Contractors Association




Garland Likins, Senior Partner
Pile Dynamics, Inc.

No. 2072